COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Prepared by: Finance Department Finance Director: Samantha Reynolds

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Introductory Section:	<u>Page</u>
	Letter of Transmittal Organizational Chart List of Principal Officials 2019 GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	i-viii ix x xi
	Financial Section:	
	Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-14
<u>Exhibit</u>	Basic Financial Statements - Overview	
	Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
A	Statement of Net Position	15-16
В	Statement of Activities	17-18
	Fund Financial Statements:	
C	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	19-20
D	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	21
E	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	22
F	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	23

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Exhibit	Fund Financial Statements - continued:	<u>Page</u>
	rund Financiai Statements - Continued.	
G	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
	Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Annually Budgeted	
	Major Special Revenue Fund	24
Н	Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	25
I	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in	
	Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds	26
J	Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	27-28
K	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	29
	Notes to the Financial Statements	30-88
Schedule		
	Required Supplemental Financial Data:	
A-1	Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation	
	Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability	00
	Last Four Fiscal Years	89
A-2	Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation - Schedule of	
	Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
	Last Four Fiscal Years	90
A-3	Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability	
	and Related Ratios - Last Three Fiscal Years	91
A-4	Local Government Employees' Retirement System	
	County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	
	Last Seven Fiscal Years	92
A-5	Local Government Employees' Retirement System	
	Henderson County's Contributions	
	Last Seven Fiscal Years	93

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>Schedule</u>		<u>Page</u>
	Required Supplemental Financial Data - continued:	
A-6	Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund	
	County's Proportionate Share of Net Position Liability (Asset)	
	Last Seven Fiscal Years	94
A-7	Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund	
	Henderson County's Contributions	
	Last Seven Fiscal Years	95
	Supplementary Information:	
	Major Funds:	
	General Fund:	
B-1	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	06.10
	Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	96-103
B-2	School Capital Projects Fund:	
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
	Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	104
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
C-1	Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	105
C-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
	in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	106
	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	
D-1	Combining Balance Sheet	107
D-2	Combining Statement of Devenues Expanditures and Changes	
D-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	108
	in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	108
D-3	Revaluation Reserve Fund:	
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
	in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	109

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>Schedule</u>		Page
D-4	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued): Emergency Telephone System Fund (E-911):	
DI	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
	in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	110
	iii i und Baiance - Budget and Actual	110
D-5	Public Transit Fund:	
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
	in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	111
D-6	Fire Districts Fund:	
D-0		
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	112
	in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	112
	Nonmajor Capital Project Funds:	
E-1	Combining Balance Sheet	113
E 2	Continue Statement of Browning Francisco Library and Change	
E-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	114
	in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	114
E-3	General Capital Projects Fund:	
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
	in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	115
E-4	General Capital Reserve Fund:	
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
	in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	116
E-5	HCPS-MRTS Fund:	
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change	
	in Fund Balance - Budget and Actua	117
E-6	BRCC-MRTS Fund:	
<i>L</i> 0	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change	
	in Fund Balance - Budget and Actua	118
	<u> </u>	

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Schedule		Page
	Debt Service Fund:	
F-1	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	110
	in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	119
	Enterprise Funds:	
G-1	Landfill Fund:	
	Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures -	
	Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)	120
G-2	Cane Creek Water and Sewer District Fund:	
	Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures -	
	Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)	121
G-3	Justice Academy Sewer Fund:	
	Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures -	
	Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)	122
	Agency Funds:	
H-1	Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	
		123-124
T 1	Additional Financial Data:	105
I-1	Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable - General Fund	125
I-2	Analysis of Current Tax Levy	126
1.2		127
I-3	Analysis of Current Tax Levy - County-Wide Levy	127
Table		
	Statistical Section:	
1	Net Position by Component	128
	, I	
2	Changes in Net Position	129-130
3	Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	131
Č		101
4	Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	132-133

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Table		<u>Page</u>
5	Statistical Section (continued): Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	134
6	Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	135
7	Principal Property Taxpayers	136
8	Property Tax Levies and Collections	137
9	Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type	138
10	Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	139
11	Legal Debt Margin Information	140
12	Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	141
13	Demographic and Economic Statistics	142
14	Principal Employers	143
15	Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program	144
16	Operating Indicators by Function	145
17	Capital Asset Statistics by Function	146

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



HENDERSON COUNTY

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

HISTORIC COURTHOUSE ANNEX 113 NORTH MAIN STREET HENDERSONVILLE, NC 28792

NDERSONVILLE, NC 28792 FAX: 828-697-4569

PHONE: 828-697-4821

October 30, 2020

To the Henderson County Board of Commissioners and the Citizens of Henderson County, North Carolina

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of Henderson County, North Carolina, for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 is hereby submitted. Laws of the State of North Carolina, along with policies and procedures of the North Carolina Local Government Commission, require that all local governments in the State publish a complete set of financial statements annually. The financial statements must be presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

However, responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with Henderson County. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the management of Henderson County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse and compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance, that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of the operation of the various funds of Henderson County. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the County's financial activities have been included.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of Henderson County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are free of material misstatements. The audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Based upon the audit, there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified

opinion that Henderson County's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

The County is required to undergo an annual "Single Audit" in conformity with the provisions of the Revised State Single Audit Implementation Act of 1996 and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Uniform Guidance designed to meet the needs of federal and state grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report on not only the fair presentation of the financial statements but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal and state grant awards. These reports, along with the schedule of expenditures of Federal and State awards, findings and recommendations, if any, are published in a separate compliance report.

For financial reporting purposes, in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standard Board, the County includes all funds of the primary government, as well as any component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, there is one blended component unit, the Cane Creek Water and Sewer District, and two discretely presented component units, the Henderson County Hospital Corporation and the Henderson County Tourism Development Authority, which are required to be presented in the County's combined financial statements. The water and sewer district exists to provide and maintain water and sewer systems for county residents within the district. The County's Board of Commissioners serves as the governing board for the district. The district is reported as an Enterprise Fund in the County's financial statements for fiscal year 2020. Effective July 1, 2020, the Cane Creek Water and Sewer District was transferred to the Metropolitan Sewerage District of Buncombe County by Consolidation Agreement and will not be included with Henderson County's combined financial statements going forward.

The Henderson County Hospital Corporation (the "Hospital") is a not-for-profit corporation that operates Margaret R. Pardee Memorial Hospital. The Hospital is governed by a fifteen-member Board of Trustees, at least one of which (but not more than two of which) is a County Commissioner. The Board of Commissioners directly appoints three seats to the Hospital Board with the remaining seats appointed by the Board following nominations by either the UNC Health Care System or the existing Board of Trustees. The Hospital, which has a June 30 year-end, is reported in the financial statements in a manner similar to a Proprietary Fund. The County retains title to the Hospital facilities and leases them back to the Hospital for its operations. The Hospital has title to all personal property. The County has also issued revenue bond debt on behalf of the Hospital.

The Henderson County Tourism Development Authority (the "TDA") is authorized by State statute to collect an occupancy tax of 5 percent on gross revenues from hotel/motel/bed and breakfast occupancy within the corporate limits. Net collections are remitted to the Henderson County Tourism Development Authority. The TDA, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a governmental type fund. The County is financially accountable for the TDA, which is reported as a discrete component unit separate from the financial information of the primary government. The Chairman and members of the TDA are appointed by the County Commissioners and other municipalities within the County.

The Henderson County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority is a component unit of Henderson County; however, this authority has no financial transactions or account balances and is therefore not reported in the financial statements. While not active, this authority is allowable under NC General Statute §159C-1 as a method of tax free financing.

The Henderson County Governmental Financing Corporation is also a component unit of Henderson County. The Corporation is governed by a board of directors whose three members serve for three years, or until successors are elected. The three members are appointed by the Henderson County Board of Commissioners. The Corporation has no assets or liabilities. All rights, title and interest to all financing contracts with the County have been assigned to various bank trustees. Allowable under NC General Statute §160A-20, the Corporation is utilized during installment purchase agreements, where the purchase price is secured by the items or property upon which the services are performed rather than pledging tax revenues for repayment. All financing arrangements with the County have been disclosed in the accompanying notes to the combined financial statements.

DESCRIPTION OF THE COUNTY

Henderson County was established in 1838 and is located in the western portion of North Carolina. It is one of 100 counties established in North Carolina under North Carolina General Statute 153A-10. It has land area of 375 square miles and a population of 117,417. There are five municipalities within the County, the largest being the City of Hendersonville, which serves as the county seat. The County has a commissioner/manager form of government. The five members of the Board of Commissioners are elected from districts on a partisan basis and serve staggered four-year terms. Commissioners hold policy-making and legislative authority. They are responsible for adopting the annual budget ordinance and appointing the County Manager to serve as Chief Executive Officer. The County Manager is responsible for the enforcement of laws and ordinances, preparation and administration of the annual budget, delivery of services, implementing policies, managing daily operations, and the appointment of department heads and employees.

The County provides the citizens with a wide range of services that include public safety, health and human services, environmental protection, cultural and recreational programs, community and economic development and education. This report encompasses the County's activities in maintaining these services and includes financial support to outside agencies, boards and commissions to assist their efforts in serving citizens. Among those receiving the largest support are the Henderson County Board of Public Education, Blue Ridge Community College, the Henderson County Partnership for Economic Development and the Vaya Health Managed Care Organization (MCO).

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

The County, located just south of Asheville, North Carolina, is within one hour driving time of Asheville and Greenville or Spartanburg, South Carolina. The cities of Charlotte, North Carolina and Knoxville, Tennessee are approximately two hours driving distance away. The County's current economic condition is based on several factors, including the construction and

remodeling values of new and existing homes and businesses, new and expanding manufacturing facilities, and unemployment rates.

A balanced economic base of agriculture, tourism and manufacturing contributes to growth in the local economy. There are currently 434 farms with an average farm size of 45 acres. There are over 41,000 acres of active farm and forestry land which utilizes 17 percent of the County's 375 square mile land base. The main agricultural income in the County is generated from fruit, vegetable and berry production, including apples, tomatoes, sweet corn, bell peppers, grapes, blackberries and other produce earning \$34.1 million (ranking 8th overall in NC, with apples, tomatoes and sweet corn each ranking 1st) and the Green Industry (greenhouses, nurseries, ornamentals and sod) earning \$25.3 million, ranking #3 overall in NC. The County also produces over \$7.8 million from livestock, dairy, hay, grain, forage and soybeans and \$6.5 million from other farm sources, for a total of \$73.7 million in farm production revenues. Agribusiness generates over \$600 million in additional revenue from "value added" production, processing, packing, storage, wholesaling, shipping, and other ag-related services. The total annual income from all agriculture/agribusiness industries is estimated at \$675 million and employs over 4,669 or about 10 percent of the total employment in Henderson County.

Tourism continues to be the second largest industry in North Carolina. The County's tourism industry has experienced steady growth due to its location, seasonal climate, variety of activities to experience and its encompassing marketing strategy. The tourism industry employs more than 2,500 in Henderson County which ranks 14th in travel impact among North Carolina's 100 Counties. The benefit derived from tourists visiting the County increased by 3.64 percent over the previous calendar year, which was a thirty-three-year record. The Henderson County Tourism Development Authority does an excellent job of promoting the County and surrounding areas. The County is home to the Flat Rock Playhouse - State Theater of North Carolina, the Carl Sandburg Home National Historic Site, special events, outdoor experiences, numerous camps, agri-tourism and many other attractions and cultural experiences. The most current value determined by the Economic Development Partnership of NC, VisitNC.org, of the economic impact of tourism to the County is estimated to be \$324.77 million. This provides an annual tax savings of approximately \$460 to each County resident.

HENDERSON COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA CHART OF NEW CONSTRUCTION VALUES AND UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

Fiscal Year	Permits	Dollar Value		Unemployment Rates
2020	679	\$	247,816,440	7.5
2019	707	\$	177,002,006	3.6
2018	844	\$	234,272,352	3.6
2017	542	\$	176,306,457	3.6
2016	598	\$	133,800,121	4.3
2015	626	\$	163,289,635	5.1
2014	427	\$	116,820,046	4.9

The number of permits issued in fiscal year 2020 for new residential and commercial construction decreased by 3.9 percent from the previous fiscal year. The total dollar value of those new permits increased by \$70 million or 40 percent. This increase was due to higher valued commercial projects permitted during the year. The local unemployment rate increased in fiscal year 2020 due to economic impacts from restrictions from and effects of the coronavirus, beginning Spring 2020.

The County continues to offer and provide economic incentive payments to companies based on the number of new hires and the total new taxable investment planned in an effort to attract new industry and to help existing industry to expand. The primary reasons and criteria for offering these incentives are to attract industry with higher paying jobs that have operations which will cause little or no environmental impact. The expansion of existing industry has been a primary focus and recipient of economic incentive payments provided by the Board of Commissioners.

The following table lists the major manufacturing employers in the County:

		Approximate Number of
Company Name	Product	Employees
Continental Automotive Systems	Automotive Brake Systems	650
Wilsonart International	High-Pressure Laminate Countertops	604
Meritor	Commercial Truck Axles	550
	Jacquard Weaving, Digital Printing & Cut	
Manual Wood Workers, Inc.	and Sew	500
Current, by GE	LED Light Fixtures	350
UPM Raflatac, Inc.	Pressure Sensitive Label Stock	308
Borg-Warner Thermal System	Engine Thermal Management Systems	230

MAJOR INITIATIVES

FOR THE YEAR. The Board of Commissioners adopted a balanced budget for the fiscal year with a county-wide ad valorem property tax rate of 56.1 cents per \$100 dollars of taxable valuation. This rate was decreased from the 56.5 cents per \$100 dollars from the previous fiscal year following a County-wide property revaluation. Total General Fund revenues increased by \$15.9 million or 11.21% over the previous fiscal year. Total General Fund expenditures increased by \$9.50 million or 6.8 percent over FY2019. Total General Fund Balance increased Unassigned Fund Balance, the amount available for by \$7,394,908 to \$63,349,613. appropriation in the General Fund, increased by \$3,571,280 to \$31,426,092. Governmental Funds ended the fiscal year in a positive financial position, with the exception of the COVID-19 Fund. This fund was set up to track and account for funding sources received and spent on the response and mitigation of the coronavirus during the pandemic. The deficit balance in this fund represents the portion of funds expended for which the County is seeking reimbursement. The net position of the Solid Waste Landfill Fund decreased, and the Cane Creek Water and Sewer District Fund increased in FY2020. The Solid Waste Landfill Fund's net position decreased over FY2019 primarily due to construction costs for projects completed during the year and workers' compensation claims for the fund. The net position of the Cane Creek Water and Sewer District increased primarily due developer deeded capital contributions

for sewer line projects expansion in the District during FY2020. The net position of the Justice Academy Sewer Fund decreased slightly in FY2020 due an increase in operating expenditures.

Design and construction of the new Edneyville Elementary School, which replaced the current Edneyville Elementary school, began in FY2018. The new 87,000 square foot school has an approved project budget of \$26.8 million, which was financed by the County in early FY2019. Construction reached completion during FY2020.

The design, construction and renovation of the Hendersonville High School, which will replace the current existing high school, began in FY20. The new facility has an approved project budget of \$60 million, which was financed by the County in May 2020.

Design of a new building and renovation of existing buildings is currently being designed by Clark Nexsen on the Blue Ridge Community College Campus. The current projected cost of this project is \$23 million and is expected to be financed by the County, once approved, in FY2021.

The Board's Debt Capacity Policy states that total outstanding debt may not exceed 3 percent of the total assessed property value for the fiscal year and total debt service payments may not exceed 15 percent of total General Fund expenditures. Both debt capacity measures were met for FY2020.

FOR THE FUTURE. For FY2021, the Board maintained the ad valorem tax rate of 56.1 cents per \$100 dollars of assessed valuation on taxable property. NC General Statute \$105-286 requires Counties to reappraise all real property at least once every eight years. The County conducts a reappraisal of real property every four years in order to promote a fair and equitable tax base. The latest property reappraisal was conducted in 2019, with the reappraisal becoming effective in FY2020.

Projected revenues for FY2021 were budgeted conservatively due to the unknown lasting effects of the Coronavirus pandemic. Sales tax revenues were budgeted at reduced levels from what has been received in prior years. Operating expenditures for all County departments and other outside agencies were essentially held flat or reduced. Overall funding for the public schools and the community college was decreased from FY2020. Funding for current expenses and debt service for each increased while funding for the respective Maintenance and Repair, Technology and Safety initiatives was reduced, to be re-evaluated at a later time. The Board budgeted \$13.6 million in Unassigned General Fund Balance to balance the FY2021 budget. For employees, a cost of living increase and performance pay was included in the FY2021 budget.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the County operates.

FUND BALANCE. Fund balance should always be measured based on the portion that is available for appropriation at the end of the fiscal year. The Board's Fund Balance Policy is to have at least 12 percent in General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance available for appropriation at fiscal year-end. However, for the FY2020 and FY2021 budget, the Board has made an exception to

reduce the fund balance policy to 10%. For the last several years, while fund balance appropriations have been used to balance the County's budget, actual results have not required the use of fund balance reserves. Henderson County had \$31.4 million in Unassigned General Fund Balance or 20.87 percent of total General Fund expenditures including transfers out to other funds. The Local Government Commission of the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer recommends that local governments have at least 8 percent of General Fund Expenditures in Unassigned General Fund Balance available for appropriation.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. Henderson County maintains a retiree medical plan in which the County pays 100 percent of the employee-only coverage for retirees who become eligible for benefits under Title XVIII (Medicare) or Title XIX (Medicaid) of the Social Security Act. In general, retirees must have at least 25 years of service with the County or are at least 50, but not Medicare eligible, or have a minimum of 10 years of service with the County and have a combined age and years of service total of at least 70. Retired employees meeting these criteria will be provided hospitalization in the same manner as active County employees. The County pays 100 percent of the payments for any retiree with 30 or more years of service with the County or a combined age and years of service total of at least 80. Reduced contribution rates are made by the County for retirees with a combined age and years of service that total between 70 and 79 at retirement. The County adopted procedures under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 43 and 45 for reporting and accounting for other post-employment benefits (OPEB).

OTHER INFORMATION

INDEPENDENT AUDIT. State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The firm of Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A. was selected by the government's Board of Commissioners. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit was also designed to meet the requirements of the Revised State Single Audit Implementation Act of 1996 and the related U. S. Office of Management and Budget's Circular A-133. Auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards set forth in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, were used by the auditors in conducting the engagement. The auditor's report on the general-purpose financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules are included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports on internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations can be found in the compliance section of this report.

AWARDS. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Henderson County, North Carolina, for the year ended June 30, 2019. This was the 31st consecutive year Henderson County has received this prestigious award. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. This report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and will be submitted to the GFOA for consideration thereof.

USE OF THE REPORT. The Government Finance Officers Association reports a growing awareness that the annual financial report should be management's report to its governing body, constituents, oversight bodies, resource providers, investors and creditors. We agree with this direction, and in keeping with our past practice, have made available a copy of this report to each of you, bond rating agencies, the Local Government Commission, and other financial institutions which have expressed an interest in Henderson County's financial affairs.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS. Each County department's commitment to the goals, vision, and mission of Henderson County is reflected in the services provided to the citizens. The cooperation of all County departments in carrying out the financial activities encompassed in this report is appreciated. A combined effort of Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A., the Henderson County Finance Department Staff and County Departments made preparation of this comprehensive annual financial report possible. Each has my sincere appreciation for their contributions made towards the completion of this report.

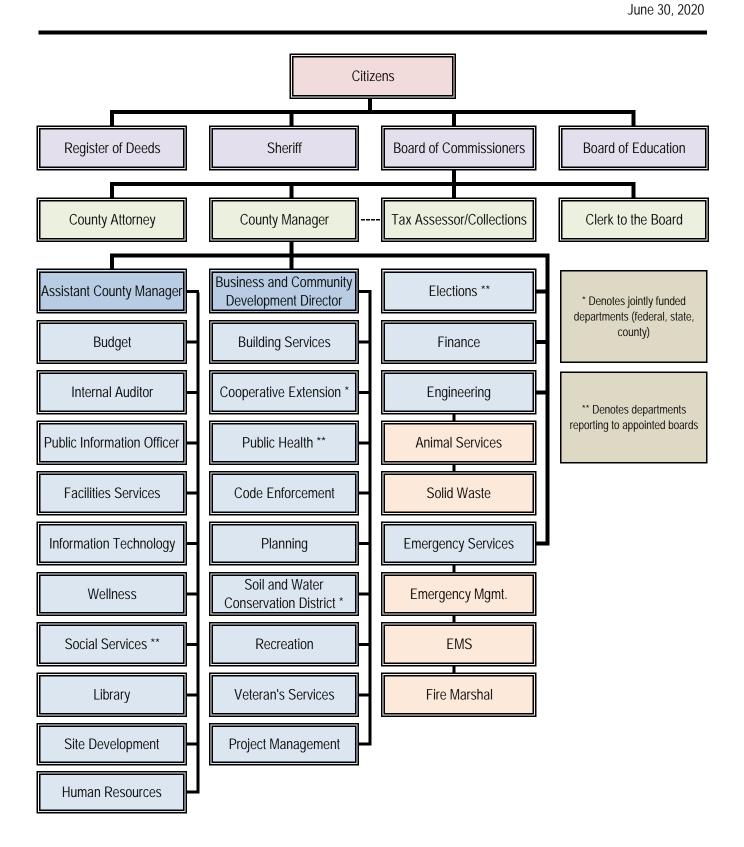
In closing, I wish to thank the Board of Commissioners for their leadership and support in positioning Henderson County as a fiscally sound, well-governed community. Without the support of the Board of Commissioners and County Management, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Sincerely,

Samantha R. Reynolds, CPA

Samautha R Ruguolds

Finance Director



List of Principal Officials

June 30, 2020

Board of Commissioners

Chairman	Grady Hawkins
	J. Michael Edney
	Rebecca McCall
	unty Officials
•	Steven D. Wyatt
• •	
	Brad Rayfield
	orJohn Mitchell
· ·	Terry Kelley
County Engineer	
•	Darlene Burgess
Elections Director	Karen Hebb
	Jimmy Brissie
EMS Manager	Michael Barnett
Facilities Services Director	Jerry Tucker
Finance Director	
	Karen Ensley
Information Technology Director	Mark Seelenbacher
Library Director	Trina Rushing
Management Assistant/Internal Auditor	
Planning	Autumn Radcliff
Property Addressing Coordinator	Sam Starr
Public Health Director	Steven E. Smith
Public Information Officer	Kathyrn Finotti
Public Transportation Planner	Janna Peterson
Purchasing Agent	
Recreation Director	
Register of Deeds	Lee King
Sheriff	Lowell S. Griffin
	Jerrie McFalls
Soil and Water Conservation District Director	Jonathan Wallin
Solid Waste & Utilities Manager	
	Michael A. Murdock
Wellness Clinic Director	Jamie Gibbs



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Henderson North Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



FINANCIAL SECTION





"A Professional Association of Certified Public Accountants and Management Consultants"

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Commissioners Henderson County Hendersonville, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Henderson County, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Henderson County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Henderson County Hospital Corporation, which represents 99.02%, 98.69%, and 98.97%, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Henderson County Hospital Corporation, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Henderson County Hospital Corporation and the Henderson County Tourism Development Authority were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based upon our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Henderson County, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the COVID-19 Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Other Post-Employment Benefits' Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System Schedules of County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset (Liability) and County Contributions, the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset and Schedule of County Contributions, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consist of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of Henderson County, North Carolina. The introductory information, combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules, are the responsibility of management and were derived from, and relate directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and the other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory information and the statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 30, 2020 on our consideration of Henderson County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Henderson County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Henderson County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A.

Martin Starnes & associates, CPas, P.a.

Hickory, North Carolina

October 30, 2020



Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2020

As management of Henderson County, we offer readers of Henderson County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Henderson County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to read the information presented here, in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the County's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

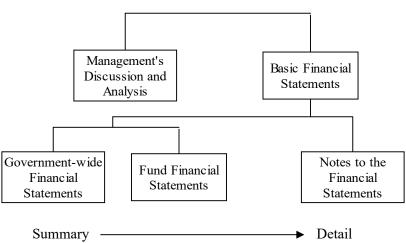
- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Henderson County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$72,042,637 (net position). In accordance with North Carolina law, liabilities of the County include approximately \$128,144,144 in long-term debt associated with assets belonging to the Henderson County Board of Public Education and Blue Ridge Community College. As these assets are not reflected in the County's financial statements and the full amount of the long-term debt is reported, the County reports a net deficit in unrestricted net position.
- The County's total net position decreased by \$7,612,997. Net position in the governmental activities decreased by \$7,339,659. This decrease was due to an increase in limited obligation bond indebtedness and an increase in spending in general government and public safety. Net position in the business-type activities decreased by \$273,338.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Henderson County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$134,856,043, an increase of \$47,441,708 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 57.3% of this total amount, or \$77,339,492, is non-spendable or restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, available fund balance for the General Fund was \$51,235,710, or 26.18%, of total General Fund expenditures. Available fund balance includes the total fund balance in the general fund, less non-spendable amounts for inventories and prepaid items and the amount calculated as Stabilization for State Stature, as described in the notes accompanying the financial statements.
- Henderson County's total limited obligation and installment note debt increased \$48,712,299 (38.0%) during the current fiscal year due to additional limited obligation and installment financing debt incurred during the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Henderson County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Henderson County.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report

Figure 1



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits A and B) in the basic financial statements are the **government-wide financial statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits C through K) are **fund financial statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the fund financial statements: 1) the governmental funds statements, 2) the budgetary comparison statements, 3) the proprietary fund statements, and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes.** The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. Following the notes is the **required supplemental information**. This section contains funding information about the County's pension and benefit plans. After the required supplemental information, **supplemental schedules** are provided to show details about the County's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole. The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the County's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the County's financial condition.

The government-wide financial statements are divided into the following three types of activities:

Governmental Activities. These activities of the County include general government, public safety, human services, economic and physical development, environmental protection, education, and cultural and recreational. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities.

Business-Type Activities. The County charges fees to recover the costs associated with providing certain services. The activities include solid waste and sewage disposal.

Component Units. The government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Henderson itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Hospital Corporation and Tourism Development Authority for which Henderson County is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units are reported separately from the financial information for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements directly follow the management's discussion and analysis of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Henderson County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Henderson County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*. This method also has a current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The County adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds. The Enterprise Fund is the only proprietary-type fund that the County utilizes. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its solid waste disposal and sewage disposal operations. These funds are the same as those shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The County has one fiduciary fund, which is an agency fund. Within the agency fund are eight individual funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements directly follow the basic financial statements of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning Henderson County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found directly following the notes of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Henderson County's Net Position Figure 2

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Assets and Deferred Outflows:						
Current and other assets	\$150,836,013	\$ 100,603,890	\$ 5,859,845	\$ 5,956,354	\$ 156,695,858	\$ 106,560,244
Restricted non-current assets	239,520	229,764	-	-	239,520	229,764
Capital assets	113,819,171	116,894,695	29,527,485	27,050,120	143,346,656	143,944,815
Total assets	264,894,704	217,728,349	35,387,330	33,006,474	300,282,034	250,734,823
Deferred outflows of resources	14,810,935	15,191,639	264,157	266,340	15,075,092	15,457,979
Total assets and deferred outflows	279,705,639	232,919,988	35,651,487	33,272,814	315,357,126	266,192,802
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows:						
Long-term liabilities	205,084,753	154,176,455	4,726,192	3,187,856	209,810,945	157,364,311
Other liabilities	29,265,304	25,731,135	3,004,046	1,885,046	32,269,350	27,616,181
Total liabilities	234,350,057	179,907,590	7,730,238	5,072,902	242,080,295	184,980,492
Deferred inflows of resources	1,179,306	1,496,463	54,888	60,213	1,234,194	1,556,676
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	235,529,363	181,404,053	7,785,126	5,133,115	243,314,489	186,537,168
Net Position:						
Net investment in						
capital assets	71,671,165	74,509,728	25,945,573	25,042,072	97,616,738	99,551,800
Restricted	19,872,490	16,355,698	-	-	19,872,490	16,355,698
Unrestricted	(47,367,379)	(39,349,491)	1,920,788	3,097,627	(45,446,591)	(36,251,864)
Total net position	\$ 44,176,276	\$ 51,515,935	\$27,866,361	\$28,139,699	\$ 72,042,637	\$ 79,655,634

As noted earlier, net position may serve, over time, as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Henderson County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$72,042,637, as of June 30, 2020. The County's net position decreased by \$7,612,997 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Net position of the County is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets of \$97,616,738, restricted net position of \$19,872,490, and unrestricted net position of (\$45,446,591).

The net investment in capital assets category is defined as the County's investment in County-owned capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, automotive equipment, and office and other equipment); less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other resources since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net position consists of restrictions for Register of Deeds, Register of Deeds' pension plan, stabilization for state statute, emergency telephone, human services, public safety, public transit, and cultural and recreational.

As with many counties in the State of North Carolina, the County's deficit in unrestricted net position is due primarily to the portion of the County's outstanding debt incurred for the Henderson County Board of Public Education (the "school system") and Blue Ridge Community College (the "community college"). Under North Carolina law, the County is responsible for providing capital funding for the school system and the community college. The County has chosen to meet its legal obligation to provide the school system and the community college capital funding by using a mixture of County funds and the issuance of debt. These assets funded by the County are owned by the County and leased to the school system and the community college over the term of the debt, but are recorded as assets of the school system and the community college, which are the primary users of the assets. Since the County, as the issuing government, acquires no capital assets, the County has incurred a liability without a corresponding increase in assets. At the end of the fiscal year, approximately \$128 million of outstanding debt on the County's financial statements was related to assets included in the school system and the community college's financial statements. Principal and interest requirements will be provided by an appropriation in the year in which they become due.

The impact of the inclusion of the school system and community college debt without the corresponding assets was offset by the following positive operational initiatives and results:

- Continued diligence in the collection of all revenue sources, both current and delinquent
- A strong property tax collection rate of 99.06%
- Other budgetary control efforts, including the cutoff of departmental spending prior to fiscal yearend
- Actual expenditures, transfers, and other financing uses in the General Fund were less than the budgeted amount by \$9,262,299.
- Revenues, transfers, and other financing sources in the General Fund exceeded expenditures and other financing uses by \$7,394,908.

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities decreased the County's net position by \$7,339,659, or 96.4%, of the total decrease in the net position of the Henderson County. This decrease is primarily due to an increase debt issuance in general government and an increase in spending in public safety. The increase in debt issuance was a result of a financing of a major capital project for the renovation and building of a public school building. Spending also increased due to a maintenance, repair, security and technology initiative, funded for both the public schools and the community college. The increase in spending in public safety was from expenditures related to COVID-19 response and mitigation.

Business-Type Activities. Business-type activities decreased the County's net position by \$273,338, or a 3.6%, of the total decrease in the net position of the Henderson County. The decrease is attributable to an increase in operating expenses, including construction projects completed during the year and workers' compensation claims. (See Figure 3.)

Henderson County's Change in Net Position Figure 3

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 11,292,745	\$ 10,293,529	\$ 9,107,907	\$ 9,420,725	\$ 20,400,652	\$ 19,714,254
Operating grants						
and contributions	20,578,425	20,498,762	188,106	176,439	20,766,531	20,675,201
Capital grants and						
contributions	-	-	415,200	205,880	415,200	205,880
General revenues:						
Property taxes	102,455,897	89,476,936	-	-	102,455,897	89,476,936
Other taxes	35,019,954	33,258,638	-	-	35,019,954	33,258,638
Other	1,380,303	1,637,047	78,423	89,091	1,458,726	1,726,138
Total revenues	170,727,324	155,164,912	9,789,636	9,892,135	180,516,960	165,057,047
Expenses:						
General government	55,059,890	35,879,549	_	_	55,059,890	35,879,549
Public safety	47,963,085	42,376,765	_		47,963,085	42,376,765
Environmental	17,703,003	12,5 7 0,7 0 5			17,505,005	12,5 7 0,7 0 5
protection	574,971	394,269	_	_	574,971	394,269
Economic and	57.3571	25.,205			57.,571	55 .,205
physical development	3,484,865	3,154,416	_	_	3,484,865	3,154,416
Human services	27,726,210	27,094,741	_	_	27,726,210	27,094,741
Cultural and	_,,,_,,_,	_,,,,,,,,,			_,,,_,,_,	_,,,,,,,,,
recreational	5,163,897	5,139,529	_	_	5,163,897	5,139,529
Education	34,147,992	33,822,562	_	_	34,147,992	33,822,562
Interest on	, ,	, ,			, ,	, ,
long-term debt	3,892,073	4,211,698	-	_	3,892,073	4,211,698
Solid waste disposal	-	-	8,278,924	7,451,184	8,278,924	7,451,184
Other	-	-	1,838,050	1,743,912	1,838,050	1,743,912
Total expenses	178,012,983	152,073,529	10,116,974	9,195,096	188,129,957	161,268,625
CI						
Change in net position	(7.205.(50)	2 001 202	(227.220)	607.030	(7, (12, 007)	2 700 422
position before transfers	(7,285,659)	3,091,383	(327,338)	697,039	(7,612,997)	3,788,422
Transfers	(54,000)	(54,000)	54,000	54,000		
Change in net position	(7,339,659)	3,037,383	(273,338)	751,039	(7,612,997)	3,788,422
Net Position:						
Beginning of year - July 1	51,515,935	48,478,552	28,139,699	27,388,660	79,655,634	75,867,212
End of year - June 30	\$ 44,176,276	\$ 51,515,935	\$ 27,866,361	\$ 28,139,699	\$ 72,042,637	\$ 79,655,634

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, Henderson County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of Henderson County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Henderson County's financing requirements. Specifically, fund balance available for appropriation can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Henderson County. At the end of the current fiscal year, available fund balance of the General Fund was \$51,235,710, while total fund balance was \$63,349,613. Available fund balance represents the spendable portion of fund balance. Spendable portions of fund balance may be comprised of restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned amounts, as disclosed in the notes accompanying the financial statements. The governing body of Henderson County has determined that the County should maintain an available fund balance of 12% of General Fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the County. The County currently has an available fund balance of 26.18% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 42.07% of that same amount.

At June 30, 2020, the governmental funds of the County reported a combined fund balance of \$134,856,043, a 54.27% increase from last year. This was due to an increase in ad valorem taxes collected in FY2020 following a County-wide property revaluation. Combined fund balance also increased because of the issuance of debt and remaining unspent debt proceeds as well as a positive budget to actual variance in the County's General Fund for FY2020 as compared to the previous fiscal year.

The School Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of school capital facilities. The fund balance increased in the current year by \$36,073,450 due to the issuance of debt in the current year.

The COVID-19 Fund accounts for financial resources to be utilized in the prevention and response of the coronavirus pandemic. The deficit in the fund represents the portion of funds expended in response to the coronavirus pandemic for which the County is seeking reimbursement through Federal Emergency Management Assistance (FEMA) grants. Any expenditures unreimbursed through FEMA will be funded via alternate revenue sources.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. The County's financial position improved for FY2020 due to better than anticipated revenue collections in most of the major revenue categories coupled with actual General Fund expenditures coming in well under budget at fiscal year-end. County departments' diligence in monitoring their operational budgets, particularly during the coronavirus pandemic, resulted in total expenditures being \$9.2 million under budget at fiscal year-end. On the revenue side, the largest positive budget variances were in the ad valorem property taxes, local option sales taxes and miscellaneous categories, which combined to be \$10,409,518 over budget. Separately, a total of \$13.5 million in General Fund balance was appropriated to balance the FY2020 budget. None of the \$13.5 million was utilized due to total revenues and other financing sources having a positive budget variance combined with total expenditures and other financing uses having a significant positive budget variance.

Total fiscal year 2020 General Fund revenues increased by \$15.9 million, or 11.2%, over the prior fiscal year, as compared to General Fund expenditures, which decreased by \$10.6 million, or 13.4%, over fiscal year 2019. The increase in expenditures over the previous fiscal year is primarily within transfers to other funds. This is attributed in large part to the County's maintenance, repair, technology and security

initiative funding for the public schools and the community college. The public schools and the community college were also provided with increased funding as requested for education. Total General Fund balance increased \$7,394,908, while the amount of unassigned fund balance that is available for appropriation increased by \$4,225,420 at fiscal year-end.

The County revised the budget for various reasons during the fiscal year. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Total amendments to the General Fund increased revenues by \$3,901,810. The budgetary increase is primarily attributable to increases during the year for restricted intergovernmental revenues, other taxes and licenses, and miscellaneous revenues. Increasing revenue collections were realized in seven of the nine major revenue categories with the largest variance being in the Local Option Sales Taxes category. This category had a positive actual to budget variance of \$6,338,706. The second largest variance was in Ad Valorem Taxes, which had a positive actual to budget variance of \$2,549,615. Total General Fund revenues had a total positive actual to budget variance of \$11,985,282.

Proprietary Funds. The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of all the proprietary funds at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$1,920,788. During the fiscal year 2020, proprietary fund net position decreased \$273,338. The majority of the decrease in total net position for the proprietary funds is attributable to increase in operating expenses, including construction projects completed during the year and workers' compensation claims for the Landfill fund.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2020 totals \$143,346,656 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include land, buildings, plant and distribution systems, equipment, automotive equipment, and construction in progress.

Henderson County's Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Figure 4

	Governm	ental	Activities	Business-Ty		ype Activities		To		tal	
	2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019
Land	\$ 15,349,82	27 5	\$ 15,349,827	\$	6,413,080	\$	6,362,485	\$	21,762,907	\$	21,712,312
Buildings	89,613,32	21	93,502,269		-		-		89,613,321		93,502,269
Plant and distribution											
systems		-	-		18,698,103		18,889,628		18,698,103		18,889,628
Equipment	2,529,18	80	2,386,627		538,627		662,542		3,067,807		3,049,169
Vehicles and motor											
equipment	4,060,91	.6	3,839,728		317,872		171,472		4,378,788		4,011,200
Construction in											
progress	2,265,92	27	1,816,244	_	3,559,803	_	963,993		5,825,730	_	2,780,237
Total	\$ 113,819,1	71 5	116,894,695	\$	29,527,485	\$	27,050,120	\$	143,346,656	\$	143,944,815

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the note 3A to the basic financial statements.

Long-Term Debt. As of June 30, 2020, Henderson County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$160,278,794 backed by real estate. The County also has multiple direct placement installment notes outstanding of which the majority is related to debt issued for the construction and renovation of school, County, and community college facilities.

A summary of long-term debt is shown in Figure 5.

Henderson County's Limited Obligation Bonds And Installment Notes Payable Figure 5

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Type Activities				Total		
	2020	2019		2020		2019	2020	2019	
Limited obligation bonds Direct placement - installment	\$ 160,208,120	\$ 109,273,324	\$	70,578	\$	176,190	\$ 160,278,698	\$ 109,449,514	
purchase	13,057,144	16,853,505	_	3,511,334		1,831,858	16,568,478	18,685,363	
Total	\$ 173,265,264	\$ 126,126,829	\$	3,581,912	\$	2,008,048	\$ 176,847,176	\$ 128,134,877	

Henderson County's total long-term debt increased by \$48,712,395 during the past fiscal year.

The bond ratings are a clear indication of the sound financial condition of the County, which helps to keep interest cost low on the County's outstanding debt. Henderson County has maintained current bond ratings with Standard & Poor's and was granted a rating increase with Moody's, as follows:

Standard & Poor's	AA
Moody's	Aa2

The State of North Carolina limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Henderson County is \$1,135,189,591. As of June 30, 2020, Henderson County's limited obligation and installment notes payable indebtedness was \$176,847,272, which is 15.6% of the legal debt margin.

Additional information regarding Henderson County's long-term debt can be found in the note 3B to the basic financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The County of Henderson has approved a \$151,906,849 General Fund budget for fiscal year 2021. The fiscal year 2021 ad valorem property tax rate remained at 56.10 cents per \$100 of assessed property valuation. Sales tax was budgeted at \$19,541,298, a 21.5 percent decrease over the FY2020 budget amount. Most County departments and outside agencies were essentially held flat. The following factors were considered when developing the FY2020 budget:

- Unknown financial impact from the coronavirus pandemic on County resources, revenues and expenditures contributed to a conservative budget process for FY2021
- An essentially flat operational budget for most County departments and other outside agencies
- An increase in funding for the public schools and the community college, including funds appropriated for maintenance, repair, technology and security initiatives
- Maintaining an adequate Unassigned General Fund balance meeting Local Government Commission requirement

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021

Governmental Activities. For FY2021, the Board maintained the General Fund ad valorem tax rate at 56.10 cents per \$100 of assessed property valuation. Due to the unknown and anticipated impacts of the coronavirus pandemic on the area, sales tax revenues were decreased and budgeted conservatively in an anticipation of potential decreased economic activity. Unassigned General Fund Balance of \$13.6 million was appropriated to balance the budget and to primarily cover any potential decreases in funding sources and to cover increased debt service. New projects and initiatives were put on hold until a future time until the effects of the pandemic on County resources are known. County departments were charged with essentially holding their operating budgets flat. A cost of living increase and performance pay were included in the FY2021 budget for employees. The Board budgeted revenues and expenditures for all other Governmental Activity Funds conservatively.

Business-Type Activities. The solid waste tipping fee for the Solid Waste Landfill Enterprise Fund remained constant at \$60 per ton for FY2021. This fee was last increased in FY2016. No Retained Earnings were appropriated to balance the budget. The Fund is also charged with covering the annual debt service required on \$2 million in financing that was secured for a major capital improvements project which has been completed. Solid waste revenues are estimated to offset the projected operating costs for the waste facilities during FY2021.

As of July 1, 2020, the Cane Creek Water and Sewer District was transferred to Metropolitan Sewerage Districts of Buncombe County (MSD) based on a consolidation agreement entered in to on June 17, 2020. As of the date of the transfer, ownership and the related responsibility to operate, maintain, repair, and replace the system is with MSD. The Cane Creek Water and Sewer District will not exist or be disclosed in the Henderson County financial statements in FY2021 and going forward.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide an overview of Henderson County's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Henderson County Finance Director, Historic Courthouse Annex, 113 North Main Street, Hendersonville, North Carolina 28792.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – OVERVIEW



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

						Comp	onent Units	
						Henderson	Н	enderson
	_	Pr	imary (Governme	nt	County	Cour	nty Tourism
	Go	overnmental Activities		ess-Type tivities	Total	Hospital Corporation		velopment uthority
Assets:								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	76,474,932	\$	3,971,385	\$ 80,446,317	\$ 63,371,132	\$	1,231,957
Investments		-		-	-	28,976,049		-
Taxes receivable, net		1,129,680		-	1,129,680	-		-
Receivables, net		12,605,762		1,888,460	14,494,222			202,250
Pledges receivable Inventories		(5.050		-	- 65.050	798,611		-
Prepaid items		65,959 232,368		-	65,959 232,368			-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		60,327,312		-	60,327,312	4,802,491		-
Restricted investments		00,327,312		_	00,327,312	2,664,727		4,000
Total current assets	_	150,836,013		5,859,845	156,695,858	134,517,616		1,438,207
Total current assets	_	150,050,015		3,037,043	150,075,050	154,517,010		1,430,207
Non-current assets:								
Net pension asset	_	239,520			239,520			
Capital assets:								
Land and construction in progress		17,615,754		9,972,883	27,588,637	9,030,789		
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		96,203,417		9,554,602	115,758,019	59,848,975		7,104
Total capital assets	_	113,819,171		9,527,485	143,346,656		-	7,104
Total capital assets		113,017,171		2,527,105				7,101
Other assets	_					11,813,141		
Total non-current assets		114,058,691	2	9,527,485	143,586,176	80,692,905		7,104
Total assets		264,894,704	3:	5,387,330	300,282,034	215,210,521		1,445,311
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
OPEB deferrals		2,507,298		55,615	2,562,913	-		-
Pension deferrals		10,455,270		208,542	10,663,812	-		-
Charge on refunding		1,848,367			1,848,367			
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	14,810,935		264,157	15,075,092			
Liabilities:								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		13,392,501		2,477,759	15,870,260			24,531
Liabilities to be paid from restricted assets		42,555		-	42,555	-		-
Unearned revenues		1 905 057		-	1 905 057	-		4,000
Advances from grantors - payable from restricted assets Third-party payer settlements		1,805,057		-	1,805,057	2,965,814		-
Due within one year		14,025,191		526,287	14,551,478			3,382
Total current liabilities	_	29,265,304	-	3,004,046	32,269,350			31,913
Total current natifices		27,203,301		3,001,010	32,207,330			31,713
Long-term liabilities:								
Net pension liability - LGERS		16,012,207		311,333	16,323,540	-		-
Total pension liability - LEOSSA		5,212,267		-	5,212,267	-		-
Total OPEB liability		21,453,524		206,782	21,660,306	-		-
Other long-term liabilities		-		-	-	1,141,279		-
Due in more than one year		162,406,755		4,208,077	166,614,832	16,361,848		30,439
Total long-term liabilities	_	205,084,753		4,726,192	209,810,945	17,503,127		30,439
Total liabilities		234,350,057		7,730,238	242,080,295	86,269,801		62,352
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Prepaid taxes		183,247		-	183,247	-		-
OPEB deferrals		805,998		17,878	823,876	-		-
Pension deferrals		190,061		37,010	227,071	-		-
Other deferred inflows	_					478,778		
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,179,306		54,888	1,234,194	478,778		

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

				Compo	nent Units
	Pri	mary Governme	Henderson County	Henderson County Tourism	
	Governmental Activities			Hospital Corporation	Development Authority
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets	71,671,165	25,945,573	97,616,738	48,426,492	7,104
Restricted for:					
Stabilization by state statute	12,167,018	-	12,167,018	-	198,250
Register of Deeds	194,896	-	194,896	-	-
Register of Deeds' pension plan	270,679	-	270,679	-	-
Public safety	2,338,548	-	2,338,548	-	-
Human services	3,092,217	-	3,092,217	-	-
Cultural and recreational	334,245		334,245		
Economic and physical development	1,474,887	-	1,474,887	-	-
By donor	-	-	-	1,400,627	-
Tourism promotion	-	-	-	-	1,177,605
Unrestricted	(47,367,379)	1,920,788	(45,446,591)	78,634,823	
Total net position	\$ 44,176,276	\$ 27,866,361	\$ 72,042,637	\$ 128,461,942	\$ 1,382,959



STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			Program Revenues					
	Expenses		Charges for Services		(Operating Grants and ontributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Functions/Programs:								
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
General government	\$	55,059,890	\$	1,928,402	\$	1,856,774	\$	-
Public safety		47,963,085		7,075,860		539,610		-
Environmental protection		574,971		-		103,842		-
Economic and physical development		3,484,865		1,449,536		1,118,098		-
Human services		27,726,210		682,914		15,499,466		-
Cultural and recreational		5,163,897		156,033		469,476		-
Education		34,147,992		-		991,159		-
Interest on long-term debt		3,892,073		<u> </u>				<u>-</u>
Total governmental activities	_	178,012,983		11,292,745	_	20,578,425		
Business-Type Activities:								
Landfill		8,278,924		7,502,519		188,106		-
Cane Creek Water and Sewer		1,776,378		1,564,138		-		415,200
Justice Academy Sewer		61,672		41,250		<u>-</u>		-
Total business-type activities		10,116,974		9,107,907	_	188,106		415,200
Total primary government	\$	188,129,957	\$	20,400,652	\$	20,766,531	\$	415,200
Component Units:								
Henderson County Hospital Corporation	\$	258,255,950	\$	258,184,057	\$	5,383,825	\$	-
Henderson County Tourism Development Authority		2,456,763		45,570		-		-
Total	\$	260,712,713	\$	258,229,627	\$	5,383,825	\$	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position								
		in the second			ent Units				
	Pr	imary Governme	nt	Henderson	Henderson				
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	County Hospital Corporation	County Tourism Development Authority				
Functions/Programs:									
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General government	\$ (51,274,714)	\$ -	\$ (51,274,714)						
Public safety	(40,347,615)	=	(40,347,615)						
Environmental protection	(471,129)	-	(471,129)						
Economic and physical development	(917,231)	-	(917,231)						
Human services	(11,543,830)	-	(11,543,830)						
Cultural and recreational	(4,538,388)	=	(4,538,388)						
Education	(33,156,833)	=	(33,156,833)						
Interest on long-term debt	(3,892,073)	=	(3,892,073)						
Total governmental activities	(146,141,813)		(146,141,813)						
Business-Type Activities:									
Landfill	_	(588,299)	(588,299)						
Cane Creek Water and Sewer	_	202,960	202,960						
Justice Academy Sewer	_	(20,422)	(20,422)						
Total business-type activities		(405,761)	(405,761)						
Total primary government	(146,141,813)	(405,761)	(146,547,574)						
Component Units:									
Henderson County Hospital Corporation				\$ 5,311,932	\$ -				
Henderson County Tourism Development Authority	•			-	(2,411,193)				
Total				5,311,932	(2,411,193)				
General Revenues:									
Taxes:									
Property taxes, levied for general purpose	102,455,897	_	102,455,897	_	_				
Local option sales tax	31,223,698	_	31,223,698	_					
Other taxes and licenses	3,796,256	_	3,796,256	_	2,134,215				
Investment earnings, unrestricted	1,380,303	78,423	1,458,726	989,635	28,171				
Miscellaneous, unrestricted	1,500,505	70,425	1,430,720	79,931	11,651				
Total general revenues	138,856,154	78,423	138,934,577	1,069,566	2,174,037				
Transfers	(54,000)	54,000	<u>-</u>	_	_				
Transfers	(* 1,111)								
Total general revenues and transfers	138,802,154	132,423	138,934,577	1,069,566	2,174,037				
Change in net position	(7,339,659)	(273,338)	(7,612,997)	6,381,498	(237,156)				
Net Position:									
Beginning of year - July 1	51,515,935	28,139,699	79,655,634	122,080,444	1,620,115				
End of year - June 30	\$ 44,176,276	\$ 27,866,361	\$ 72,042,637	\$ 128,461,942	\$ 1,382,959				

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		General Fund	Pr	School Capital ojects Fund	_	COVID-19 Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	58,795,966	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,678,966	\$	76,474,932
Taxes receivable, net		1,129,680		-		-		-		1,129,680
Other receivables, net		12,095,077		214,140		-		296,545		12,605,762
Inventories		65,959		-		-		-		65,959
Prepaid items Restricted assets:		232,368		-		-		-		232,368
				54 466 240		1 406 170		4 274 904		60 227 212
Cash and investments	•	72,319,050	\$	54,466,240	\$	1,486,178 1,486,178	\$	4,374,894 22,350,405	\$	60,327,312
Total assets	Þ	72,319,030	Þ	34,080,380	Þ	1,480,178	Þ	22,330,403	Þ	150,836,013
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,200,517	\$	4,526,603	\$	1,620	\$	468,351	\$	6,197,091
Liabilities to be paid from restricted assets		-		-				42,555		42,555
Advances from grantors - payable from										
restricted assets		-		-		1,805,057		-		1,805,057
Accrued payroll liabilities		6,183,596						<u> </u>		6,183,596
Total liabilities		7,384,113	_	4,526,603	_	1,806,677	_	510,906	_	14,228,299
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Property taxes receivable		1,129,680		-		-		_		1,129,680
Unavailable revenues		-		-		-		159,243		159,243
Prepaid taxes		176,143		-		-		7,104		183,247
Other receivables		279,501		-		-		-		279,501
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,585,324						166,347		1,751,671
Fund Balances:										
Non-spendable:										
Inventory		65,959		-		-		-		65,959
Prepaid items		232,368		-		-		-		232,368
Restricted:										
Stabilization by state statute		11,815,576		214,140		-		137,302		12,167,018
Restricted, all other		5,721,901		54,466,240		-		4,686,006		64,874,147
Committed		-		-		-		17,064,491		17,064,491
Assigned for subsequent										
year's expenditures		13,627,844		-		-		-		13,627,844
Assigned, all other		459,873		-		-		-		459,873
Unassigned		31,426,092		(4,526,603)		(320,499)		(214,647)		26,364,343
Total fund balances		63,349,613	_	50,153,777	_	(320,499)	_	21,673,152		134,856,043
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,										
and fund balances	\$	72,319,050	\$	54,680,380	\$	1,486,178	\$	22,350,405		

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS **JUNE 30, 2020**

Amounts reported in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A) are different because:

Amounts reported in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A) are different be	cause:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the	e funds.	113,819,171
Deferred inflows in the governmental funds are used to offset accounts receivable not expected to be available within 90 days of year-end. These receivables are a component of net position in the Statement of Net Position		1,568,424
Net pension asset		239,520
Net pension liability LGERS		(16,012,207)
Total pension liability LEOSSA		(5,212,267)
OPEB Liability		(21,453,524)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds. ROD LGERS LEOSSA	(11,550) 31,226 (209,737)	(190,061)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds.		(805,998)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds. ROD LGERS LEOSSA	42,709 9,610,551 802,010	10,455,270
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds.		2,507,298
Long-term liabilities and compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(176,431,946)
Deferred charges related to advance refunding bond issued - included on government-wide Statement of Net Position, but are not current financial resources.		1,848,367
Some liabilities, including accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(1,011,814)
Net position of governmental activities	•	\$ 44,176,276

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General Fund	School Capital Projects Fund	COVID-19 Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:						
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 89,678,147	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,534,703	\$ 102,212,850	
Local option sales taxes	31,223,698	-	-	-	31,223,698	
Other taxes and licenses	3,522,964	-	-	-	3,522,964	
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	59,153	-	-	-	59,153	
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	16,381,551	-	609,951	707,855	17,699,357	
Permits and fees	2,434,227	-	-	-	2,434,227	
Sales and services	8,146,140	-	-	667,564	8,813,704	
Investment earnings	1,174,097	174,800	-	31,406	1,380,303	
Miscellaneous	3,033,530	214,139	<u> </u>	3,064	3,250,733	
Total revenues	155,653,507	388,939	609,951	13,944,592	170,596,989	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	19,001,862	-	-	2,753,783	21,755,645	
Public safety	32,836,360	-	930,450	12,002,248	45,769,058	
Environmental protection	534,182	-	-	-	534,182	
Economic and physical development	2,637,537	-	-	729,118	3,366,655	
Human services	26,442,287	-	-	-	26,442,287	
Cultural and recreational	5,050,703	-	-	-	5,050,703	
Education	34,126,181	-	-	-	34,126,181	
Capital outlay	-	29,524,764	-	-	29,524,764	
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	12,503,845	-	-	-	12,503,845	
Interest and other charges	4,232,069	238,586			4,470,655	
Total expenditures	137,365,026	29,763,350	930,450	15,485,149	183,543,975	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	18,288,481	(29,374,411)	(320,499)	(1,540,557)	(12,946,986)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers from other funds:						
From General Fund	-	-	-	11,994,535	11,994,535	
From Capital Reserve Fund	2,308,922	-	-	118,550	2,427,472	
From other funds	-	5,005,167	-	296,977	5,302,144	
Transfers to other funds	(13,202,495)		-	(6,575,656)	(19,778,151)	
Bond proceeds	-	52,525,000	-	-	52,525,000	
Bond premium		7,917,694			7,917,694	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(10,893,573)	65,447,861		5,834,406	60,388,694	
Net change in fund balances	7,394,908	36,073,450	(320,499)	4,293,849	47,441,708	
Fund Balances:						
Beginning of year - July 1	55,954,705	14,080,327		17,379,303	87,414,335	
End of year - June 30	\$ 63,349,613	\$ 50,153,777	\$ (320,499)	\$ 21,673,152	\$ 134,856,043	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit B) are different due to the following items:

Total net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	47,441,708
Exhibit D reports revenues using a current financial resources basis, which generally means revenue is recognized when collected, or is expected to be collected, within 90 days of year-end. Exhibit B reports revenues when the earning process is complete, regardless of when it is collected. This measurement difference causes timing of revenue recognition differences for the following revenue types:		
EMS revenues and other revenues Property tax revenues and other fees and services Unavailable revenues		44,814 243,047 18,078
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds statement. However, in the Statement of Activities, capital outlay is not an expense, rather it is an increase in capital assets.		2,691,592
Depreciation expense allocates the costs of capital assets over their useful lives. It is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds statement.		(5,591,512)
Gain/loss on the disposal of capital assets not recognized on modified accrual basis		(175,604)
Expenses related to compensated absences that do not require current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds statement.		(363,510)
Pension expense - LEOSSA		(139,514)
Pension expense - LGERS		(3,502,101)
Pension expense - ROD		(12,994)
OPEB plan expense		(213,313)
Accrued interest that does not require current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds statement.		(221,832)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but does not effect net assets.		(52,525,000)
Issuance and amortization of debt premiums is a reduction of expenses on the Statement of Activities.		(7,117,280)
Expenses reported on fund financial statements that are capitalized on government-wide statements - refunding costs		(420,083)
Principal repayments are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds statement. However, in the Statement of Activities, these transactions are not an expense, rather they are a decrease in liabilities.	_	12,503,845
Total change in net position of governmental activities	\$	(7,339,659)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		General Fund							
	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance from Final Budget					
	Original	Final	Actual	Over/Under_					
Revenues:									
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 87,128,532	\$ 87,128,532	\$ 89,678,147	\$ 2,549,615					
Local option sales taxes	24,884,992	24,884,992	31,223,698	6,338,706					
Other taxes and licenses	1,209,000	3,643,343	3,522,964	(120,379)					
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	38,000	38,000	59,153	21,153					
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	15,542,438	16,726,936	16,381,551	(345,385)					
Permits and fees	1,798,560	1,798,560	2,434,227	635,667					
Sales and services	7,435,529	7,435,529	8,146,140	710,611					
Investment earnings	500,000	500,000	1,174,097	674,097					
Miscellaneous	1,229,364	1,512,333	3,033,530	1,521,197					
Total revenues	139,766,415	143,668,225	155,653,507	11,985,282					
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government	18,102,075	19,961,021	19,001,862	959,159					
Public safety	35,037,772	35,821,903	32,836,360	2,985,543					
Environmental protection	423,079	623,079	534,182	88,897					
Economic and physical development	3,176,611	3,360,059	2,637,537	722,522					
Human services	29,608,120	30,220,049	26,442,287	3,777,762					
Cultural and recreational	5,441,959	5,585,828	5,050,703	535,125					
Intergovernmental:	24.426.404	24.426.404	21126101						
Education	34,126,181	34,126,181	34,126,181	-					
Debt service:									
Principal retirement	12,503,941	12,503,941	12,503,845	96					
Interest and other charges	6,028,598	4,425,264	4,232,069	193,195					
Total expenditures	144,448,336	146,627,325	137,365,026	9,262,299					
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,681,921)	(2,959,100)	18,288,481	21,247,581					
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers from other funds	1,353,960	2,393,922	2,308,922	(85,000)					
Transfers to other funds	(10,130,319)	(13,202,495)	(13,202,495)	-					
Appropriated fund balance	13,458,280	13,767,673		(13,767,673)					
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,681,921	2,959,100	(10,893,573)	(13,852,673)					
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	7,394,908	\$ 7,394,908					
Fund Balance:									
Beginning of year - July 1			55,954,705						
End of year - June 30			\$ 63,349,613						

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	COVID-19 Fund						
	Budg Origina	geted An	nounts Final		Actual	Fir	riance from nal Budget ver/Under
Revenues:	Origina		Tillai	-	Actual		ver/ Onder
Restricted intergovernmental:	¢	¢	606 959	\$	606 706	¢	(62)
CARES Act allocation	\$	- \$	606,858 325,010	Ф	606,796 3,155	\$	(62) (321,855)
Other grants		<u> </u>	931,868			-	
Total revenues		<u> </u>	931,000	-	609,951		(321,917)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public Safety:							
Grants to other agencies		-	1,620		1,620		-
CARES Act expenditures		-	605,238		605,176		62
Other grant expenditures		<u> </u>	325,010		323,654		1,356
Total expenditures			931,868		930,450		1,418
Net change in fund balance	\$	<u>-</u> \$	<u> </u>		(320,499)	\$	(320,499)
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year - July 1							
End of year - June 30				\$	(320,499)		

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Enterprise Funds						
			•	Iajo			
	_	Landfill Fund	Cane Creek Water and Sew District Fund		Justice Academy Sewer Fund		Total
Assets:							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,053,706	\$ 2,182,34	19	\$ 735,330	\$	3,971,385
Accounts receivable, net		457,296	1,427,41		3,750		1,888,460
Total current assets		1,511,002	3,609,76	<u> </u>	739,080		5,859,845
Capital assets:							
Land and construction in progress		6,081,966	3,884,25		6,664		9,972,883
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		2,463,216	16,895,85		195,536		19,554,602
Total non-current assets		8,545,182	20,780,10	<u>)3</u>	202,200		29,527,485
Total assets		10,056,184	24,389,86	<u>66</u>	941,280		35,387,330
Deferred Outflows of Resources:							
OPEB deferrals		55,615		-	-		55,615
Pension deferrals		208,542		_			208,542
Total deferred outflows of resources		264,157		_		_	264,157
Liabilities:							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		671,085	1,804,86	59	1,805		2,477,759
Current portion of compensated absences		6,222		-	-		6,222
Current portion of long-term obligations		264,487	255,57				520,065
Total current liabilities	_	941,794	2,060,44	<u>17</u>	1,805		3,004,046
Non-current liabilities:							
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:							
Accrued landfill closure and post-closure care costs		964,505		-	-		964,505
Compensated absences		50,571		-	-		50,571
Total OPEB liability		206,782		-	-		206,782
Net pension liability - LGERS		311,333	2 202 0	-	-		311,333
Long-term obligations		800,001	2,393,00			_	3,193,001
Total non-current liabilities		2,333,192	2,393,00	<u>)0</u>		_	4,726,192
Total liabilities		3,274,986	4,453,44	<u> 17</u>	1,805		7,730,238
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
OPEB deferrals		17,878		-	-		17,878
Pension deferrals		37,010		_			37,010
Total deferred inflows of resources		54,888	-	_		_	54,888
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets		7,611,848	18,131,52	25	202,200		25,945,573
Unrestricted	_	(621,381)	1,804,89		737,275		1,920,788
Total net position	\$	6,990,467	\$ 19,936,4	19	\$ 939,475	\$	27,866,361

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Enterprise Funds						
		Major					
	Landfill Fund	Cane Creek Water and Sewer District	Justice Academy Sewer Fund	Total			
Operating Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 7,502,519	\$ 1,564,138	\$ 41,250	\$ 9,107,907			
Restricted intergovernmental	13,477	-	-	13,477			
Total operating revenues	7,515,996	1,564,138	41,250	9,121,384			
Operating Expenses:							
Salaries and employee benefits	1,724,844	-	_	1,724,844			
Other operating expenses	5,851,559	981,755	47,904	6,881,218			
Repairs and maintenance	419,046	92,792	2,905	514,743			
Depreciation	252,004	652,616	10,863	915,483			
Total operating expenses	8,247,453	1,727,163	61,672	10,036,288			
Operating income (loss)	(731,457)	(163,025)	(20,422)	(914,904)			
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):							
Miscellaneous revenue	174,629	-	-	174,629			
Interest income	25,650	38,582	14,191	78,423			
Interest expense	(31,471)	(49,215)		(80,686)			
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	168,808	(10,633)	14,191	172,366			
Income (loss) before capital							
contributions and transfers	(562,649)	(173,658)	(6,231)	(742,538)			
Transfers:							
Transfers in	54,000	-	-	54,000			
Capital contributions		415,200		415,200			
Change in net position	(508,649)	241,542	(6,231)	(273,338)			
Net Position:							
Beginning of year - July 1	7,499,116	19,694,877	945,706	28,139,699			
End of year - June 30	\$ 6,990,467	\$ 19,936,419	\$ 939,475	\$ 27,866,361			

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Enterprise Funds					
		Maj	or			
	Landfill Fund	Cane Creek Water and Sewer District	Justice Academy Sewer Fund	Total		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:						
Cash received from customers	\$ 7,558,581	\$ 1,114,499	\$ 43,980	\$ 8,717,060		
Cash paid for goods and services	(6,307,646)	(28,064)	(50,699)	(6,386,409)		
Cash paid to employees for services	(1,654,066)			(1,654,066)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(403,131)	1,086,435	(6,719)	676,585		
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:						
Transfers in	54,000	-	-	54,000		
Proceeds from non-capital grants	174,629			174,629		
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	228,629			228,629		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:						
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(282,455)	(2,695,193)	-	(2,977,648)		
Installment purchase debt issued	-	1,997,809	-	1,997,809		
Long-term debt payments	(133,333)	(290,612)	-	(423,945)		
Interest paid	(31,471)	(49,215)		(80,686)		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(447,259)	(1,037,211)		(1,484,470)		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:						
Interest on investments	25,650	38,582	14,191	78,423		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(596,111)	87,806	7,472	(500,833)		
Cash and Cash Equivalents:						
Beginning of year - July 1	1,649,817	2,094,543	727,858	4,472,218		
End of year - June 30	\$ 1,053,706	\$ 2,182,349	\$ 735,330	\$ 3,971,385		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Enterprise	e Fun	ıds		
	Major							
]	Landfill Fund		Cane Creek Water and Sewer District		Justice Academy ewer Fund		Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net								
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(731,457)	\$	(163,025)	\$	(20,422)	\$	(914,904)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Depreciation		252,004		652,616		10,863		915,483
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources for pensions		24,722		-		-		24,722
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		48,247		-		-		48,247
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for pensions		(1,498)		-		-		(1,498)
Landfill closure and post-closure care costs		(131,154)		-		-		(131,154)
Changes in assets and liabilities:								
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		42,585		(449,639)		2,730		(404,324)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		94,113		1,046,483		110		1,140,706
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		(22,539)		-		-		(22,539)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		(3,827)		-		-		(3,827)
Increase (decrease) in other post-employment benefits		31,098		-		-		31,098
Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay		(5,425)		<u> </u>				(5,425)
Total adjustments		328,326		1,249,460		13,703	_	1,591,489
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(403,131)	\$	1,086,435	\$	(6,719)	\$	676,585
Non-Cash Capital and Related Financing Activities:								
Capital assets contributed by developers	\$	_	\$	415,200	\$		\$	415,200

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Agency Funds
Assets:	© 1,004,252
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 1,094,252 116,825
Total assets	1,211,077
Liabilities: Intergovernmental payable	1,211,077
Total liabilities	\$ 1,211,077

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Henderson County (the "County") and its discretely presented component units conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The County, which is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners, is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina under North Carolina General Statute 153A-10. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the County and its component units, legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. The blended component unit, although it is a legally separate entity, is, in substance, part of the County's operations.

Blended Component Unit

Cane Creek Water and Sewer District

The Cane Creek Water and Sewer District (the "District") exists to provide and maintain water and sewer systems for County residents within the District. Under State law (G.S. 162A-89), the County's Board of Commissioners also serves as the governing board for the District; thus, the District's governing body is substantially the same as the governing body of the County. The County provides financial resources that are not available from other remedies. Therefore, the District is reported as an enterprise fund in the County's basic financial statements (blended component unit). The District does not issue separate financial statements. The County has financed projects for the District, including an installment purchase and limited obligation indebtedness, as are disclosed in the accompanying notes to the combined financial statements.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Henderson County Hospital Corporation, Inc.

The Henderson County Hospital Corporation (the "Hospital") is a not-for-profit corporation that operates the Margaret R. Pardee Memorial Hospital. The Hospital is governed by a fifteen-member Board of Trustees, at least one of which (but not more than two of which) is a County Commissioner. The Board of County Commissioners directly appoints three seats to the Hospital Board with the remaining seats appointed by the Board following nominations by either the UNC Health Care System or the existing Board of Trustees. The Hospital, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a Proprietary Fund. The County has also issued revenue bond debt on behalf of the Hospital.

Complete financial statements for the Hospital can be obtained from the Hospital's administrative offices:

Margaret R. Pardee Memorial Hospital and Affiliates 715 Fleming Street Hendersonville, North Carolina 28791

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Henderson County Tourism Development Authority

The Henderson County Tourism Development Authority (the "TDA") is authorized by state statute, SL 1987-172, to collect an occupancy tax of 5.0% on gross revenues from hotel/motel room occupancy within the corporate limits. Net collections are remitted to the Henderson County Tourism Development Authority. The TDA, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a governmental fund type. The County is financially accountable for the TDA, which is reported as a discrete component unit separate from the financial information of the primary government. The members of the TDA Board are appointed by the County Commissioners, the municipalities and the Henderson County Chamber of Commerce. The County Commissioners appoint the TDA Board Chairman.

Complete financial statements for the TDA can be obtained from the TDA's administrative offices:

Henderson County Tourism Development Authority 201 South Main Street Hendersonville, NC 28792

Henderson County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority

The Henderson County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority (the "Authority") exists to issue and service revenue bond debt of private business for economic development purposes. The Authority is governed by a seven-member Board of Commissioners, all of whom are appointed by the County Commissioners. The County can remove any commissioner of the Authority with or without cause. The Authority has no financial transactions or account balances; therefore, it is not presented in the basic financial statements. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

Henderson County Governmental Financing Corporation

The Henderson County Governmental Financing Corporation (the "Corporation") is a non-profit corporation chartered in 2000 with the specific purpose of assisting the County in arranging various types of financing arrangements. The Corporation is governed by a Board of Directors whose three members serve for three years or until successors are elected. The three members are appointed by the Henderson County Board of Commissioners. The Corporation has no position or liabilities. All rights, title, and interest to all financing contracts with the County have been assigned to various bank trustees. All financing arrangements with the County have been disclosed in the accompanying notes to the combined financial statements. The Corporation has no financial transactions or account balances; therefore, it is not presented in the basic financial statements. The Corporation does not issue separate financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus - Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. However, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed, in whole or in part, by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include (1) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds and its blended component unit. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

School Capital Projects Fund. This fund accounts for resources utilized in construction of School facilities.

COVID-19 Fund. This fund accounts for resources utilized in the prevention and response of the coronavirus pandemic.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

Landfill Fund. This fund accounts for the maintenance and post-closure of the County's landfill, transfer station operations, and recycling.

Cane Creek Water and Sewer District Fund. This fund is used to account for the operations of the water and sewer system in the Cane Creek District.

Justice Academy Sewer Fund. This fund accounts for sewer operations from the Western North Carolina Justice Academy financed by user fees.

The County also reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds. Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The County maintains four nonmajor special revenue funds: Revaluation Reserve Fund, Emergency Telephone Systems Fund (E-911), Fire Districts Fund, and Public Transit Fund.

Debt Service Fund. The Debt Service Fund accounts for funds set aside to meet certain long-term debt requirements.

Capital Project Funds. The capital project funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction for major capital facilities (other than those by proprietary funds, special assessments, or trust funds). The County has four non-major capital project funds within the governmental fund types: General Capital Projects Fund, General Capital Reserve Fund, HCPS-MRTS Fund, and BRCC-MRTS Fund.

Agency Funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. Agency funds are used to account for position the County holds on behalf of others. The County maintains the following agency funds: School Fines and Forfeitures Fund, which accounts for the collection and payment of fines and forfeitures to the Board of Education in the County; Social Services Fund, which accounts for monies deposited with the Department of Social Services for the benefit of certain individuals; Agriculture Fund, which accounts for position held by the County for the benefit of certain individuals in the County; Flexible Spending Fund, which accounts for position held for County employees in accordance with the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 125; Fireman's Association Fund, which accounts for position held for the Fireman's Association; Deed of Trust Fund, which accounts for the five dollars of each fee collected by the Register of Deeds for registering or filing a deed of trust or mortgage that the County is required to remit to the State Treasurer on a monthly basis; and other agency funds, which account for miscellaneous funds held by the County for the benefit of others.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, except for the agency funds, which have no measurement focus. The government-wide, propriety fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The County also recognizes as operating revenues the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital position. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Long-term debt issued and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, state law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on all registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes collected and held by the state at year-end on behalf of the County are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

C. Budgetary Data

The County's budgets are adopted as required by North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget ordinance is adopted for all funds except the capital project funds listed below. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the General Capital Projects Fund and the School Capital Projects Fund.

All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. The Budget Officer is authorized to transfer authorized appropriations within a function and to amend the authorized budget for pass-through funds, including federal and state grants. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary; the effects of which were not material. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows, and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the County and Margaret R. Pardee Hospital are made in Board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The County and the Hospital may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County and the Hospital may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the County and the Hospital to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The County and the Hospital's investments with a maturity of more than one year at acquisition and non-money market investments are reported at fair value. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, an SEC-registered (2a-7) government money market fund is measured at fair value. The NCCMT Term Portfolio is bond fund, has no rating and is measured at fair value. As of June 30, 2020, the Term portfolio has a duration of .15 years. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months. Money market investments that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. Non-participating interest earning investment contracts are reported at cost.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County pools their money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The Margaret R. Pardee Hospital considers demand deposits and investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less, which are not limited as to use, to be cash and cash equivalents.

Restricted Assets

The restricted cash reported in the governmental activities consists of the following:

- \$1,486,178 in CARES Fund is classified as a restricted asset because it represents unspent grant proceeds.
- \$1,401,780 in the Tax Revaluation Fund is classified as a restricted asset because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statute 153A-150.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

- \$54,466,240 in the School Capital Projects Fund is classified as a restricted asset because it represents unspent debt proceeds that are restricted for the purpose of the installment debt.
- \$2,973,114 in the General Capital Projects Fund is classified as a restricted asset because it represents unspent debt proceeds that are restricted for the purpose of the installment debt.

Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with state law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2019. The County does not currently allow discounts that apply to taxes paid prior to the due date.

Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the County and the Hospital are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market values. The County's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures when purchased. The inventory of the Hospital consists of materials and supplies held for consumption or resale. The cost of the inventory carried in the Hospital is recorded as an expense as it is consumed or sold.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items for the County's governmental funds are treated using the consumption method.

Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Minimum capitalization cost is \$5,000. General infrastructure position acquired prior to July 1, 2003 consist of water and sewer system position that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980 and are reported at estimated historical cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Capital assets of the County are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Assets	Useful Lives
Buildings	40 years
Plant and distribution systems	40 years
Improvements	25 years
Furniture, equipment, and computer equipment	5-10 years
Vehicles	6 years

For the Hospital, depreciation is computed by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the position as follows:

Assets	Estimated <u>Useful Lives</u>
Buildings	20 years
Equipment	10 years
Leasehold improvements	10-20 years
Computers	3 years

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the County provide for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave, with such leave being fully vested when earned. The paid time-off policy of the Hospital provides for the accumulation of up to 520 hours earned leave, with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the County's government-wide and proprietary funds and the Hospital, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as leave when earned. Compensated absences typically have been liquidated in the General Fund and are accounted for on a LIFO basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The sick leave policies of the County and the Hospital provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since none of the entities have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made by the County or its component unit.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County has several items that meet this criteria – a charge on refunding, OPEB deferrals and pension deferrals.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County has several items that meet the criteria for this category – property taxes receivable, prepaid taxes, unavailable revenues, other receivables, OPEB deferrals and pension deferrals.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant areas where estimates are made are: allowance for doubtful accounts and depreciation lives.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Non-Spendable Fund Balance

This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Prepaid Items – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of prepaids, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance

This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Stabilization by State Statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State Statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "Restricted by State Statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as non-spendable. Outstanding encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of restricted net position and restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Register of Deeds – portion of fund balance constituting the Automation Enhancement and Preservation Fund, funded by 10% of the fees collected and maintained by the Register of Deeds' office. The funds are available for appropriation, but are legally restricted for computer and imaging technology in the Register of Deeds' office.

Restricted for General Government – portion of fund balance restricted by revenue source for general government projects.

Restricted for Public Safety – portion of fund balance restricted by revenue source for public safety related activities, such as police, fire, EMS, inspections, and E-911.

Restricted for Economic and Physical Development – portion of fund balance restricted by revenue source for public transit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Restricted for Human Services – portion of fund balance restricted by revenue source for adoption assistance and for public health. Funds are from the Adoption Assistance incentives and Medicaid Maximization.

Restricted for Cultural and Recreational – portion of fund balance restricted by the donors for the Library.

Restricted for Education – portion of fund balance restricted by the governing board for education purposes.

Restricted fund balance at June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Purpose	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	School Capital <u>Project Fund</u>	Total Restricted
Restricted, all other:				
Register of Deeds	\$ 194,896	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 194,896
General Government	-	2,973,114	-	2,973,114
Public safety	2,100,543	238,005	-	2,338,548
Economic and physical development	-	1,474,887	-	1,474,887
Human services	3,092,217	-	-	3,092,217
Cultural and recreational	334,245	-	-	334,245
Education			54,466,240	54,466,240
Total	\$ 5,721,901	\$ 4,686,006	\$ 54,466,240	\$64,874,147

Restricted net position on Exhibit A varies from restricted fund balance on Exhibit C by the amount of unspent debt proceeds of \$57,439,354 and the restriction for the Register of Deeds' pension plan of \$270,679 for a net difference of \$57,168,675.

Committed Fund Balance

This classification represents the portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing body is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Committed for Revaluation – represents the portion of fund balance committed by the governing body for future tax revaluation purposes.

Committed for General Government – represents the portion of fund balance committed by the governing body for future debt service purposes.

Committed for Economic and Physical Development – portion of fund balance committed by the governing board for economic development incentives and projects.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Committed for Education – portion of fund balance committed by the governing board for education projects.

Committed fund balance at June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Purpose		Other overnmental Funds
Committed:		
Revaluation	\$	1,359,225
General government		8,082,519
Economic and physical development		4,843,314
Education		2,779,433
Total	\$	17,064,491

Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance is the portion of fund balance that Henderson County intends to use for specific purposes. The County's governing body has the authority to assign fund balance. The Manager and Finance Director, as granted in the officially adopted budget ordinance, have been granted limited authority to assign fund balance.

Subsequent Year's Expenditures - portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however, the budget ordinance authorizes the Manager and Finance Director to make certain modifications without requiring Board approval.

Assigned for Public Safety – portion of fund balance budgeted by the Board for public safety related activities such as police, fire, and EMS.

Assigned fund balance at June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Purpose	General Fund
Assigned:	
Subsequent year's expenditures	\$ 13,627,844
Public safety	 459,873
Total	\$ 14,087,717

Unassigned Fund Balance – Portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds. Only the General Fund may report a positive unassigned fund balance. However, in governmental funds other than the General Fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative fund balance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Henderson County has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Director will use resources in the following order: bond/debt proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-County funds, and County funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and, lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Director has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the County or when required by grant or other contractual agreements.

Henderson County has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund, which instructs management to conduct business of the County in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 12% of actual expenditures. Any portion of the General Fund balance in excess of 12% of actual expenditures may be appropriated for future use for a specific purpose.

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation.

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 63,349,613
Less:	
Inventories	(65,959)
Prepaid items	(232,368)
Stabilization by state statute	 (11,815,576)
Total available fund balance	\$ 51,235,710

Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

The County participates in two cost-sharing, multi-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the state; the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF) (collectively, the "state-administered defined benefit pension plans"). For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Deficit Net Position of Individual Funds

At year-end, the County reported deficit fund balance or net position in the following funds:

COVID-19 Fund \$ 320,499

Fire Districts Fund \$ 1,132

Corrective Action Plan. The County will continue to monitor the COVID-19 fund and make changes as adopted in the COVID-19 fund plan. The deficit in the fund represents the portion of funds expended in response to the coronavirus pandemic for which the County is seeking reimbursement through Federal Emergency Management Assistance (FEMA) grants. Any expenditures unreimbursed through FEMA will be funded via alternate revenue sources.

The deficit in the Fire Districts Fund is a result of the timing of accrual of collections received after the end of fiscal year, made following the final payout of collections to Fire Districts. In the event any amounts are disbursed in excess of collections, that excess, usually minimal, will be netted against future collections and subsequent disbursements to Fire Districts.

3. Detail Notes On All Funds

A. Assets

Deposits

All of the County's and the Hospital's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the County or the Hospital's agent in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County and the Hospital, these deposits are considered to be held by their agents in the entities' names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County or the Hospital, or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County or the Hospital under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The County has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method and to monitor them for compliance. The State Treasurer enforces standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions. The County and the Hospital rely on the State Treasurer to monitor those financial

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

institutions. The County analyzes the financial soundness of any other financial institution used by the County. The County complies with the provisions G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2020, the County's deposits had a carrying amount of \$12,438,344 and a bank balance of \$14,791,127. Of the bank balance, \$527,812 was covered by federal depository insurance, and the balance was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. At June 30, 2020, the County had \$6,206 cash on hand.

At June 30, 2020, the Hospital's deposits had a carrying amount of approximately \$63,127,000 and a bank balance of approximately \$65,402,000. Of the bank balance, approximately \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and the balance was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method.

Investments

At June 30, 2020, the County had the following investments and maturities:

	Valuation				
Investment Type	Measurement Method	Book Value	Less Than 6 Months	6-12 Months	1-5 Years
U.S. government agencies	Fair Value-Level 2	\$ 30,555,481	\$ -		\$ 30,555,481
Commercial paper	Fair Value-Level 2	19,797,901	19,797,901	-	-
North Carolina Capital Management					
Trust - Government Portfolio	Fair Value-Level 1	73,952,508	73,952,508	-	-
North Carolina Capital Management					
Trust - Term Portfolio *	Fair Value-Level 1	5,117,441	5,117,441		
Total		\$ 129,423,331	\$ 98,867,850	\$ -	\$ 30,555,481
Commercial paper North Carolina Capital Management Trust - Government Portfolio North Carolina Capital Management Trust - Term Portfolio *	Fair Value-Level 1	73,952,508	73,952,508	 	\$ 30,555,4

Federal Home Loan Bank	\$
Endandal National Mantagas Association	

Federal National Mortgage Association 20,956,187
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation 5,052,492
\$ 30,555,481

Fair Value

E-1-- V-1--

4,546,802

Commercial Paper:

US Government Agencies:

	 rair value
V LLC	\$ 4,965,062
Credit Suisse First Boston NY	4,951,233
Malayan Banking Berhad NY	4,941,356
Natixis	 4,940,250
	\$ 19,797,901

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

*As of June 30, 2019, the NC Capital Management Trust Term Portfolio has a duration of .15 years. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolio have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 debt securities are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 2:

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from interest rates, the County's investment policy limits at least half of the County's investment portfolio to maturities of less than 12 months. Also, the County's investment policy requires purchases of securities to be laddered with staggered maturity dates and limits all securities to a final maturity of no more than five years. The County's formal investment policy does not address limits on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates.

Credit Risk. The County limits investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of June 30, 2020, the County's investments in commercial paper were rated P1 by Standard & Poor's, F1 by Fitch Ratings, and A1 by Moody's Investor Service. The County's investments in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2020. The County's investments in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Trust Term Portfolio is unrated. The County's investment in U.S. government agencies (Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal National Mortgage Association, and Federal Home Loan Banks) were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investment Service as of June 30, 2020. The County has no formal policy on credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Concentration risk is the risk when one of the issuers is 5% or greater of the total investment portfolio, excluding deposits. More than 5% of the County's investments are in U.S. Government Agencies. Investments in Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation are 16%, Federal National Mortgage Association are 69%, and Federal Home Loan Bank are 15%, of the total investment portfolio. More than 5% of the County's investments are in commercial paper. Investments in V LLC is 25%, Credit Suisse is 25%, Malaya Banking is 25% and Natixis 25% of the total investment portfolio. The County has no formal policy on the concentration of credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

At June 30, 2020, the Hospital's investments consisted of the following:

	Valuation		Less		Greater	No
	Measurement		than	2-3	than	Maturity
Investment Type	Method	Fair Value	Year	Years	4 Years	Date
U.S. government agencies	Fair Value-Level 2	\$ 3,111,154	\$ 2,340,499	\$ -	\$ 770,655	\$ -
North Carolina Capital						
Management Trust	Fair Value-Level 1	4,657	-	-	-	4,657
Equity securities and funds	Fair Value-Level 1	23,553,397	-	-	-	23,553,397
Stocks and mutual funds	Fair Value-Level 1	1,999,205	-	-	-	1,999,205
Fixed income investments	Fair Value-Level 1	611,474	-	-	-	611,474
Cash and cash equivalents	Fair Value-Level 1	2,360,889				2,360,889
Total		\$31,640,776	\$ 2,340,499	\$ -	\$ 770,655	\$ 28,529,622

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 debt securities are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Hospital's investment policy requires purchases of all securities with a final maturity date longer than 12 months to be approved by the Hospital's Board of Directors.

Custodial Risk. The Hospital manages its custodial credit risk by ensuring its deposits are either insured or collateralized.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). The Hospital manages credit risk through quarterly reviews of the portfolio by the Finance Committee of the Hospital's Board of Directors and limits the credit risk of investments through its investment policy. The Hospital's investments in the NC Capital Management Trust Cash Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2020. The Hospital's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Term Portfolio is unrated. The Term Portfolio is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. government and agencies, and also in high-grade money market instruments as permitted under North Carolina.

During the year ended September 30, 2007, the Hospital began investing in common and preferred stocks through North Carolina Department of State Treasurer's Public Equity portfolio, as permitted by North Carolina General Statute 147-69.2(b)(8). The Hospital's investments in US Government Agencies (Fannie Mae) are rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and AAA by Moody's Investors Service.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Property Tax – Use-Value Assessment on Certain Lands

In accordance with the General Statutes, agriculture, horticulture, and forestland may be taxed by the County at the present use-value as opposed to market value. When the property loses its eligibility for use-value taxation, the property tax is recomputed at market value for the current year and the three preceding fiscal years, along with the accrued interest from the original due date. This tax is immediately due and payable.

The following are property taxes that could become due if present use-value eligibility is lost. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements.

Year Ended			
June 30	 Tax	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 2,297,955	\$ 597,468	\$ 2,895,423
2018	2,279,021	387,434	2,666,455
2019	2,250,354	180,028	2,430,382
2020	 2,290,264	 	 2,290,264
Total	\$ 9,117,594	\$ 1,164,930	\$ 10,282,524

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Receivables

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

			Due From					
						Other		
		Accounts	Taxes		Governments		Total	
Governmental Activities:								
General	\$	4,832,120	\$	1,871,487	\$	8,231,293	\$	14,934,900
Other governmental		206,282		<u>-</u>		304,403		510,685
Total receivables		5,038,402		1,871,487		8,535,696		15,445,585
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(968,336)		(741,807)				(1,710,143)
Total governmental activities	\$	4,070,066	\$	1,129,680	\$	8,535,696	\$	13,735,442
Business-Type Activities:								
Landfill	\$	457,296	\$	-	\$	-	\$	457,296
Cane Creek		1,934,414		-		12,944		1,947,358
Justice Academy	_	3,750	_	_		_	_	3,750
Total receivables		2,395,460		-		12,944		2,408,404
Allowance for doubtful accounts	_	(519,944)				_	_	(519,944)
Total business-type activities	\$	1,875,516	\$		\$	12,944	\$	1,888,460

Due from other governments consisted of the following:

Governmental Activities:

Local option sales tax	\$	7,008,401
Franchise tax		120,576
Sales tax reimbursement		800,555
Motor vehicle tax		531,909
Other taxes		74,255
Total	_	8,535,696
Business-Type Activities:		
Sales tax reimbursement		12,944
Total	\$	8,548,640

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Balance				Balance	
	July 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	June 30, 2020	
Governmental Activities:						
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:						
Land	\$ 15,349,827	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,349,827	
Construction in progress	1,816,244	577,066		(127,383)	2,265,927	
Total non-depreciable capital assets	17,166,071	577,066		(127,383)	17,615,754	
Depreciable Capital Assets:						
Buildings	138,118,785	-	-	-	138,118,785	
Equipment	8,253,441	654,968	(54,304)	127,383	8,981,488	
Vehicles and motor equipment	9,688,046	1,459,558	(1,016,540)		10,131,064	
Total depreciable capital assets	156,060,272	2,114,526	(1,070,844)	127,383	157,231,337	
Less Accumulated Depreciation:						
Buildings	44,616,516	3,888,948	-	-	48,505,464	
Equipment	5,866,814	638,385	(52,891)	-	6,452,308	
Vehicles and motor equipment	5,848,318	1,064,179	(842,349)		6,070,148	
Total accumulated depreciation	56,331,648	\$ 5,591,512	\$ (895,240)	\$ -	61,027,920	
Total depreciable capital assets	99,728,624				96,203,417	
Total depreciable capital assets, net	\$ 116,894,695				\$ 113,819,171	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 2,842,511
Public safety	2,122,740
Economic and physical development	36,632
Human services	414,288
Cultural and recreational	 175,341
Total	\$ 5,591,512

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Balance July 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2020	
Business-Type Activities:					
Landfill:					
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Land	\$ 6,031,371	\$ 50,595	\$ -	\$ 6,081,966	
Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Plant and distribution systems	3,408,012	-	-	3,408,012	
Furniture and maintenance equipment	1,397,754	18,776	(2,544)	1,413,986	
Vehicles	875,524	213,084		1,088,608	
Total depreciable capital assets	5,681,290	231,860	(2,544)	5,910,606	
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Plant and distribution systems	1,602,680	77,597	-	1,680,277	
Furniture and maintenance equipment	840,782	122,428	(2,544)	960,666	
Vehicles	754,468	51,979		806,447	
Total accumulated depreciation	3,197,930	\$ 252,004	\$ (2,544)	3,447,390	
Total depreciable capital assets, net	2,483,360			2,463,216	
Landfill capital assets, net	8,514,731			8,545,182	
Cane Creek Water and Sewer District:					
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Land	324,450	\$ -	\$ -	324,450	
Construction in progress	963,993	2,595,810		3,559,803	
Total non-depreciable capital assets	1,288,443	2,595,810		3,884,253	
Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Plant and distribution systems	24,029,839	492,540	-	24,522,379	
Furniture and maintenance equipment	534,902	22,043	(18,108)	538,837	
Vehicles	192,874			192,874	
Total depreciable capital assets	24,757,615	514,583	(18,108)	25,254,090	
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Plant and distribution systems	7,151,942	595,605	-	7,747,547	
Furniture and maintenance equipment	429,332	42,306	(18,108)	453,530	
Vehicles	142,458	14,705	_	157,163	
Total accumulated depreciation	7,723,732	\$ 652,616	\$ (18,108)	8,358,240	
Total depreciable capital assets, net	17,033,883			16,895,850	
Cane Creek Water and Sewer District					
capital assets, net	18,322,326			20,780,103	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Balance July 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2020
Justice Academy Water and Sewer District: Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land	6,664	\$ -	\$ -	6,664
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Plant and distribution systems	434,523	-	-	434,523
Furniture and maintenance equipment	17,234	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	17,234
Total depreciable capital assets	451,757			451,757
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Plant and distribution systems	228,124	10,863	-	238,987
Furniture and maintenance equipment	17,234	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	17,234
Total accumulated depreciation	245,358	10,863		256,221
Total depreciable capital assets, net	206,399	\$ (10,863)	<u>\$</u>	195,536
Justice Academy Water and Sewer District capital assets, net	213,063			202,200
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 27,050,120			\$ 29,527,485

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Capital asset activity for the Henderson County Hospital Corporation for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	 Balance July 1, 2019		Increases	Transfers/ Decreases		Balance June 30, 2020
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:						
Land	\$ 8,588,824	\$	-	\$ -	\$	8,588,824
Construction in progress	 1,146,629		5,077,596	(5,782,260)		441,965
Total non-depreciable capital assets	 9,735,453	_	5,077,596	(5,782,260)	_	9,030,789
Depreciable Capital Assets:						
Land improvements	3,983,437		21,005	-		4,004,442
Buildings and fixed equipment	118,899,749		1,182,947	-		120,082,696
Moveable equipment	 133,526,031		4,251,364	(497,861)		137,279,534
Total depreciable capital assets	 256,409,217	_	5,455,316	(497,861)	_	261,366,672
Less Accumulated Depreciation:						
Land improvements	1,579,011		174,359	-		1,753,370
Buildings and fixed equipment	77,897,493		4,072,228	-		81,969,721
Moveable equipment	 113,933,698		4,357,027	(496,119)		117,794,606
Total accumulated depreciation	 193,410,202		8,603,614	(496,119)		201,517,697
Total depreciable capital assets, net	 62,999,015	\$	1,929,298	\$ (5,784,002)		59,848,975
Total capital assets, net	\$ 72,734,468				\$	68,879,764

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

B. Liabilities

Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

	Vendors	Salaries and Benefits		Accrued Interest	Inc	cance Claims curred, But t Reported		Total
Governmental Activities:								
General	\$ 443,086	\$ 6,183,596	\$	1,011,814	\$	393,409	\$	8,031,905
Other governmental	5,336,448	24,148		<u>-</u>		_		5,360,596
Total governmental activities	\$ 5,779,534	\$ 6,207,744	\$	1,011,814	\$	393,409	\$	13,392,501
Business-Type Activities:								
Landfill	\$ 626,559	\$ 44,526	\$	-	\$	-	\$	671,085
Water and Sewer Fund	1,804,869	-		=		-		1,804,869
Justice Academy Sewer	 1,805	 	_				_	1,805
Total business-type activities	\$ 2,433,233	\$ 44,526	\$		\$	-	\$	2,477,759

Pension Plan Obligation

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The County is a participating employer in the state-wide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or a www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

at the 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who dies while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 9.70% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 8.95% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the plan from the County were \$3,810,275 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Refunds of Contributions – County employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the County reported a liability of \$16,323,540 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020 (measured as of June 30, 2019), the County's proportion was 0.598%, which was an increase of 0.011% from its proportion as of June 30, 2019 (measured as of June 30, 2018).

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County recognized pension expense of \$7,383,845. At June 30, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,795,003	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	2,660,466	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	398,154	
Changes in proportion and differences between County	370,134	_
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	155,195	5,784
County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	3,810,275	<u>-</u> _
Total	\$ 9,819,093	\$ 5,784

\$3,810,275 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Vear Ending

rear Ending	
June 30	 Total
2021	\$ 2,963,503
2022	943,059
2023	1,626,480
2024	469,992
2025	-
Thereafter	 -
Total	\$ 6,003,034

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent Salary increases 3.50 percent

Investment rate of return 7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality rates based on the *RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table* that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are, therefore, not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over the multiple horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Fixed income	29.0%	1.4%
Global equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100.00%	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2019 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1%		Discount	1%
]	Decrease (6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	Increase (8.00%)
County's proportionate share of the net			 	 _
pension liability (asset)	\$	37,334,921	\$ 16,323,540	\$ (1,141,174)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description. Henderson County administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer, defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained the age of 55 years of age and have completed five years or more of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G. S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2018, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of 140 active plan members and 22 retired members receiving benefits.

A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The County has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay-as-you-go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria, which are outlined in GASB Statements 73.

Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age normal actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2018 valuation. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Discount rate 3.26 percent

The discount rate used to measure the TPL is the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Government Employees' Retirement System for the five-year period ending December 31, 2014.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Deaths After Retirement (Healthy): RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant base rates projected to 2015 using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from 2015 using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 104% for males and 100% for females.

Deaths Before Retirement: RP-2014 Employee base rates projected to 2015 using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from 2015 using MP-2015.

Death After Retirement (Beneficiary): RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant base rates projected to 2015 using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from 2015 using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 123% for males and females.

Deaths After Retirement (Disabled): RP-2014 Disabled Retiree base rates projected to 2015 using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from 2015 using MP-2015. Rates are adjusted by 103% for males and 99% for females.

Contributions

The County is required by Article 12D of G. S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay-as-you-go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The County paid \$333,787 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the County reported a total pension liability of \$5,212,267. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019 based on a December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was rolled forward to December 31, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County recognized pension expense of \$461,382.

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	
	Re	sources	Re	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	418,241	\$	77,023
Changes of assumptions		220,268		132,714
County's benefit payments and plan administrative expense				
made subsequent to the measurement date		163,501		_
Total	\$	802,010	\$	209,737

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The County paid \$163,501 in benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date that are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions which will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	 Total
2021	\$ 96,753
2022	100,759
2023	105,319
2024	89,131
2025	36,810
Thereafter	
Total	\$ 428,772

Sensitivity of the County's Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the County's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.26%, as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.26%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.26%) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(2.26%)	(3.26%)	(4.26%)
Total pension liability	\$ 5,593,401	\$ 5,212,267	\$ 4,862,770

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officer's Special Separation Allowance

	2020
Beginning balance	\$ 4,735,595
Service cost	198,328
Interest on total pension liability	166,301
Differences between expected and actual	
experience in the measurement of the total	
pension liability	309,396
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	136,434
Benefit payments	(333,787)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 5,212,267

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Changes of Assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.64 percent at December 31, 2018 to 3.26 percent at December 31, 2019.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401 (k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires that the County contribute each month an amount equal to 5% of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. The County contributed \$853,911 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Plan Description. The County also contributes to the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (Fund), a non-contributory, defined benefit plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. The RODSPF provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible county Register of Deeds who is retired under the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Benefits Provided. An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a register of deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

Contributions. Benefits and administrative expenses are funded by investment income and 1.5% of the receipts collected by each County Commission under Article 1 of Chapter 161 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuary's required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Contribution provisions are established by the General Statute 161-50 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$12,560 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the County reported an asset of \$239,520 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the County's share of contributions to the pension plan, relative to contributions to the pension plan of all participating RODSPF employers. At June 30, 2019, the County's proportion was 1.213%, which was a decrease of 0.174% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County recognized pension expense of \$25,548. At June 30, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	11,550	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on pension plan investments		2,451		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between County					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		27,698		-	
County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		12,560		_	
Total	\$	42,709	\$	11,550	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

\$12,560 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows or outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	 Total
2021	\$ 6,190
2022	10,790
2023	6,350
2024	(4,731)
2025	-
Thereafter	
Total	\$ 18,599

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor Investment rate of return 3.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience as of December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and, therefore, not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 100% in the fixed income asset class. The estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the fixed income asset class as of June 30, 2019 is 1.4%.

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2019 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 3.75%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.75%) than the current rate.

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease (2.75%)	Rate (3.75%)	Increase (4.75%)
County's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability (asset)	\$ (197,990)	\$ (239,520)	\$ (274,631)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for LGERS and ROD was measure as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability for LEOSSA was measured as of June 30, 2019, with an actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2018. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contribution of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	LGERS	_	ROD	LEOSSA	Total
Proportionate share of net pension					
liability (asset)	\$ 16,323,540	\$	(239,520)	\$ -	\$ 16,084,020
Proportion of the net pension liability	ity				
(asset)	0.59773%		1.21325%	N/A	-
Total pension liability	-		-	5,212,267	5,212,267
Pension expense	7,383,845		25,548	461,382	7,870,775

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

At June 30, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	LGERS	ROD	LEOSSA		Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Pensions - difference between expected						
and actual experience	\$	2,795,003	\$ -	\$ 418,241	\$.	3,213,244
Pensions - difference between projected						
and actual investment earnings		398,154	2,451	-		400,605
Changes of assumptions		2,660,466	-	220,268	2	2,880,734
Pensions - change in proportion and						
difference between employer contributions						
and proportionate share of contributions		155,195	27,698	-		182,893
County contributions (LGERS, ROD)/						
benefit payments and administration						
costs (LEOSSA) subsequent						
to the measurement date	_	3,810,275	 12,560	163,501		3,986,336
Total	\$	9,819,093	\$ 42,709	\$ 802,010	\$ 10	0,663,812
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Pensions - difference between expected						
and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 11,550	\$ 77,023	\$	88,573
Changes of assumptions		-	-	132,714		132,714
Pensions - change in proportion and						
difference between employer contributions						
and proportionate share of contributions	_	5,784	 _			5,784
Total	\$	5,784	\$ 11,550	\$ 209,737	\$	227,071

Post-Employment Benefits

Deferred Compensation Plan

The County offers its employees two deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plans available to all County employees permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation in the plan is at the option of the employee.

Investments are managed by the Plan's trustee under one of four investment options, or a combination thereof. The choice of the investment option(s) is made by the participants.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The County has complied with changes in the laws, which govern the County's deferred compensation plans, requiring all position of the plans to be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. In accordance with GASB Statement 32, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code 457 Deferred Compensation Plans", the County's Deferred Compensation Plans are not reported as County agency funds.

Other Post-Employment Benefits - Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. In addition to providing pension benefits, the County has elected to provide a healthcare benefits plan to retirees of the County who have at least thirty (30) years of service with the County or are at least 55, but not Medicare eligible, with a minimum of ten (10) years of service with the County and have a combined age and years of service total of at least 70. Retired employees meeting the criteria discussed herein will be provided hospitalization in the same manner as the active County employees. The County pays 100% of the payments for any retiree with thirty (30) or more years of service with the County or a combined age and years of service total of at least 80. The plan is available to qualified retirees until age 65 or until Medicare eligible, whichever is sooner. Reduced contribution rates are made by the County for retirees with combined age and years of service that total 70 or 75 at retirement. Retirees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the County's group rates. Currently, 73 retirees are eligible for post-retirement health benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the County made payments for post-retirement health benefit premiums of \$1,527,874. The County is selfinsured and contracts with a private carrier to administer the healthcare plan. A separate report was not issued for the plan. This is a single employer defined benefit plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75. Management of the HCB Plan is vested in the Henderson County Board of Commissioners.

County	Contributions	Rased	nn Vears	of Cre	ditable	Service
County	Continuutions	Dascu	on icais	UI CIC	uitabic	SCI VICC

Years of Creditable Service				
Less than 10 years of actual service w/ HC	0%			
Age plus years of service is 70-74	50%			
w/ 10 years actual service w/ HC				
Age plus years of service is 75-79	75%			
w/ 10 years actual service w/ HC				
Age plus years of service is 80 or greater	100%			
w/ 10 years actual service w/ HC				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Membership of the plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2018, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefit payments	73
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefit payments	-
Active plan members	752
	825

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$21,660,306 was measured as of June 30, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	
General Employees & Firefighters	3.50 to 7.75 percent, including wage inflation
Law Enforcement Officers	3.50 to 7.35 percent, including wage inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Prior Measurement Date	3.89 percent
Measurement Date	3.50 percent
Healthcare Cost Trends	
Pre-Medicare	7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028
Medicare	5.38 percent for 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2022
Dental	4.00 percent

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB
	Liability
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$20,227,240
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	997,087
Interest	763,735
Differences between expected and actual experience	144,390
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	727,218
Benefit payments	(1,199,364)
Net changes	1,433,066
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$21,660,306

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the Municipal Bond Index Rate from 3.89% to 3.50%

The County selected a Municipal Bond Index Rate equal to the June average of the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Bond Index published weekly by The Bond Buyer, and the discount rate used to measure the TOL is the Municipal Bond Index Rate as of the measurement date.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 – December 31, 2014, adopted by the LGERS Board.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, healthcare cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.50 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1%		1%
	Decrease	Current	Increase
	(2.50%)	(3.50%)	(4.50%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 23,663,360	\$ 21,660,306	\$ 19,853,614

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	Current		1%	
	Decrease	Discount Rate		Increase	
Total OPEB liability	\$19,113,555	\$	21,660,306	\$24,678,600	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$1,745,919. At June 30, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	125,662	\$	259,274
Changes of assumptions		909,377		564,602
Benefit payments and plan administrative expense				
made subsequent to the measurement date		1,527,874		
Total	\$	2,562,913	\$	823,876

\$1,527,874 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	 Total
2021	\$ (14,903)
2022	(14,903)
2023	(14,903)
2024	(14,903)
2025	62,555
Thereafter	 208,220
Total	\$ 211,163

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Other Employment Benefits

The County has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for Members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multi-employer, state-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis.

Lump-sum death benefits are provided to beneficiaries 1) who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or 2) who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death. This payment is equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to his or her death. The death benefit payments to beneficiaries must be a minimum of \$25,000 and will not exceed \$50,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the County, the County does not determine the number of eligible participants. The County has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payrolls based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The County considers these contributions to be immaterial.

Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs

Federal and state laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfills when they stop accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Current federal and state regulations required all unlined landfills to stop accepting waste by January 1, 1998. The County's unlined Stoney Mountain Road Landfill stopped accepting waste on that date. Although certain closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as an operating expense in each period.

Due to a redetermination of post-closure costs being performed after the landfill stopped accepting waste, the estimated post-closure costs decreased significantly from the amount estimated in prior years. The \$1,095,659 reported as landfill post-closure care liability at June 30, 2020 represents the cumulative amount reported at that date for costs yet to be incurred. The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of post-closure care as incurred. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all post-closure care in 2020. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

Henderson County Hospital Corporation Pension Plan

Please see the separately issued financial report of Henderson County Hospital Corporation for a complete description of the Hospital pension plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Charge on refunding of debt	\$ 1,848,367	\$ -	
Pensions - difference between expected and actual			
experience			
LGERS	2,795,003	-	
Register of Deeds	_	11,550	
OPEB	125,662	259,274	
LEOSSA	418,241	77,023	
Pensions - difference between projected and actual	- /	,	
investment earnings			
LGERS	398,154	-	
Register of Deeds	2,451	-	
Changes of assumptions			
LGERS	2,660,466	-	
LEOSSA	220,268	132,714	
OPEB	909,377	564,602	
Pensions - change in proportion and difference			
between employer contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions			
LGERS	155,195	5,784	
Register of Deeds	27,698	-	
Contributions to pension plans in 2019-2020 fiscal	,		
year - LGERS, LEOSSA, ROD, OPEB	5,514,210	_	
Prepaid taxes not yet earned (General Fund)	-	176,143	
Taxes receivable, net (General Fund)	_	1,129,680	
Other receivables (General Fund)	_	279,501	
Prepaid fire district tax, net (Special Revenue Fund)	-	7,104	
Total	\$ 15,075,092	\$ 2,643,375	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County participates in two self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners Joint Risk Management Agency. Through these pools, the County obtains property coverage equal to the replacement cost of owned property subject to total insured values, with sub-limits on coverage for specified perils; general, auto, professional, employment practices, and law enforcement liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence; auto physical damage for owned vehicles at actual cash value; crime coverage of \$250,000 per occurrence; and workers' compensation coverage up to the statutory limits. All real and personal property owned by the County is subject to a blanket limit of \$144.5 million per occurrence.

All property coverage and some liability coverage are subject to per occurrence deductibles, as selected by the County. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and audited financial statements are available to the County upon request.

Both of the pools are reinsured through a multi-state public entity captive for single occurrence losses in excess of \$500,000, up to a \$2 million limit for liability coverage, and single occurrence losses in excess of \$750,000 for workers' compensation. Through the captive, the Liability and Property Pool is reinsured for \$2,000,000 of annual aggregate losses in excess of \$250,000 per occurrence for property, auto physical damage, and crime coverage, with additional limits of \$498 million purchased through a group of commercial carriers through the multi-state public entity captive.

Medical liability insurance for local inmates of the Detention Center is purchased through a commercial carrier. The County is insured for individual losses in excess of \$2,000,000, subject to a \$250,000 limit per person, and an annual aggregate of \$10,000,000, subject to a \$250,000 limit.

The County has flood insurance coverage in zones A and V at \$1,000,000 per occurrence with a \$1,000,000 annual aggregate and a shared reinsurance limit with other members of CRL, Inc. of a \$20,000,000 annual aggregate. For zones other than A and V, there is a \$5,000,000 limit per occurrence with a \$5,000,000 annual aggregate and a shared reinsurance limit with other members of CRL, Inc. of a \$200,000,000 annual aggregate. There is a \$25,000,000 flood deductible per occurrence.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the County's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the County's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Tax Collector and the Deputy Tax Collector are bonded for \$1,000,000 and \$250,000 respectively while the Finance Director and the Register of Deeds are bonded for \$1,000,000 and \$50,000 respectively. The remaining employees who have access to funds are bonded at \$25,000 each.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The County carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The County provides employee health and dental benefits through a self-insured plan provided by Blue Cross/Blue Shield of North Carolina (BCBSNC). Claims are administered and paid directly from the plan by BCBSNC. Specific stop/loss is set at \$190,000 per individual health insurance claim with an unlimited lifetime maximum.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred, but not reported (IBNR's).

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities for health insurance during the past fiscal year are as follows:

	Year Ended June 30			une 30
		2019		2020
Unpaid claims:				
Beginning of year - July 1	\$	371,290	\$	733,030
Incurred claims		12,193,645		(12,494,378)
Claim payments		(11,831,905)		12,154,757
End of year - June 30	\$	733,030	\$	393,409

Claims typically have been liquidated in the General Fund and the Landfill Fund.

Claims and Judgments

At June 30, 2020, the County was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the County's management and the County attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Long-Term Obligations

Installment Financing Contracts

The County has direct placement installment financing contracts with the Henderson County Governmental Financing Corporation, a component unit, for construction of educational and public safety facilities. These contracts were funded by execution and delivery of certificates of participation. The outstanding contracts at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

\$7,500,000 2010 County Buildings Recovery Zone Economic Development bonds, due in annual principal payments of \$500,000, including interest charged at an annual rate of 4.80%. Payments will continue through November 19, 2025.

3,000,000

Total installment contracts

\$ 3,000,000

The County's outstanding contracts from direct placements related to the Henderson County Detention Center of \$3,000,000 is secured by a deed of trust for the benefit of the bank, pursuant to which the County grants a lien on the site. The contracts contain a provision that in an event of default, there will be foreclosure of the collateral. The County liability is limited to the collateral.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the County's direct placement installment financing are as follows:

Year]	Principal		Interest		
2021	\$	500,000	\$	144,000		
2022		500,000		120,000		
2023		500,000		96,000		
2024		500,000		72,000		
2025		500,000		48,000		
2025-2026		500,000		24,000		
Total	\$	3,000,000	\$	504,000		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Installment Purchases

As authorized by state law [G.S.160A-20 and 153A-158.1], the County has financed various direct placement property acquisitions for use by the Henderson County Public School by installment purchase. The installment purchase was issued pursuant to a deed of trust that requires legal title remain with the County as long as the debt is outstanding. The County has entered into a lease with the Henderson County Board of Public Education that transfers the rights and responsibilities for maintenance and insurance of the property to the Board of Education. The lease calls for nominal annual lease payments and also contains a bargain purchase option. The lease term is the same as that of the installment purchase obligation. Due to the economic substance of the transaction, the capital position associated with the installment purchase obligation is recorded by the Board of Education.

Other direct placement installment purchase contracts payable at June 30, 2020 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Governmental Activities:

\$32,000,000 Elementary Schools Project financing contract due in semi-annual principal payments of \$914,286, including interest charged at an annual rate of 3.72%. Payments will continue through September 30, 2025.

\$ 10,057,144

Total installment purchases indebtedness

\$ 10,057,144

The County's outstanding contracts from direct placements related to the Clear Creek Elementary School and Etowah Elementary School projects of \$10,057,144 is secured by a deed of trust for the benefit of the bank, pursuant to which the County grants a lien on the sites. The contracts contain a provision that in an event of default, there will be foreclosure of the collateral. The County liability is limited to the collateral.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the County's direct placement governmental installment purchases are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		
2021	\$	1,828,571	\$	246,240	
2022		1,828,571		199,337	
2023		1,828,571		152,434	
2024		1,828,571		105,531	
2025		1,828,571		58,629	
2026		914,289		11,726	
Total	\$	10,057,144	\$	773,897	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Landfill:

\$2,000,000 Solid Waste system improvements with annual principal payments of \$133,333, including interest that is payable at 3.2%. Payments will continue through December 9, 2026.

933,334

Cane Creek Water and Sewer District:

\$2,763,000 Mud Creek Interceptor Project with annual principal payments ranging from \$185,000 to \$184,000. Payment is due semi-annually on April 1st and October 1st at an interest rate of 3.4%. Payments will continue through October 1, 2023.

2,578,000

Total installment purchases indebtedness

\$ 3,511,334

The County's outstanding contracts from direct placements related to the Henderson County Solid Waste Facility of \$933,334 is secured by a deed of trust for the benefit of the bank, pursuant to which the County grants a lien on the site. The contracts contain a provision that in an event of default, there will be foreclosure of the collateral. The County liability is limited to the collateral.

The County's outstanding contracts from direct placements related to the gravity sewer lines located at the intersection of US Highway 25 and Interstate 26 of \$2,578,000 is secured by a deed of trust for the benefit of the bank, pursuant to which the County grants a lien on the site. The contracts contain a provision that in an event of default, there will be foreclosure of the collateral. The County liability is limited to the collateral.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the County's direct placement business-type installment purchases are as follows:

	Landfill			
Year Ending				
June 30		Principal		Interest
2021	\$	133,333	\$	29,867
2022		133,333		25,600
2023		133,333		21,333
2024		133,333		17,067
2025		133,333		12,800
2026-2027	_	266,669		12,800
Total	\$	933,334	\$	119,467

Cane Creek Water and Sewer District

Year Ending				
June 30	Principal		Interest	
2021	\$	185,000	\$	84,507
2022		185,000		78,217
2023		184,000		71,944
2024		184,000		65,688
2025		184,000		59,432
2026-2030		920,000		203,320
2031-2034		736,000		50,048
Total	\$	2,578,000	\$	613,156

Limited Obligation Indebtedness

The County's Limited Obligation Bonds are serviced by the Cane Creek Water and Sewer District Fund and by the General Capital Projects Fund. They are collateralized by the full faith credit and taxing power of the County. Approximately 9% of the Limited Obligation Bonds were issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major sewer system capital improvements. These bonds, which are recorded in the Cane Creek Water and Sewer District Fund, are collateralized by the full faith credit and taxing power of the District. The remaining 91% of the Limited Obligation bonds were issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of a library and schools. These bonds, which are recorded in the General Capital Projects Fund, are collateralized by full faith credit and taxing power of the County. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The County's limited obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2020 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Governmental Activities:

654,422
7,210,000
13,530,000
23,210,000
14,600,000
1,870,000
10,655,000
21,915,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

\$52,525,000 Series 2020 Limited Obligation bonds, due in annual principal payments ranging from \$2,625,000 to \$2,630,000. Payment is due semi-annually on December 1st and June 1st at an interest rate ranging from 2.75% to 5.00%

52,525,000

Total governmental limited obligation bonds payable

146,169,422

Business-Type Activities:

Cane Creek Water and Sewer District: \$18,880,000 Series 2010 B Limited Obligation bonds, due in annual principal payments ranging from \$70,770 to \$225,972 on December 1 through 2020. Interest is payable semi-annually at rates ranging from 1.0% to 5.0%, fluctuating throughout the life of the bonds.

70,578

Total limited obligation bonds payable

\$ 146,240,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the County's limited obligation indebtedness are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest
2021	\$ 10,975,422	\$ 5,776,585
2022	10,278,000	5,348,521
2023	10,279,000	5,000,996
2024	10,242,000	4,652,511
2025	10,198,000	4,299,431
2026-2029	36,342,000	16,152,194
2030-2034	35,945,000	7,831,020
2035-2038	 21,910,000	1,721,581
Total	\$ 146,169,422	\$ 50,782,839

Business-Type Activities:

Year Ending June 30	P	rincipal	Ir	iterest
2021	\$	70,578	\$	1,415
Total	\$	70,578	\$	1,415

At June 30, 2020, the County had no bonds authorized, but unissued, and a legal debt margin of \$1,135,189,591.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Long-Term Obligation Activity

A summary of changes in long-term debt follows:

		Balance July 1, 2019	·	Increases		Decreases	J	Balance une 30, 2020	P	Current ortion of Balance
Governmental Activities:										
Limited obligation bonds	\$	102,351,906	\$	52,525,000	\$	(8,707,484)	\$	146,169,422	\$ 1	0,975,422
Add unamortized bond premium		6,921,418		7,917,694		(800,414)	_	14,038,698		404,530
Total limited obligation bonds		109,273,324		60,442,694		(9,507,898)		160,208,120	1	1,379,952
Other long-term obligations:										
Direct placement - installment purchases		13,353,505		-		(3,296,361)		10,057,144		1,828,571
Direct placement - installment contracts		3,500,000		-		(500,000)		3,000,000		500,000
Net pension liability (LGERS)		13,648,090		2,364,117		-		16,012,207		-
Compensated absences		2,803,172		1,136,552		(773,042)		3,166,682		316,668
Total OPEB liability		20,051,556		1,401,968		-		21,453,524		-
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)	_	4,735,595	_	476,672	_		_	5,212,267		
Total governmental activities	\$	167,365,242	\$	65,822,003	\$ ((14,077,301)	\$	219,109,944	\$ 1	4,025,191
Business-Type Activities:										
Landfill:										
Direct placement - installment purchases	\$	1,066,667	\$	-	\$	(133,333)	\$	933,334	\$	133,333
Accrued landfill closure and						(101.1-1)		4 00 - 6-0		
post-closure care cost		1,226,813		-		(131,154)		1,095,659		131,154
Net pension liability (LGERS)		263,086		48,247		-		311,333		-
Total OPEB liability		175,684		31,098		(07.01.6)		206,782		-
Compensated absences		62,218	_	22,391		(27,816)	_	56,793		6,222
Total Landfill		2,794,468		101,736	_	(292,303)	_	2,603,901		270,709
Cane Creek Water and Sewer District:										
Limited obligation bonds		176,190		-		(105,612)		70,578		70,578
Direct placement - installment purchases		765,191	_	1,997,809		(185,000)	_	2,578,000		185,000
Total Cane Creek Water and Sewer District	_	941,381	_	1,997,809	_	(290,612)		2,648,578		255,578
Total business-type activities	\$	3,735,849	\$	2,099,545	\$	(582,915)	\$	5,252,479	\$	526,287

Compensated absences, pension liabilities, and other post-employment benefits, typically have been liquidated in the General Fund. Compensated absences are accounted for on a LIFO basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

	Balance July 1,			Balance June 30,	Current Portion of
	2019	Increases	Decreases	2020	Balance
Revenue bonds	\$ 20,624,531	\$ -	\$ 2,551,491	\$ 18,073,040	\$ 2,608,745
Capitalized leases	2,456,395		817,374	1,639,021	741,468
Total	\$ 23,080,926	\$ -	\$ 3,368,865	\$ 19,712,061	\$ 3,350,213

Capital Leases

The Hospital has entered into agreements to lease certain equipment. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inceptions. The leases have bargain purchase options.

At June 30, 2020, the cost of assets held under capital leases was approximately \$3,823,000, less accumulated depreciation and amortization of approximately \$2,237,000.

Scheduled future debt service requirements of long-term debt for years subsequent to June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30	<u>F</u>	Principal
2021	\$	741,468
2022		734,412
2023		163,141
2024		<u>-</u>
Total minimum lease payments	\$	1,639,021

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Revenue Bonds

On September 4, 2013, the County issued a \$9,545,000 County of Henderson, North Carolina Hospital Revenue Refunding Bond, Series 2013 (the 2013 Bond) and loaned the proceeds to the Hospital. The proceeds of the Series 2013 Bond were used to refund the then outstanding Series 2008 Bond and Series 2010 Bond.

On December 18, 2014, the County issued a \$5,000,000 County of Henderson, North Carolina, Hospital Revenue Bond, Series 2014 (the 2014 Bond) and loaned the proceeds to the Hospital. The proceeds of the loan were used to provide funds for constructing and equipping facilities and pay costs related to bond issuance. The principal amount is payable annually through October 1, 2029 and interest is payable bi-annually at 2.45%.

On July 21, 2016, the County issued \$8,342,209 County of Henderson, North Carolina, Tax-Exempt Hospital Revenue Bonds, Series 2016A (the 2016A Bonds). Also on July 21, 2016, the County issued \$8,657,791 County of Henderson, North Carolina Taxable Hospital Revenue Bonds, and Series 2016B (the 2016B Bonds). The proceeds of the 2016A Bonds and the 2016B Bonds were loaned to the Hospital to provide funds for constructing and equipping facilities and pay costs related to bonds issuance. The principal amount is payable annually through June 1, 2023 and interest is payable bi-annually at 1.62% for the 2016A Bonds. The principal amount is payable annually through June 1, 2031 and interest is payable bi-annually at 2.93% for the 2016B Bonds.

The master indenture and loan agreements underlying the bonds contain certain financial covenants including minimum long-term debt service coverage ratio and minimum days' cash on hand as well as a requirement to file the audit report within 180 days of period end. The Hospital has been in compliance with covenants as to rates, fees, and charges in Section 6.06 of the master trust indenture, which requires that the debt service ratio each fiscal year be no less than 1.20.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for Hospital debt obligations are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	 Principal	Interest
2021	\$ 2,608,745	\$ 462,877
2022	2,665,311	394,494
2023	1,578,193	341,400
2024	1,316,045	312,302
2025	1,352,643	275,276
2026-2030	7,357,390	783,251
3031-2035	 1,194,713	 35,005
Total	\$ 18,073,040	\$ 2,604,605

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2020 is computed as follows:

	G	overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$	113,819,171	\$	29,527,485		
Restricted cash from debt issuance		2,973,114		-		
Long-term debt		(173,265,264)		(3,581,912)		
Long-term debt for assets not owned by the County		128,144,144				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	71,671,165	\$	25,945,573		

Unspent debt proceeds of \$54,466,240 deferred outflows - charge on refunding of \$1,848,367 are both related to Schools and are not included in the net investment in capital assets calculation.

Construction Commitments

A summary of the remaining commitments of the County's open construction projects is as follows:

	R	Remaining
<u>Project</u>	<u>C</u>	ommitme nt
Hendersonville High School project	\$	41,448,653
BRCC Patton Project		496,603
Total	\$	41,945,256

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Interfund Balances and Activity

Transfers to/from other funds for the year ended June 30, 2020 consist of the following:

	Tra	ansfers	
	From	То	Purpose
General Capital Reserve Fund General Capital Projects Fund	\$ 118,550	0 \$ 118,550	Fund capital expansion
General Fund General Capital Projects Fund	1,552,58	7 1,552,587	Fund capital expansion
General Fund Public Transit Fund	259,79	9 259,799	Program contribution
General Fund	4,670,76	0	
HCPS-MRTS Capital Project Fund		4,670,760	Fund public school maintenance, repair, technology and safety costs
General Fund	3,113,84	0	
BRCC-MRTS Capital Project Fund		3,113,840	Fund BRCC maintenance, repair, technology and safety costs
General Fund Landfill Fund	54,00	54,000	Fund capital expansion
HCPS-MRTS Capital Project Fund School Capital Project Fund	3,609,666	5 3,609,666	Fund capital expansion
BRCC-MRTS Capital Project Fund School Capital Project Fund	1,395,50	1 1,395,501	Fund capital expansion
General Fund General Capital Reserve Fund	1,756,920) 1,756,920	Fund reserve for future capital expansion
General Capital Reserve Fund General Fund	963,70	7 963,707	Fund capital projects
General Capital Projects Fund General Fund	191,25	5 191,255	Fund capital projects
Public Transit Fund General Capital Projects Fund	296,97	7 296,977	Fund capital projects
General Fund Debt Service Fund Total	\$ 18,624,19	- 640,629	Fund debt service reserve

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

4. Joint Ventures

The County, in conjunction with the State of North Carolina and Henderson County Board of Education, participates in a joint venture to operate Blue Ridge Community College ("Community College"). Each of the three participants appoints four members of the 13member Board of Trustees of the Community College. The President of the Community College's student government association serves as a non-voting, ex-officio member of the Board of Trustees. The Community College is included as a component unit of the State. The County has the basic responsibility for providing funding for the facilities of the Community College and also provides some financial support for the Community College's operations. In addition to providing annual appropriations for facilities, the County periodically issues general obligation bonds to provide financing for new and restructured facilities. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the Community College, because of the statutory responsibilities to provide funding for the Community College's facilities. contributed \$4,298,181 to the Community College for operational expenses during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. In addition, the County made debt service payments of \$1,888,178, including interest, during the year ended June 30, 2020, on limited obligation bonds and certificates of participation (COPs) issued for the Community College facilities. In addition, the County funded a newly implemented facilities Maintenance and Repair, Technology and Security Initiative for \$3,113,840 for approved projects of the Community College, of which \$2,080,310 was spent in FY20. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture; therefore, no equity interest has been reflected in the County's financial statements at June 30, 2020. Complete financial statements for the Community College may be obtained from the Community College's administrative offices at Blue Ridge Community College, Flat Rock, North Carolina.

The County, in conjunction with 22 other counties, is a member of the Vaya Health Managed Care Organization (MCO), which provides mental health, development disability, and substance abuse services to residents of the twenty-three County area. Each participating government appoints members to the governing board of the MCO. The County has ongoing financial responsibility to provide maintenance of effort funding to assist in providing mental health services primarily within the County. The County contributed \$528,612 towards this maintenance of effort in the form of grants to service providers during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. None of the 23 participating governments has any equity interest in the LME, so no equity has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2020. Complete financial statements for the LME may be obtained from the LME's administrative office at 200 Ridgefield Court, Asheville, North Carolina.

5. Jointly Governed Organization

The County, in conjunction with other counties and municipalities, established the Land of Sky Regional Council of Governments (Council). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate funding received from various federal and state agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

6. Summary Disclosure of Significant Commitments and Contingencies

Federal and State-Assisted Programs

The County has received proceeds from federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

7. Subsequent Events

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a coronavirus (COVID-19), a pandemic. As a result, economic uncertainties have arisen, which are likely to negatively impact County revenues. At the current time, we are unable to quantify the potential effects of this pandemic.

On June 17th, 2020, Henderson County entered in to a Consolidation Agreement with the Metropolitan Sewerage District of Buncombe County (MSD) for the transfer of ownership of the Cane Creek Water and Sewer District to MSD, and the related responsibility to operate, maintain, repair, and replace the system. The transfer occurred on July 1, 2020. At the time of transfer, the total net position for the Cane Creek Water and Sewer Fund totaled \$19,936,419, the majority of which comprised of net investment in capital assets.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

- Law Enforcement Officer's Special Allowance Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability
- Law Enforcement Officer's Special Allowance Schedule of Total Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
- Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
- Local Government Employees' Retirement System Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)
- Local Government Employees' Retirement System Contributions
- Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)
- Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Contributions



SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2020	2019 2018		2017	
Beginning balance	\$ 4,735,595	\$	4,644,992	\$ 4,561,820	\$ 4,609,945
Service cost	198,328		200,837	161,720	179,379
Interest on the total pension liability	166,301		141,245	169,905	159,386
Differences between expected and actual experience	309,396		263,037	(173,704)	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	136,434		(164,110)	245,524	(96,170)
Benefit payments	 (333,787)		(350,406)	 (320,273)	(290,720)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 5,212,267	\$	4,735,595	\$ 4,644,992	\$ 4,561,820

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

^{*}Pension schedules are intended to show information for ten years, additional year's information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF TOTAL LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

		2020		2019		2018		2017		
Total pension liability	\$	5,212,267	\$	4,735,595	\$	4,644,992	\$	4,561,820		
Covered payroll		8,022,244		7,566,598		6,908,636		7,221,929		
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		64.97%		62.59%		67.23%		63.17%		

Notes to the Schedules:

Henderson County has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay-related benefits.

^{*}Pension schedules are intended to show information for ten years, additional year's information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

Total OPEB Liability

	2020	2019	2018
Beginning balance	\$ 20,227,240	\$ 19,284,840	\$ 19,572,675
Service cost	997,087	955,028	1,023,125
Interest on TOL and cash flows	763,735	671,611	577,569
Differences between expected and actual experience	144,390	(211,456)	(171,424)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	727,218	373,320	(942,686)
Benefit payments	 (1,199,364)	 (846,103)	 (774,419)
Ending balance of the total OPEB liability	\$ 21,660,306	\$ 20,227,240	\$ 19,284,840
Covered payroll	\$ 36,660,629	\$ 36,660,629	\$ 31,515,633
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	59.08%	55.17%	61.19%

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of Assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal Year	Rate
2020	3.50%
2019	3.89%
2018	3.56%

COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

Local Government Employees' Retirement System 2019 2016 2015 2014 2020 2018 2017 County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%) 0.59773% 0.58639% 0.56991% 0.58474% 0.55923% 0.54613% 0.54613% County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$) \$16,323,540 \$13,911,176 \$8,706,645 \$12,410,141 \$2,509,790 \$(3,220,780) \$6,384,919 County's covered payroll \$39,956,572 \$39,907,050 \$39,475,827 \$33,738,533 \$33,231,069 \$31,738,665 \$30,640,057 County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll 40.85% 34.86% 22.06% 36.78% 7.55% -10.15% 20.84% Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 90.86% 91.63% 94.18% 91.47% 98.09% 102.64% 94.35%

Pension Schedules are intended to show information for ten years, additional year's information will be displayed as it becomes available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ended June 30.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

HENDERSON COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

Local Government Employees' Retirement System 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 \$ 3,810,275 \$ 3,159,386 \$ 2,883,778 \$ 2,763,724 \$ 2,291,770 \$ 2,356,655 \$ 2,246,169 Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution 3,810,275 3,159,386 2,883,778 2,763,724 2,291,770 2,356,655 Contribution deficiency (excess) <u>- \$ - \$ - \$ - \$</u> \$41,836,270 \$39,956,572 \$39,907,050 \$39,475,827 \$33,738,533 \$33,231,069 \$31,738,665 County's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of 6.79% covered payroll 9.11% 7.91% 7.23% 7.00% 7.09% 7.08%

Pension schedules are intended to show information for ten years, additional year's information will be displayed as it becomes available.

COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

		Register of	Dθ	eus Suppi	em	entai Fensi	UII	runa			
	_	2020		2019		2018		2017	2016	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)		1.21325%		1.38721%		1.42083%		1.42155%	1.36491%	1.31871%	1.25345%
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$	(239,520)	\$	(229,764)	\$	(242,521)	\$	(265,773)	\$ (316,304)	\$ (298,899)	\$ (267,737)
County's covered payroll	\$	86,520	\$	90,827	\$	79,713	\$	73,231	\$ 73,416	\$ 69,039	\$ 68,676
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		-276.84%		-252.97%		-304.24%		-362.92%	-430.84%	-432.94%	-389.86%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability **		164.11%		153.31%		153.77%		160.17%	197.29%	193.88%	190.50%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ended June 30.

Pension schedules are intended to show information for ten years, additional year's information will be displayed as it becomes available.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

HENDERSON COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund 2020 2019 2018 2017 2014 2016 2015 \$ 12,560 \$ 11,532 \$ 11,871 \$ 12,345 \$ 11,612 \$ 10,922 \$ 10,767 Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the 10,922 12,560 11,532 11,871 12,345 11,612 10,767 contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess) 86,520 \$ County's covered payroll 89,266 \$ 90,827 \$ 79,713 \$ 73,231 \$ 73,416 \$ 69,039 Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll 14.07% 13.33% 13.07% 15.49% 15.86% 14.88% 15.60%

Pension schedules are intended to show information for ten years, additional year's information will be displayed as it becomes available.



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



The General Fund

The General Fund accounts for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds.



		2020		2019
	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	Actual
Revenues:				
Ad Valorem Taxes:				
Taxes - current		\$ 89,239,981		\$ 78,423,725
Penalties, interest, and advertising		438,166		511,774
Total	<u>\$ 87,128,532</u>	89,678,147	\$ 2,549,615	78,935,499
Local Option Sales Taxes:				
Article 39 one percent		12,467,379		11,687,083
Article 40 one-half of one percent		8,058,682		7,766,626
Article 42 one-half of one percent		7,028,891		6,601,356
Article 44 one-half of one percent		577,927		543,379
Medicaid hold harmless		3,090,819		2,733,167
Total	24,884,992	31,223,698	6,338,706	29,331,611
Other Taxes and Licenses:				
Deed stamp excise tax		950,604		915,094
Gross receipts rental tax		55,852		56,740
Privilege licenses		349,220		347,027
Occupancy tax		2,167,288		2,551,554
Total	3,643,343	3,522,964	(120,379)	3,870,415
Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues:				
Payment in lieu of taxes	38,000	59,153	21,153	56,612
Total	38,000	59,153	21,153	56,612
Restricted Intergovernmental Revenues:				
Federal and state grants		15,982,865		16,383,061
Controlled substance tax		17,047		23,693
Court facility fee		92,538		113,722
ABC net revenues		250,016		135,944
ABC bottles taxes		39,085		34,023
Total	16,726,936	16,381,551	(345,385)	16,690,443
Permits and Fees:				
Inspection fees		1,724,513		1,369,205
Register of Deeds		570,738		505,361
Enforcement fees		129,431		146,614
Stormwater Permit fees		4,785		7,625
Watershed fees		4,760		8,265
Total	1,798,560	2,434,227	635,667	2,037,070

		2020		2019
	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	Actual
Sales and Services:				
Rents, concessions, and fees		3,843,903		3,813,659
Jail fees		466,111		287,547
Ambulance fees		3,680,093		3,129,363
Recreation fees		156,033		247,826
Total	7,435,529	8,146,140	710,611	7,478,395
Investment Earnings	500,000	1,174,097	674,097	1,137,457
Miscellaneous:				
Sale of materials		70,547		60,682
Other		2,962,983		2,199,638
Total	1,512,333	3,033,530	1,521,197	2,260,320
Total revenues	143,668,225	155,653,507	11,985,282	141,797,822
Expenditures: General Government: Governing Body:				
Salaries and employee benefits		257,946		253,129
Operating expenditures		138,488		148,203
Donations and dues		520,948		455,615
Total	1,001,460	917,382	84,078	856,947
Administration:				
Salaries and employee benefits		1,630,508		1,505,890
Operating expenditures		2,395,312		2,759,102
Total	4,382,424	4,025,820	356,604	4,264,992
Elections:				
Salaries and employee benefits		520,088		463,946
Operating expenditures		579,628		376,292
Capital outlay				299,813
Total	1,321,867	1,099,716	222,151	1,140,051
Finance:				
Salaries and employee benefits		819,889		788,940
Operating expenditures		83,344		72,622
Total	943,743	903,233	40,510	861,562

		2020		2019
	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	Actual
Taxes:		1.5(1.42(1.562.502
Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures		1,561,436 525,593		1,563,503 516,418
Total	2,398,123	2,087,029	311,094	2,079,921
Legal:				
Salaries and employee benefits		746,960		775,826
Contracted services		27,397	_	41,640
Total	821,959	774,357	47,602	817,466
Register of Deeds:				
Salaries and employee benefits		396,160		386,503
Operating expenditures		101,936	-	129,418
Total	571,282	498,096	73,186	515,921
Public Buildings:				
Salaries and employee benefits		1,303,685		1,297,986
Operating expenditures		2,613,276		2,968,633
Capital outlay	4 270 440	194,308	250 190	157,057
Total	4,370,449	4,111,269	259,180	4,423,676
Garage and Grounds:		260,400		215 405
Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures		369,488		315,495
Capital outlay		64,227 54,748		97,502 51,056
Total	514,121	488,463	25,658	464,053
		400,403	23,030	
Court Facilities: Operating expenditures		134,179		189,504
Total	153,000	134,179	18,821	189,504
		10 1,175	10,021	103,001
Data Processing:		0.60 575		1 070 242
Salaries and employee benefits		968,575 1,891,626		1,070,242 1,649,192
Operating expenditures Capital outlay		109,819		46,737
Total	3,482,593	2,970,020	512,573	2,766,171
Wellness Clinic:				
Salaries and employee benefits		739,311		642,677
Operating expenditures		252,987		234,337
Capital outlay	-	<u>-</u>	-	22,866
Total	1,084,985	992,298	92,687	899,880
Total general government	19,961,021	19,001,862	2,044,144	19,280,144

		2020		2019
	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	Actual
Public Safety:				
Sheriff and Communications:				
Salaries and employee benefits		14,493,848		13,892,835
Operating expenditures		2,144,929		2,297,045
Capital outlay		844,464		956,350
Total	18,433,862	17,483,241	950,621	17,146,230
Jail:				
Salaries and employee benefits		3,625,541		3,321,145
Operating expenditures		1,241,156		1,269,039
Total	5,343,720	4,866,697	477,023	4,590,184
Emergency Management:				
Salaries and employee benefits		270,857		299,585
Operating expenditures		226,855		141,267
Capital outlay		137,856		13,346
Total	748,102	635,568	112,534	454,198
Fire Services:				
Salaries and employee benefits		469,258		439,416
Operating expenditures		220,860		216,219
Capital outlay		26,025		31,991
Total	760,650	716,143	44,507	687,626
Inspections:				
Salaries and employee benefits		917,386		861,097
Operating expenditures		102,112		99,338
Capital outlay		26,784		36,330
Total	1,112,001	1,046,282	65,719	996,765
Code Enforcement Services:				
Salaries and employee benefits		255,820		249,982
Operating expenditures		33,549		15,513
Capital outlay				24,129
Total	307,576	289,369	18,207	289,624
Erosion Control:				
Salaries and employee benefits		(1,063)		
Total		(1,063)	1,063	

		2020		2019
	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	Actual
Emergency Medical Services:		5 (00 005		5 517 270
Salaries and employee benefits Operating expenditures		5,609,885 640,343		5,517,279 573,483
Capital outlay		614,746		456,709
Total	7,020,845	6,864,974	155,871	6,547,471
Animal Control:				
Salaries and employee benefits		484,661		450,736
Operating expenditures		169,127		186,718
Total	725,302	653,788	71,514	637,454
Rescue Squad:		201 271		212 445
Operating expenditures	204.060	281,361	2 400	312,445
Total	284,860	281,361	3,499	312,445
Total public safety	35,821,903	32,836,360	1,900,558	31,661,997
Environmental Protection: Soil and Water Conservation:				
Salaries and employee benefits		323,466		314,199
Operating expenditures		183,377		28,900
Total	565,033	506,843	58,190	343,099
Forestry Service	58,046	27,339	30,707	40,871
Total environmental protection	623,079	534,182	88,897	383,970
Economic and Physical Development: Planning:				
Salaries and employee benefits		584,629		577,393
Operating expenditures		21,846		23,369
Total	659,991	606,475	53,516	600,762
Agricultural Extension:				
Salaries and employee benefits		384,246		306,831
Operating expenditures		62,014		66,699
Capital outlay		<u>-</u>		33,343
Total	468,349	446,260	22,089	406,873
Land Records Management:		440.0=-		22125
Salaries and employee benefits		410,072		334,272
Operating expenditures	122 606	14,112	0.510	8,507
Total	432,696	424,184	8,512	342,779

Registres Development: Security (Controlled to Security) Registres and employee benefits 15,32,62 1,32,32 1,32,32			2020		2019
Salaris and employee benefits		Budget	Actual		Actual
Operating expenditures 55,100 35,101 Total 208,798 206,371 2,427 182,340 Other Transfers 100,000 100,000 - 100,000 Eleritage museum 100,001 35,978 795,944 Total 1,590,225 854,247 635,978 795,944 Total conomic and physical development 3,360,059 2,637,537 722,522 2,428,348 Human Services: Use and Administration: Senate and employee benefits 5,688,127 5,959,724 Operating expenditures 1,077,143 1,038,86 Capital outlay 8,148,898 6,825,071 1,323,827 6,998,00 Total public health 8,148,898 6,825,071 1,323,827 6,998,00 Environmental Health: Salaries and employee benefits 1,091,110 1,062,789 Operating expenditures 83,057 81,754 4,077 Total 1,339,998 1,198,259 141,739 1,185,14 Environmental H					
Total 208,798 206,371 2,427 182,340 Other Transfers: Incident of the property					
Other Transfers: Inciting museum 100,000 100,000 - 100,000 Economic development contracts 1,490,225 884,247 635,978 795,594 Total 1,590,225 954,247 635,978 895,594 Total economic and physical development 3,360,059 2,637,537 722,522 2,428,348 Iluman Services: Bernald Administration: Salaries and employee benefits 5,688,127 5,959,724 Operating expenditures 1,077,143 1,038,366 Capital outlay 59,801 1,033,827 6,998,090 Total public health 8,148,898 6,825,071 1,323,827 6,998,090 Environmental Health: Salaries and employee benefits 1,091,110 1,062,789 Operating expenditures 83,057 81,754 Capital outlay 2,4092 40,771 Total 1,339,998 1,198,259 141,739 1,185,344 Home and Community Block Grant: Coparating expenditures 850,402 <t< td=""><td>·</td><td>200 500</td><td></td><td>2.425</td><td></td></t<>	·	200 500		2.425	
Heritage museum	Total	208,798	206,371	2,427	182,340
Page	Other Transfers:				
Total 1,590,225 954,247 635,978 895,594 Total economic and physical development 3,360,059 2,637,537 722,522 2,428,348 Human Services: Health: 8 8 8 8 8 8 1 8 1 1 1 1 1,038,366 2 2 2,428,348 8 1				-	
Total economic and physical development 3,360,059 2,637,537 722,522 2,428,348 Human Services: Image: Comparity of the color of the colo	<u>-</u>				
Human Services: Health: General and Administration: Salaries and employee benefits 5,688,127 5,959,724 Operating expenditures 1,077,143 1,038,366 Capital outlay 59,801 1,323,827 6,998,090 Total 8,148,898 6,825,071 1,323,827 6,998,090 Environmental Health: Salaries and employee benefits 1,091,110 1,062,789 Operating expenditures 83,057 81,754 Capital outlay 24,092 40,771 Total 1,339,998 1,198,259 141,739 1,185,314 Hearth Operating expenditures 850,402 2 852,825 Total 850,402 850,402 2 852,825 Total colspan="3">Correcting expenditures 69,200 76,650 Total 69,200 69,200 76,650 Total 69,200 69,200 76,650 Total 69,200 528,612 528,612	Total	1,590,225	954,247	635,978	895,594
Package Pack	Total economic and physical development	3,360,059	2,637,537	722,522	2,428,348
General and Administration: 5,688,127 5,959,724 Salaries and employee benefits 1,077,143 1,038,366 Capital outlay 59,801 - Total 8,148,898 6,825,071 1,323,827 6,998,090 Total public health 8,148,898 6,825,071 1,323,827 6,998,090 Environmental Health: Salaries and employee benefits 1,091,110 1,062,789 Operating expenditures 83,057 81,754 Capital outlay 24,092 40,771 Total 1,339,998 1,198,259 141,739 1,185,314 Home and Community Block Grant: Operating expenditures 850,402 852,825 Total 850,402 850,402 852,825 Total 69,200 69,200 76,650 Operating expenditures 69,200 76,650 Total 69,200 69,200 76,650 Social Services: Mental Health: Operating expenditures <td>Human Services:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Human Services:				
Salaries and employee benefits 5,688,127 5,959,724 Operating expenditures 1,077,143 1,038,366 Capital outlay 59,801 - Total 8,148,898 6,825,071 1,323,827 6,998,090 Environmental Health: Salaries and employee benefits 1,091,110 1,062,789 Operating expenditures 83,057 81,754 Capital outlay 24,092 40,771 Total 1,339,998 1,198,259 141,739 1,185,314 Home and Community Block Grant: Operating expenditures 850,402 852,825 Total 850,402 852,825 Total 69,200 69,200 - 852,825 Total 69,200 69,200 - 76,650 Total 69,200 69,200 - 76,650 Social Services: Mental Health: - 528,612 528,612 Operating expenditures 528,612 528,612 Total 528,612 528,612 528,612 <td>Health:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Health:				
Operating expenditures 1,077,143 1,038,366 Capital outlay 59,801 - Total 8,148,898 6,825,071 1,323,827 6,998,090 Environmental Health Salaries and employee benefits 1,091,110 1,062,789 Operating expenditures 83,057 81,754 Capital outlay 24,092 40,771 Total 1,339,998 1,198,259 141,739 1,185,314 Home and Community Block Grant: Operating expenditures 850,402 852,825 Total 850,402 850,402 852,825 Total 69,200 69,200 76,650 Total 69,200 69,200 76,650 Total 69,200 69,200 76,650 Social Services: Wental Health: Operating expenditures 528,612 528,612 528,612 Total 528,612 528,612 528,612 Total 528,612 528,612 528,612 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Capital outlay 59,801 - Total 8,148,898 6,825,071 1,323,827 6,998,090 Total public health 8,148,898 6,825,071 1,323,827 6,998,090 Environmental Health: Salaries and employee benefits 1,091,110 1,062,789 Operating expenditures 83,057 81,754 Capital outlay 24,092 40,771 Total 1,339,998 1,198,259 141,739 1,185,314 Home and Community Block Grant: Operating expenditures 850,402 852,825 Total 850,402 850,402 - 852,825 Total 69,200 69,200 76,650 76,650 Total 69,200 69,200 - 76,650 Social Services: Mental Health: 528,612 528,612 528,612 Operating expenditures 528,612 528,612 528,612 Total 528,612 528,612 528,612 528,612 Social Services: 528,					
Total 8,148,898 6,825,071 1,323,827 6,998,090 Total public health 8,148,898 6,825,071 1,323,827 6,998,090 Environmental Health: Salaries and employee benefits 1,091,110 1,062,789 Operating expenditures 83,057 81,754 Capital outlay 24,092 40,771 Total 1,339,998 1,198,259 141,739 1,185,314 Home and Community Block Grant: Operating expenditures 850,402 852,825 Total 850,402 852,825 Total 850,402 585,802 852,825 Total 69,200 69,200 76,650 Total 69,200 69,200 76,650 Social Services: Mental Health: 9 528,612 528,612 Operating expenditures 528,612 528,612 528,612 Total 528,612 528,612 528,612 Social Services: 852,825 528,612 528,612 528,612					1,038,366
Total public health 8,148,898 6,825,071 1,323,827 6,998,090 Environmental Health: Salaries and employee benefits 1,091,110 1,062,789 Operating expenditures 83,057 81,754 Capital outlay 24,092 40,771 Total 1,339,998 1,198,259 141,739 1,185,314 Home and Community Block Grant: Operating expenditures 850,402 852,825 Total 850,402 850,402 - 852,825 Total 850,402 850,402 - 76,650 Total 69,200 - 76,650 Total 69,200 - 76,650 Social Services: Mental Health: - 76,650 Operating expenditures 528,612 528,612 Total 528,612 528,612 - 528,612 Administration: - 528,612 - 528,612 - 528,612 Salaries and employee benefits 11,887,988 11,622,148 Operating expenditures 1,325,295 1,291,348	*				
Environmental Health: Salaries and employee benefits	Total	8,148,898	6,825,071	1,323,827	6,998,090
Salaries and employee benefits 1,091,110 1,062,789 Operating expenditures 83,057 81,754 Capital outlay 24,092 40,771 Total 1,339,998 1,198,259 141,739 1,185,314 Home and Community Block Grant: Operating expenditures 850,402 852,825 Total 850,402 850,402 - 852,825 Medical Services: Operating expenditures 69,200 - 76,650 Total 69,200 69,200 - 76,650 Social Services: Mental Health: 528,612 528,612 528,612 Operating expenditures 528,612 528,612 528,612 Total 528,612 528,612 528,612 Administration: 81,887,988 11,622,148 Operating expenditures 1,325,295 1,291,348 Capital outlay 12,644 22,866	Total public health	8,148,898	6,825,071	1,323,827	6,998,090
Operating expenditures 83,057 81,754 Capital outlay 24,092 40,771 Total 1,339,998 1,198,259 141,739 1,185,314 Home and Community Block Grant: Operating expenditures 850,402 852,825 Total 850,402 850,402 - 852,825 Medical Services: Operating expenditures 69,200 76,650 Total 69,200 69,200 - 76,650 Social Services: Mental Health: 528,612 528,612 528,612 Total 528,612 528,612 528,612 Total 528,612 528,612 528,612 Administration: 811,887,988 11,622,148 Operating expenditures 1,325,295 1,291,348 Operating expenditures 1,2644 22,866	Environmental Health:				
Capital outlay 24,092 40,771 Total 1,339,998 1,198,259 141,739 1,185,314 Home and Community Block Grant: Operating expenditures 850,402 852,825 Total 850,402 850,402 - 852,825 Medical Services: Operating expenditures 69,200 76,650 Total 69,200 - 76,650 Social Services: Mental Health: 528,612 528,612 Operating expenditures 528,612 528,612 Total 528,612 528,612 528,612 Administration: 811,887,988 11,622,148 Operating expenditures 11,325,295 1,291,348 Operating expenditures 13,25,295 1,291,348 Capital outlay 12,644 22,866					
Medical Services: 850,402 76,650 Total 69,200 76,650 Total 69,200 76,650 Social Services: 850,402 528,612 Mental Health: 528,612 528,612 Operating expenditures 528,612 528,612 Administration: 528,612 528,612 Salaries and employee benefits 11,887,988 11,622,148 Operating expenditures 1,325,295 1,291,348 Capital outlay 12,644 22,866					
Home and Community Block Grant: Operating expenditures 850,402 852,825 Total 850,402 850,402 - 852,825 Medical Services: Operating expenditures 69,200 76,650 Total 69,200 69,200 - 76,650 Social Services: Mental Health: 0perating expenditures 528,612 528,612 Total 528,612 528,612 - 528,612 Administration: 528,612 528,612 - 528,612 Salaries and employee benefits 11,887,988 11,622,148 Operating expenditures 1,325,295 1,291,348 Capital outlay 12,644 22,866	÷	-			
Operating expenditures 850,402 852,825 Total 850,402 850,402 - 852,825 Medical Services: Operating expenditures 69,200 76,650 Total 69,200 69,200 - 76,650 Social Services: Mental Health: Operating expenditures 528,612<	Total	1,339,998	1,198,259	141,739	1,185,314
Medical Services: Second Services:	Home and Community Block Grant:				
Medical Services: Operating expenditures 69,200 76,650 Total 69,200 69,200 - 76,650 Social Services: Mental Health: Operating expenditures 528,612 528,612 Total 528,612 528,612 - 528,612 Administration: Salaries and employee benefits 11,887,988 11,622,148 Operating expenditures 1,325,295 1,291,348 Capital outlay 12,644 22,866	Operating expenditures	-	850,402		852,825
Operating expenditures 69,200 76,650 Total 69,200 69,200 - 76,650 Social Services: Mental Health: Operating expenditures 528,612 528,612 Total 528,612 - 528,612 Administration: 528,612 - 528,612 Salaries and employee benefits 11,887,988 11,622,148 Operating expenditures 1,325,295 1,291,348 Capital outlay 12,644 22,866	Total	850,402	850,402		852,825
Total 69,200 69,200 - 76,650 Social Services: Mental Health: Operating expenditures 528,612 528,612 Total 528,612 528,612 - Administration: Salaries and employee benefits 11,887,988 11,622,148 Operating expenditures 1,325,295 1,291,348 Capital outlay 12,644 22,866	Medical Services:				
Social Services: Mental Health: 528,612 528,612 Operating expenditures 528,612 528,612 - 528,612 Total 528,612 528,612 - 528,612 Administration: Salaries and employee benefits 11,887,988 11,622,148 Operating expenditures 1,325,295 1,291,348 Capital outlay 12,644 22,866	Operating expenditures	_	69,200		76,650
Mental Health: Operating expenditures 528,612 528,612 Total 528,612 528,612 - 528,612 Administration: Salaries and employee benefits 11,887,988 11,622,148 Operating expenditures 1,325,295 1,291,348 Capital outlay 12,644 22,866	Total	69,200	69,200	<u> </u>	76,650
Operating expenditures 528,612 528,612 528,612 Total 528,612 528,612 - 528,612 Administration: Salaries and employee benefits 11,887,988 11,622,148 Operating expenditures 1,325,295 1,291,348 Capital outlay 12,644 22,866					
Total 528,612 528,612 - 528,612 Administration: Salaries and employee benefits 11,887,988 11,622,148 Operating expenditures 1,325,295 1,291,348 Capital outlay 12,644 22,866			528,612		528.612
Salaries and employee benefits 11,887,988 11,622,148 Operating expenditures 1,325,295 1,291,348 Capital outlay 12,644 22,866	• • •	528,612		<u> </u>	
Salaries and employee benefits 11,887,988 11,622,148 Operating expenditures 1,325,295 1,291,348 Capital outlay 12,644 22,866	Administration:				
Operating expenditures 1,325,295 1,291,348 Capital outlay 12,644 22,866			11,887,988		11,622,148
Capital outlay 12,644 22,866	* *				
	÷	14,243,223	13,225,927	1,017,296	

		2020		2019
	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	Actual
TANF Program: County participation only	1,000		1,000	
County participation only	1,000	-	1,000	<u>-</u>
Income Maintenance Program:				
Supplemental aid to the aged		289,994		366,390
Supplemental aid to the disabled		516,057		563,379
Crisis intervention payments	1.516.454	212,810		263,968
Total	1,716,474	1,018,861	697,613	1,193,737
LIEAP Operations:				
LIEAP Operations	327,213	327,122	91	277,200
Foster Care:				
State boarding home		510,033		294,676
Foster care - children		432,766		531,954
Adoption assistance		328,577		332,177
Total	1,450,000	1,271,376	178,624	1,158,807
Other Assistance:				
Social work contracts	126,482	119,435	7,047	125,394
Medicaid transportation	50,000	28,981	21,019	29,133
Aid to the blind	10,500	7,201	3,299	6,975
Adult day care	86,256	77,840	8,416	85,536
General assistance	101,000	59,998	41,002	69,118
JOBS program	15,000	2,859	12,141	495
EDTAP program	197,095	209,124	(12,029)	187,722
Emergency assistance	3,500	3,208	292	2,162
Other assistance	594,860	286,782	308,078	369,568
Total	1,184,693	795,428	389,265	876,103
Total social services	19,451,215	17,167,326	2,283,889	16,970,821
Veteran Services:				
Salaries and employee benefits		44,653		43,452
Operating expenditures		2,271	_	2,068
Total	48,652	46,924	1,728	45,520
Juvenile Justice Grant:				
Operating expenditures	311,684	285,105	26,579	279,444
Total human services	30,220,049	26,442,287	3,777,762	26,408,664

	2020			2019	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	Actual	
Cultural and Recreational:					
Library:					
Salaries and employee benefits		2,479,603		2,412,158	
Operating expenditures		699,874		769,790	
Capital outlay	2 2 (2 271	2 170 477	102.004	31,922	
Total	3,363,371	3,179,477	183,894	3,213,870	
Parks and Recreation:					
Salaries and employee benefits		1,192,485		1,137,120	
Operating expenditures		652,974		669,448	
Capital outlay		25,767		35,551	
Total	2,222,457	1,871,226	351,231	1,842,119	
Total cultural and recreational	5,585,828	5,050,703	535,125	5,055,989	
Intergovernmental:					
Education:					
Public schools - current expense		28,328,000		27,328,000	
Public schools - capital expense		1,500,000		2,233,939	
Community colleges - capital expense		4,298,181		4,256,273	
Total education	34,126,181	34,126,181		33,818,212	
Debt Service:					
Principal	12,503,941	12,503,845	96	12,937,416	
Interest	4,425,264	4,232,069	193,195	4,392,098	
Total debt service	16,929,205	16,735,914	193,291	17,329,514	
Total expenditures	146,627,325	137,365,026	9,262,299	136,366,838	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,959,100)	18,288,481	21,247,581	5,430,984	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	2,393,922	1,154,962	(1,238,960)	243,695	
Transfers (out)	(13,202,495)	(12,048,535)	1,153,960	(3,548,744)	
Appropriated fund balance	13,767,673	-	(13,767,673)	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,959,100	(10,893,573)	(13,852,673)	(3,305,049)	
Net changes in fund balance	\$ -	7,394,908	\$ 7,394,908	2,125,935	
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year - July 1		55,954,705		53,828,770	
End of year - June 30		\$ 63,349,613		\$ 55,954,705	

Other Major Governmental Funds

School Capital Projects Fund – accounts for local funds and financing proceeds used to fund County School construction projects.



MAJOR - SCHOOL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			Actual	
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date
Revenues:				
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ 411,193	\$ 174,800	\$ 585,993
Miscellaneous		172,884	214,139	387,023
Total revenues		584,077	388,939	973,016
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay:				
General education	94,720,154	13,600,385	29,524,764	43,125,149
Debt Service:				
Interest and fees	526,366	287,780	238,586	526,366
Total expenditures	95,246,520	13,888,165	29,763,350	43,651,515
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(95,246,520)	(13,304,088)	(29,374,411)	(42,678,499)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Installment financing issued	24,225,000	24,225,000	-	24,225,000
Bonds issued	52,525,000	-	52,525,000	52,525,000
Bond premiums issued	10,496,830	2,579,136	7,917,694	10,496,830
Transfers in:				
From Capital Reserve Fund	250,850	250,850	-	250,850
From HCPS-MRTS Project Fund	4,634,000	-	3,609,666	3,609,666
From BRCC-MRTS Project Fund	3,114,840		1,395,501	1,395,501
Total other financing sources (uses)	95,246,520	27,054,986	65,447,861	92,502,847
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 13,750,898	36,073,450	\$ 49,824,348
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of year - July 1			14,080,327	
End of year - June 30			\$ 50,153,777	



Nonmajor Governmental Funds

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – account for the proceeds of special revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes.

Revaluation Reserve Fund – accounts for the accumulation of funds necessary to cover the cost of real property revaluation.

Emergency Telephone Systems Fund (E-911) – accounts for the funds received for the operation of the County's Emergency 911 Communications Center.

Public Transit Fund – accounts for federal and state grant funds and local government contributions used to provide public transportation services in the County.

Fire Districts Fund – accounts for the collection and distribution of real property and registered motor vehicle taxes for the fire districts

<u>Capital Project Funds</u> – account for financial resources to be used for acquisition and construction for major capital facilities.

General Capital Projects Fund – accounts for the financial resources to be used for acquisition and construction for major capital facilities and capital projects within the county

General Capital Reserve Fund – accounts for the accumulation of undedicated resources to fund future projects of the County.

HCPS – MRTS Capital Project Fund – accounts for the financial resources to be used for the maintenance, repair, security and technology initiative for the Henderson County Public Schools

BRCC – **MRTS** Capital Project Fund – accounts for the financial resources to be used for the maintenance, repair, security and technology initiative for the Blue Ridge Community College



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020 $\,$

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds			Nonmajor Capital Project Funds		Debt Service Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets:									
Cash and investments	\$	1,973,700	\$	7,622,747	\$	8,082,519	\$	17,678,966	
Accounts receivable, net		290,283		6,262		-		296,545	
Restricted cash		1,401,780		2,973,114				4,374,894	
Total assets	\$	3,665,763	\$	10,602,123	\$	8,082,519	\$	22,350,405	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	329,087	\$	139,264	\$	_	\$	468,351	
Liabilities to be paid from restricted assets	*	42,555	•	-	•	_	•	42,555	
Prepaid taxes		7,104		-		_		7,104	
Total liabilities		378,746		139,264	_	-		518,010	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Unavailable revenues		159,243			_			159,243	
Fund Balances: Restricted:									
Stabilization by state statute		131,040		6,262		-		137,302	
Restricted, all other		1,712,892		2,973,114		-		4,686,006	
Committed		1,359,225		7,622,747		8,082,519		17,064,491	
Unassigned		(75,383)		(139,264)				(214,647)	
Total fund balances		3,127,774		10,462,859		8,082,519		21,673,152	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	3,665,763	\$	10,602,123	<u>\$</u>	8,082,519	\$	22,350,405	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Nonmajor ecial Revenue Funds	onmajor ital Project Funds	Debt Service Fund		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Revenues:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 12,534,703	\$ -	\$ -	\$	12,534,703
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	648,941	58,914	-		707,855
Sales and services	667,564	-	-		667,564
Investment earnings	30,161	1,245	-		31,406
Miscellaneous	 	 3,064	 		3,064
Total revenues	 13,881,369	 63,223	 		13,944,592
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	838,654	1,915,129	-		2,753,783
Public safety	12,002,248	-	-		12,002,248
Economic and physical development	 729,118	 	 		729,118
Total expenditures	 13,570,020	 1,915,129	 		15,485,149
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 311,349	 (1,851,906)	 		(1,540,557)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers from:					
General Fund	259,799	11,094,107	640,629		11,994,535
General Capital Reserve	-	118,550	-		118,550
Public Transit Fund	-	296,977	-		296,977
Transfers to:					
General Capital Projects Fund	(296,977)	(118,550)	-		(415,527)
School Capital Projects Fund	-	(5,005,167)	-		(5,005,167)
General Fund	 	 (1,154,962)	 		(1,154,962)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (37,178)	 5,230,955	 640,629		5,834,406
Net change in fund balances	274,171	3,379,049	640,629		4,293,849
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of year - July 1	 2,853,603	 7,083,810	 7,441,890	-	17,379,303
End of year - June 30	\$ 3,127,774	\$ 10,462,859	\$ 8,082,519	\$	21,673,152

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2020

			Nonmajo	or S	pecial Reven	ue F	unds				
	Revaluation Reserve Fund		mergency Telephone System Fund (E-911)		Public Transit Fund		ajor FY20 COVID-19 Fund		Fire Districts Fund	_Ju	Totals ne 30, 2020
Assets:											
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$	272,182	\$	1,585,974	\$	-	\$	115,544	\$	1,973,700
Accounts receivable, net	1 401 700		55,630		160,402		1 407 170		74,251		290,283
Restricted cash	1,401,780	¢.	227.012	Φ.	1 746 276	ф.	1,486,178	¢	100 705	e e	1,401,780
Total assets	\$ 1,401,780	\$	327,812	\$	1,746,376	\$	1,486,178	\$	189,795	\$	3,665,763
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:											
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ -	\$	34,177	\$	111,087	\$	1,620	\$	183,823	\$	329,087
Liabilities to be paid from restricted assets	42,555		_		· -				_		42,555
Advances from grantors	-		-		-		1,805,057		_		-
Prepaid taxes	-		_		_		_		7,104		7,104
Total liabilities	42,555	_	34,177		111,087	_	1,806,677		190,927		378,746
Deferred Inflows of Resources:											
Unavailable revenues		_		-	159,243	_				_	159,243
Fund Balances: Restricted:											
Stabilization by state statute	-		55,630		1,159		-		74,251		131,040
Restricted, all other	-		238,005		1,474,887		-		-		1,712,892
Committed	1,359,225		-		-		-		-		1,359,225
Unassigned			-		-		(320,499)		(75,383)		(75,383)
Total fund balances	1,359,225	_	293,635		1,476,046		(320,499)		(1,132)		3,127,774
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 1,401,780	\$	327,812	\$	1,746,376	\$	1,486,178	\$	189,795	\$	3,665,763

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds									
		evaluation Reserve Fund		Emergency Felephone System Fund (E-911)		Public Transit Fund		Fire Districts Fund	_ <u>Jı</u>	Totals ine 30, 2020
Revenues:										
Ad valorem taxes	\$	1,249,657	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,285,046	\$	12,534,703
Restricted intergovernmental revenues		-		-		648,941		-		648,941
Sales and services		-		667,564		-		-		667,564
Investment earnings		21,851		7,172	_			1,138		30,161
Total revenues		1,271,508		674,736	_	648,941	_	11,286,184		13,881,369
Expenditures: Current:										
General government		838,654		_		_		_		838,654
Public safety		-		714,932		-		11,287,316		12,002,248
Economic and physical development		_		, -		729,118				729,118
Total expenditures		838,654		714,932		729,118	_	11,287,316		13,570,020
Revenues over (under) expenditures		432,854		(40,196)		(80,177)		(1,132)		311,349
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers from:										
General Fund		-		-		259,799		-		259,799
Transfers to:						(20 (0 = =)				(2060==)
General Capital Projects Fund			_		_	(296,977)	_		_	(296,977)
Total other financing sources (uses)					_	(37,178)	_	<u> </u>		(37,178)
Net change in fund balances		432,854		(40,196)		(117,355)		(1,132)		274,171
Fund Balances:										
Beginning of year - July 1		926,371		333,831		1,593,401	_			2,853,603
End of year - June 30	\$	1,359,225	\$	293,635	\$	1,476,046	\$	(1,132)	\$	3,127,774

REVALUATION RESERVE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				2019			
	Budget		Actual		Variance Over/Under		Actual
Revenues:							
Ad valorem taxes	\$	1,249,657	\$ 1,249,657	\$	-	\$	1,210,339
Investment earnings			 21,851		21,851		13,815
Total revenues		1,249,657	 1,271,508		21,851		1,224,154
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		1,249,657	 838,654		411,003		885,837
Net change in fund balance	\$		432,854	\$	432,854		338,317
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year - July 1			 926,371				588,054
End of year - June 30			\$ 1,359,225			\$	926,371

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND (E-911)
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Variance Budget Actual Over/Under Act	ual
Revenues:	
Investment earnings \$ - \$ 7,172 \$ 7,172 \$	5,735
Subscriber charges <u>667,564</u> <u>667,564</u>	708,545
Total revenues <u>667,564</u> <u>674,736</u> <u>7,172</u>	714,280
Expenditures:	
Current:	
Public safety 817,564 714,932 102,632	632,971
Revenues over (under) expenditures (150,000) (40,196) 109,804	81,309
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	
Appropriated fund balance 150,000 - (150,000)	
Net change in fund balance \$ (40,196) \$ (40,196)	81,309
Fund Balance:	
Beginning of year - July 1 333,831	252,522
End of year - June 30 <u>\$ 293,635</u> <u>\$</u>	333,831
PSAP Reconciliation:	
Amounts reported on the Emergency Telephone System Fund	
budget to actual are different from the PSAP Revenue -	
Expenditure Report because:	
Ending fund balance, reported on budget to actual \$ 293,635	
Cumulative prior period revenues and expenditures not reported	
in the fund (difference in beginning fund balance - budget to	
actual vs. revised PSAP report) (46,622)	
Ending balance, PSAP revenue - expenditure report \$ 247,013	

PUBLIC TRANSIT FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			2019		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	Actual	
Revenues:					
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ 766,588	\$ 648,941	\$ (117,647)	\$ 1,028,892	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Economic and physical development	1,082,822	729,118	353,704	701,920	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(316,234)	(80,177)	236,057	326,972	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers out:					
To General Capital Projects Fund	(296,977)	(296,977)	-	-	
Transfers in:					
General Fund	259,799	259,799	-	229,435	
Appropriated fund balance	353,412		(353,412)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	316,234	(37,178)	(353,412)	229,435	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(117,355)	<u>\$ (117,355)</u>	556,407	
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year - July 1		1,593,401		1,036,994	
End of year - June 30		\$ 1,476,046		\$ 1,593,401	

FIRE DISTRICTS FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			2019		
	Final	Actual	Variance Over/Under	Actual	
Revenues:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 11,275,064	\$ 11,285,046	\$ 9,982	\$ 9,425,478	
Investment earnings	19,950	1,138	(18,812)	28,829	
Total revenues	11,295,014	11,286,184	(8,830)	9,454,307	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public safety	11,295,014	11,287,316	7,698	9,454,307	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(1,132)	\$ (1,132)	-	
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year - July 1					
End of year - June 30		\$ (1,132)		\$ -	

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2020

			-		
	General Capital Projects Fund	General Capital Reserve Fund	HCPS- MRTS Fund	BRCC- MRTS Fund	Totals _June 30, 2020
Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ 4,843,314	\$ 1,061,094	\$ 1,718,339	\$ 7,622,747
Other receivables, net	6,262	-	-	-	6,262
Restricted cash	2,973,114				2,973,114
Total assets	\$ 2,979,376	\$ 4,843,314	\$ 1,061,094	\$ 1,718,339	\$ 10,602,123
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 139,264	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	<u>\$ 139,264</u>
Fund Balances: Restricted:					
Stabilization by state statute	6,262	-	-	-	6,262
Restricted, all other	2,973,114	-	-	-	2,973,114
Committed	-	4,843,314	1,061,094	1,718,339	7,622,747
Unassigned	(139,264)) -	-	-	(139,264)
Total fund balances	2,840,112	4,843,314	1,061,094	1,718,339	10,462,859
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,979,376	\$ 4,843,314	\$ 1,061,094	\$ 1,718,339	\$ 10,602,123

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General Capital Projects Fund	General Capital Reserve Fund	HCPS- MRTS Fund	BRCC- MRTS Fund	Totals June 30, 2020
Revenues:					
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	\$ 58,914		- \$ -	\$ -	\$ 58,914
Investment earnings	1,245		-	-	1,245
Miscellaneous	3,064		<u> </u>		3,064
Total revenues	63,223		<u> </u>		63,223
Expenditures: Current:					
General government	1,915,129	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		1,915,129
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,851,906	5)	<u> </u>		(1,851,906)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from:					
General Fund	1,552,587	1,756,920	4,670,760	3,113,840	11,094,107
General Capital Reserve	118,550		- ´ ´ -	-	118,550
Public Transit Fund	296,977	,		-	296,977
Transfers to:					
General Capital Projects Fund	-	(118,550	-	-	(118,550)
School Capital Projects Fund	-	-	(3,609,666)	(1,395,501)	(5,005,167)
General Fund	(191,255	(963,707)	7)		(1,154,962)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,776,859	674,663	1,061,094	1,718,339	5,230,955
Net change in fund balances	(75,047	7) 674,663	3 1,061,094	1,718,339	3,379,049
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of year - July 1	2,915,159	4,168,65	<u> </u>		7,083,810
End of year - June 30	\$ 2,840,112	\$ 4,843,314	\$ 1,061,094	\$ 1,718,339	\$ 10,462,859

GENERAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Actual			
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	
Revenues:					
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	\$ 1,576,053	\$ 809,739	\$ 58,914	\$ 868,653	
Investment earnings	-	126,660	1,245	127,905	
Miscellaneous	34,838	467,275	3,064	470,339	
Total	1,610,891	1,403,674	63,223	1,466,897	
Expenditures:					
General government	21,235,032	16,009,002	1,915,129	17,924,131	
Debt Service:	225 404	225 404		225 404	
Interest and fees	235,494	235,494		235,494	
Total expenditures	21,470,526	16,244,496	1,915,129	18,159,625	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(19,859,635)	(14,840,822)	(1,851,906)	(16,692,728)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers (out):					
To General Fund	(425,300)	(100,300)	(191,255)	(291,555)	
Transfers in:					
From General Fund	3,538,724	4,251,866	1,552,587	5,804,453	
From Capital Reserve Fund	268,550	375,000	118,550	493,550	
From Public Transit Fund	296,977	4.526.566	296,977	296,977	
Total transfers in (out)	3,678,951	4,526,566	1,776,859	6,303,425	
Debt issued	13,790,300	12,475,000	-	12,475,000	
Bond premium	1,365,670	1,365,670	-	1,365,670	
Appropriated fund balance	1,024,714				
Total other financing sources (uses)	19,859,635	18,367,236	1,776,859	20,144,095	
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 3,526,414	(75,047)	\$ 3,451,367	
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year - July 1			2,915,159		
End of year - June 30			\$ 2,840,112		

GENERAL CAPITAL RESERVE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2020						2019	
		Budget		Actual		Variance ver/Under		Actual
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers out:								
To General Fund	\$	(1,048,707)	\$	(963,707)	\$	85,000	\$	(243,695)
To Schools Capital Projects Fund		-		-		-		(250,850)
To General Capital Projects Fund		(1,675,470)		(118,550)		1,556,920		(75,000)
Transfers in:								
From General Fund		1,756,920		1,756,920		-		2,632,219
Appropriated fund balance		967,257				(967,257)		
Total other financing sources (uses)				674,663		674,663		2,062,674
Net change in fund balance	\$			674,663	\$	674,663		2,062,674
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year - July 1				4,168,651				2,105,977
End of year - June 30			\$	4,843,314			\$	4,168,651

HCPS - MRTS CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Actual							
		Project norization		Prior Years			Current Year		Total to Date
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in:									
From General Fund	\$	4,670,760	\$		-	\$	4,670,760	\$	4,670,760
Transfers out: To Schools Capital Projects Fund		(4,670,760)					(3,609,666)		(3,609,666)
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u>-</u>					1,061,094		1,061,094
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$		_		1,061,094	\$	1,061,094
Fund Balance:									
Beginning of year - July 1									
End of year - June 30						\$	1,061,094		

BRCC - MRTS CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			Actual								
	Project Authorization			Prior Years		Current Year			Total to Date		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Transfers in:											
From General Fund	\$	3,113,840	\$		-	\$	3,113,840	\$	3,113,840		
Transfers out:											
To Schools Capital Projects Fund		(3,113,840)					(1,395,501)		(1,395,501)		
Total other financing sources (uses)							1,718,339	_	1,718,339		
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>		\$				1,718,339	\$	1,718,339		
Fund Balance:											
Beginning of year - July 1											
End of year - June 30						\$	1,718,339				

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all expenditures for principal and interest for certain long-term debt payments. The other governmental fund types provide the resources to the Debt Service Fund to make the payments through transfers.



DEBT SERVICE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		2020							
	Buc	lget	Actual			Variance ver/Under		Actual	
Expenditures:									
Debt service:									
Principal repayments	\$ 1,7	94,589	5		\$	1,794,589	\$		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,7	(94,589)				1,794,589			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in:									
From General Fund	6	40,629	640,	629		-		-	
Appropriated fund balance	1,1	53,960		_		(1,153,960)		_	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,7	94,589	640,	629		(1,153,960)			
Net change in fund balance	\$		640,	629	\$	640,629		-	
Fund Balance:									
Beginning of year - July 1		_	7,441,	890				7,441,890	
End of year - June 30		\$	8,082,	519			\$	7,441,890	



Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds account for the operations financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the government's board is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed primarily through user charges.

Individual Fund Descriptions:

Landfill Fund – accounts for solid waste collection and disposal operations including recycling in the County that is financed through solid waste user fees.

Cane Creek Water and Sewer District Fund – accounts for water and sewer operations in the Cane Creek District financed by user fees.

Justice Academy Sewer Fund – accounts for sewer operations for the Western North Carolina Justice Academy financed by user fees.



LANDFILL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2020						2019	
		Budget		Actual		Variance Over/Under		Actual
Revenues:								
Operating revenues	\$	8,046,457	\$	7,502,519	\$	(543,938)	\$	7,578,291
Operating grants		160,000		188,106		28,106		176,439
Non-operating revenues:								
Sale of capital assets		-		-		-		19,433
Interest income		20,000		25,650		5,650		27,922
Total revenues		8,226,457		7,716,275		(510,182)		7,802,085
Expenditures:								
Salaries and employee benefits		1,699,428		1,735,001		(35,573)		1,288,357
Other operating expenditures		6,100,975		5,617,836		483,139		5,399,069
Repairs and maintenance		555,000		419,046		135,954		301,308
Capital outlay		242,500	_	282,455		(39,955)		245,678
Total expenditures		8,597,903		8,054,338		543,565		7,234,412
Debt Service:								
Interest paid		34,135		31,471		2,664		36,352
Principal retirement		133,333		133,333				133,333
Total debt service		167,468	_	164,804	_	2,664		169,685
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(538,914)		(502,867)		(1,056,411)		397,988
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in:								
From General Fund		54,000		54,000		-		54,000
Appropriated retained earnings		484,914		<u>-</u>		(484,914)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		538,914		54,000		(484,914)		54,000
Revenues and other financing sources over							_	
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$</u>		_	(448,867)	\$	(448,867)	\$	451,988
Reconciliation of Modified Accrual Basis								
to Full Accrual Basis: Reconciling items:								
Capital outlay, capitalized				282,455				
Principal paid on debt				133,333				
Change in compensated absences				5,425				
Change in net pension liability				(48,247)				
Change in deferred outflows of resources - pension				(24,722)				
Change in deferred inflows of resources - pension				1,498				
Pension expense				(31,098)				
Change in other post-employment benefits				31,098				
Change in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB				(22,539)				
Change in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB				(3,827)				
Post-closure care costs				(131,154)				
Depreciation			_	(252,004)				
Total reconciling items				(59,782)				
Change in net position			\$	(508,649)				

CANE CREEK WATER AND SEWER DISTRICT FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		2020			2019
				Variance	
_	 Budget	 Actual	_0	ver/Under	 Actual
Revenues:					
Operating revenues	\$ 1,551,030	\$ 1,564,138	\$	13,108	\$ 1,600,569
Restricted intergovernmental	1,146,323	-		(1,146,323)	202,985
Non-operating revenues:	10.000	20 502		20.502	20.000
Interest income	 10,000	 38,582		28,582	 29,008
Total revenues	 2,707,353	 1,602,720		(1,104,633)	 1,832,562
Expenditures:					
Water and sewer administration:					
Operating expenditures	1,083,740	981,755		101,985	937,819
Repairs and maintenance	92,000	92,792		(792)	73,636
Capital outlay	 3,482,126	 3,110,393	_	371,733	 832,057
Total water and sewer administration	 4,657,866	 4,184,940		472,926	 1,843,512
Debt Service:					
Interest paid	95,180	49,215		45,965	14,797
Principal retirement	 290,516	 290,612		(96)	107,861
Total debt service	 385,696	 339,827		45,869	122,658
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (2,336,209)	 (2,922,047)	_	(585,838)	 (133,608)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Installment purchase debt issued	1,997,809	1,997,809		-	765,191
Appropriated retained earnings	338,400	-		(338,400)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 2,336,209	1,997,809		(338,400)	765,191
Revenues and other financing sources over					
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 	 (924,238)	\$	(924,238)	\$ 631,583
Reconciliation of Modified Accrual Basis to Full Accrual Basis: Reconciling items:					
Capital contribution		415,200			
Capital outlay, capitalized		3,110,393			
Principal paid on debt		290,612			
Installment purchase debt issued		(1,997,809)			
Depreciation		 (652,616)			
Total reconciling items		 1,165,780			
Change in net position		\$ 241,542			

JUSTICE ACADEMY SEWER FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		2020			2019		
	 Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Und			Actual	
Revenues:							
Operating revenues	\$ 44,544	\$ 41,250	\$ (3,2	294)	\$	38,880	
Non-operating revenues:							
Interest income	 10,000	 14,191		191	_	12,728	
Total revenues	 54,544	 55,441		897		51,608	
Expenditures:							
Water and sewer administration:							
Salaries and employee benefits							
Operating expenditures	64,844	47,904	16,	940		30,333	
Repairs and maintenance	 4,700	 2,905	1,	795		1,672	
Total expenditures	 69,544	 50,809	18,	735		32,005	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(15,000)	4,632	19,	632		19,603	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Appropriated retained earnings	 15,000	 <u>-</u>	(15,	000)		<u>-</u>	
Revenues and other financing sources over							
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 	 4,632	\$ 4,	632	\$	19,603	
Reconciliation of Modified Accrual Basis to Full Accrual Basis:							
Reconciling items:							
Depreciation		(10,863)					
Total reconciling items		(10,863)					
Change in net position		\$ (6,231)					



Agency Funds

Agency Funds are used to account for position held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

Individual Fund Descriptions:

Social Services Fund – accounts for position held by the Social Services Department for the benefit of certain individuals in the County.

Agriculture Fund – accounts for position held by the County for the benefit of certain individuals in the County.

Flexible Spending Fund – accounts for position held for County employees in accordance with provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 125.

Fireman's Association Fund – accounts for position held for the Fireman's Association.

Land Development Fund – accounts for a percentage of subdivision guarantee improvement funds that are held for developers until the improvements are completed.

School Fines and Forfeitures Fund – accounts for fines and forfeitures collected by the court system and passed directly to the public school system as required by General Statute.

Deed of Trust Fund – accounts for the five dollars of each fee collected by the Register of Deeds for registering or filing a deed of trust or mortgage that the County is required to remit to the State Treasurer on monthly basis.

Other Agency Funds – accounts for miscellaneous funds held by the County for the benefit of others.



AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Balance July 1, 2019		Additions		eductions	Balance June 30, 2020	
Social Services Fund:	 						
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,066	<u>\$</u>	176,093	\$	142,698	\$	40,461
Liabilities:							
Intergovernmental payable	\$ 7,066	\$	176,093	\$	142,698	\$	40,461
Agriculture Fund:							
Assets:							
Cash and accounts receivable	\$ 36,482	\$	51,967	\$	44,419	\$	44,030
Liabilities:							
Intergovernmental payable	\$ 36,482	\$	51,967	\$	44,419	\$	44,030
Flexible Spending Fund:							
Assets:							
Cash and accounts receivable	\$ 	\$	289,954	\$	289,954	\$	
Liabilities:							
Intergovernmental payable	\$ 	\$	289,954	\$	289,954	\$	_
Fireman's Association Fund:							
Assets:							
Cash and accounts receivable	\$ 195,438	\$	72,671	\$	157,580	\$	110,529
Liabilities:							
Intergovernmental payable	\$ 195,438	\$	72,671	\$	157,580	\$	110,529

AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Balance July 1, 2019		Additions			Deductions	Balance June 30, 2020		
School Fines and Forfeitures Fund: Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	500	\$	379,116	\$	379,116	\$	500	
Liabilities:									
Intergovernmental payable	\$	500	\$	379,116	\$	379,116	\$	500	
Deed of Trust Fund: Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,695	\$	1,042,157	\$	1,040,804	\$	10,048	
Liabilities:									
Intergovernmental payable	\$	8,695	\$	1,042,157	\$	1,040,804	\$	10,048	
Other Agency Funds: Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,797,470	\$	30,030,381	\$	30,822,342	\$	1,005,509	
Liabilities:									
Intergovernmental payable	\$	1,797,470	\$	30,030,381	\$	30,822,342	\$	1,005,509	
Totals - All Agency Funds: Assets:									
Cash and receivables	\$	2,045,651	\$	32,042,339	\$	32,876,913	\$	1,211,077	
Liabilities:									
Intergovernmental payable	\$	2,045,651	\$	32,042,339	\$	32,876,913	\$	1,211,077	

Additional Financial Data

This section contains additional information on taxes receivable and the tax levy.



SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE - GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2020

Fiscal Year		Incollected Balance uly 1, 2019		Additions	Collections and Credits		ncollected Balance ne 30, 2020
2019-2020	<u>\$</u>	_	\$	92,100,391	\$ 91,093,081	\$	1,007,310
2018-2019		729,968		-	516,162		213,806
2017-2018		213,806		-	117,967		95,839
2016-2017		104,207		-	44,827		59,380
2015-2016		68,818		-	16,507		52,311
2014-2015		58,542		-	10,197		48,345
2013-2014		95,451		-	7,384		88,067
2012-2013		115,846		-	7,306		108,540
2011-2012		104,560		-	7,024		97,536
2010-2011		105,356		-	5,003		100,353
2009-2010		108,603		-	108,603		-
Total	\$	1,705,157	\$	92,100,391	\$ 91,934,061		1,871,487
Ad valorem taxes receiva	able net:		eral F	und		\$	(741,807) 1,129,680
Reconciliation with Rev Ad valorem taxes - Gene						\$	90 679 147
Ad valorem taxes - Gene Ad valorem taxes - Reva						Ф	89,678,147 1,249,657
	iuation r	una					
Total ad valorem taxes Reconciling items:							90,927,804
Interest and other fees							208,266
Late list penalty							217,524
Other miscellaneous adju							471,864
Amounts written off per	Statute o	of Limitations					108,603
Total collections and cree	dits					\$	91,934,061

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Total	l Levy
	Co	unty-Wide		Property Excluding Registered	Registered
	Property Valuation	Rate	Amount of Levy	Motor Vehicles	Motor Vehicles
Original Levy:					
Property taxed at current year's rate	\$ 16,479,518,176	\$ 0.5610	\$ 92,450,097	\$ 85,845,395	\$ 6,604,702
Discoveries:					
Current year taxes	68,959,429	0.5610	448,883	448,883	-
Penalties			217,524	217,524	
Total	68,959,429		666,407	666,407	
Releases	(181,125,242)	0.5610	(1,016,113)	(979,958)	(36,155)
Total property valuation	\$ 16,367,352,363				
Net Levy			92,100,391	85,531,844	6,568,547
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2020			(1,007,310)	(999,184)	(8,126)
Current Year's Taxes Collected			\$ 91,093,081	\$ 84,532,660	\$ 6,560,421
Current Levy Collection Percentage			<u>98.90%</u>	98.83%	99.88%

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY - COUNTY-WIDE LEVY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Secondary Market Disclosures:

Assessed Valuation:		
Assessment ratio (1)		99.33%
Real property	\$	13,438,269,436
Personal Property	Ф	2,597,185,414
Public service companies (2)		331,897,513
Table service companies (2)		201,057,010
Total assessed valuation	\$	16,367,352,363
Tax rate per \$100	<u>\$</u>	0.5610
Levy (includes discoveries, releases and abatements) (3)	\$	92,100,391
In addition to the County-wide rate, the following table lists the levies by the County		
on behalf of fire protection districts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020:		
on behalf of the protection districts for the fiscal year chaca rune 30, 2020.		
Fire protection districts		11,255,302
•		
Total	\$	103,355,693

- (1) Percentage of appraised value has been established by statute.
- (2) Valuation of railroads, telephone companies, and other utilities as determined by the North Carolina Property Tax Commission.
- (3) The levy includes interest and penalties.



Statistical Section

The Statistical Section includes data extracted from prior years' financial reports and various other sources.

The information presented in this section does not provide full and adequate disclosure of financial information for prior years required by generally accepted accounting principles. Such information is provided for supplementary analysis purposes and should be relied on only for the purpose specified.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being has changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within, which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.



Schedule 1
Henderson County
Net Position by Component,
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

							Fiscal Year	ar					
		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015		2016	2017	17	2018	2019	2020
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	€	45,090,597 \$ 9,154,768 (56,449,939)	47,218,294 \$ 10,996,211 (51,095,871)	73,911,997 10,873,904 (61,681,174)	\$ 73,306,086 12,822,921 (52,396,535)	\$ \$ 77,601,835 10,346,944 (40,465,616)	\$ 76, 11	76,145,803 \$ 11,451,067 (32,157,779)	-1	70,393,139 \$ 11,882,299 (26,929,929)	70,562,443 (13,491,150 (35,575,041)	\$ 74,509,728 16,355,698 (39,349,491)	\$ 71,671,165 19,872,490 (47,367,379)
Total governmental activities	\$	\$ (2,204,574) \$	7,118,634 \$	3,104,727	\$ 33,732,472	\$ 47,483,163	\$ 22	55,439,091 \$	55,345,509	5,509 \$	48,478,552	\$ 51,515,935	\$ 44,176,276
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	€	16,818,425 \$ 5,448,726	18,050,922 \$ 4,896,151	18,124,127 4,220,072	\$ 19,160,584 2,839,915	1 \$ 19,798,146 2,811,796	\$ 22	22,164,549 \$ 2,448,361		24,244,707 \$ 2,068,469	25,186,584 \$ 2,202,076	\$ 25,042,072	\$ 25,945,573
Total business-type activities	€9	22,267,151 \$	22,947,073 \$	22,344,199	\$ 22,000,499	\$ 22,609,942	\$ 24	24,612,910 \$	26,313,176	3,176 \$	27,388,660	\$ 28,139,699	\$ 27,866,361
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	€	61,909,022 \$ 9,154,768 (51,001,213)	65,269,216 \$ 10,996,211 (46,199,720)	92,036,124 10,873,904 (57,461,102)	\$ 92,466,670 12,822,921 (49,556,620)	\$ 97,399,981 10,346,944 (37,653,820)	\$ 98	98,310,352 \$ 11,451,067 (29,709,418)		94,637,846 \$ 11,882,299 (24,861,460)	95,749,027 13,491,150 (33,372,965)	\$ 99,551,800 16,355,698 (36,251,864)	\$ 97,616,738 19,872,490 (45,446,591
Total primary government net position \$ 20,062,577 \$	8	20,062,577 \$	30,065,707 \$	45,448,926	\$ 55,732,971	\$ 70,093,105	\$	\$ 80,052,001 \$	81,658,685	8,685 \$	75,867,212	\$ 79,655,634	\$ 72,042,637

Note: The significant increase in total net position of the County from FY2012 to FY2016 is primarily due to an increase in new facilities reported as capital assets net of debt combined with a significant decrease in the total unrestricted category of net position for governmental activities of the County for the same period of time.

Schedule 2
Henderson County
Changes in Net Position
Last The Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

(accrual basis of accounting)						ш	Fiscal Year				
	2011		2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Expenses Governmental activities: General government Public safety Environmental protection Economic and physical development Human Services Cultural and recreation Education Interest on long term debt Total governmental activities	\$ 19,654,791 27,061,623 759,241 3,524,661 27,889,051 4,637,512 29,708,049 5,007,243 118,262,171	ω	16,036,914 \$ 30,342,623 678,682 3,001,446 27,200,233 3,497,027 22,798,061 4,981,375	17,913,612 31,163,291 921,122 2,832,831 2,687,638 2,554,407 24,025,977 3,614,839 109,891,917	\$ 14,762,338 \$ 33,519,129 424,250 2,628,397 27,594,630 4,468,879 25,261,561 2,999,032 111,656,216	\$ 16,786,995 \$ 32,758,736 338,819 3,704,639 27,818,854 4,553,125 26,745,692 2,459,209 115,166,069	\$ 21,583,048 (35,139,967 35,139,967 3,460,283 28,156,382 4,568,332 28,853,556 2,918,468 1,125,861,196	\$ 36,563,329 \$ 38,211,707 36,917 3,048,352 28,971,340 4,765,661 29,320,894 3,505,326 144,752,526	29,246,192 39,956,163 380,516 3782,014 26,485,642 4,851,900 31,398,959 3,590,235	\$ 35,879,549 (42,376,765 394,269 3,4154,416 27,094,741 5,139,529 33,822,662 4,211,698	\$ 55,059,890 47,963,085 574,971 3,484,865 27,726,210 5,163,897 34,147,992 3,892,073 178,012,983
Business-type activities: Landfill Cane Creek water and sewer Other business-type activities Total business-type activities	4,311,315 921,563 52,167 5,285,045	315 563 167	4,673,770 1,039,398 42,970 5,756,138	4,826,309 882,351 53,247 5,761,907	5,001,377 1,609,949 46,677 6,658,003	4,976,754 1,307,043 52,100 6,335,897	5,003,935 1,460,943 44,392 6,509,270	5,980,357 1,494,231 46,468 7,521,056	6,897,973 1,442,393 40,000 8,380,366	7,451,184 1,701,044 42,868 9,195,096	8,278,924 1,776,378 61,672
Total primary government expenses	\$ 123,547,216	₩	114,292,499 \$	\$ 115,653,824	\$ 118,314,219	\$ 121,501,966	\$ 132,370,466	\$ 152,273,582 \$	148,071,987	\$ 161,268,625	\$ 188,129,957
Program Revenues Governmental activities Charges for services: General government Public safety Economic and physical development Human services Cultural and recreation	\$ 2.877,560 3.357,700 131,193 447,382 436,437	560 \$ 700 193 382 437	631,150 \$ 4,010,900 1,305,720 557,456	711,063 4,560,959 1,376,578 472,234 157,272	\$ 672,612 \$ 5,208,326 1,440,014 504,719 180,563	\$ 783,476 \$ 5,586,244 1,461,757 537,524 195,252	\$ 798,409 \$ 5,837,106 1,329,370 599,761 227,410	\$ 1,645,719 \$ 6,142,725 1,361,476 638,328 232,412	1,873,496 6,472,797 1,448,581 607,698 217,401	\$ 1,927,430 \$ 6,052,109 1,422,180 643,984 247,826	1,928,402 7,075,860 1,449,536 682,914 156,033
Operating grants and contributions: General government Public safety Environmental protection Economic and physical development Human services Cultural and recreation Education	1,827,808 2,890,615 78,413 303,508 17,460,691 230,446	308 315 413 595 591 446	2,127,237 2,128,666 47,133 363,456 16,014,799 197,661 1,021,661	2,064,465 1,454,505 47,255 1,004,929 15,971,818 202,240 935,017	461,373 2,773,066 57,655 1,027,427 15,883,571 206,592 954,977	534,848 4,552,886 100,086 1,093,432 18,388,282 213,366 883,468	730,585 802,363 1,557,603 16,964,187 298,926 1,261,483	1,899,583 1,479,324 101,476 896,409 16,722,441 294,362 815,492	2,115,379 102,681 1,128,121 13,688,029 286,229 910,920	1,698,578 1,633,342 75,267 1,345,525 14,632,368 409,997 703,685	1,856,774 539,610 103,842 1,118,098 15,499,466 469,476 991,159
Capital grants and contributions: General government Economic and physical development Education	- 469,493 139,428	- 193 128	- 337,184 120,744		, , ,	, , ,	1,125,364	1,916,161	٠, .	·	٠
Total governmental activities program revenues	32,300,0	48	29,031,428	28,958,335	29,340,895	34,330,621	31,532,567	34,145,908	28,851,332	30,792,291	31,871,170

Schedule 2 Henderson County Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years										
(accrual basis of accounting)						Fiscal Year	!			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Business-type activities: Charges for services	5,261,018	5,661,118	5,562,362	5,875,638	6,601,142	7,297,142	8,137,833	8,627,148	9,420,725	9,107,907
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	148,645		246,534	150,304	168,144	157,751	159,490	161,908	176,439	188,106
Total business-type activities program revenues	5,486,755	, O	5,915,469	6,309,202	6,952,338	8,400,688	9,129,363	9,400,456	9,803,044	9,711,213
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 37,786,803	\$ 35,481,321	\$ 34,873,804 \$	\$ 35,650,097 \$	41,282,959	\$ 39,933,255 \$	\$ 43,275,271 \$	38,251,788 \$	40,595,335	\$ 41,582,383
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (85,962,123) 201,710	\$ (79,504,933) 693,755	\$ (80,933,582) \$ 153,562	\$ (82,212,479) \$ (451,643)	(80,835,348) 616,341	\$ (94,328,629) \$ 1,891,418	\$ (110,606,618) \$ 1,608,307	\$ (110,840,289) \$ 1,020,090	\$ (121,281,238) \$ 607,948	\$ (146,141,813) (405,761)
Total primary government net (expense)/revenue	\$ (85,760,413)	↔	(78,811,178) \$ (80,780,020)	\$ (82,664,122) \$	(80,219,007)	\$ (92,437,211)	\$ (108,998,311)	\$ (109,820,199)	\$ (120,673,290)	\$ (146,547,574)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Property taxes Local option sales tax Other taxes and licenses Investment earnings Gain os sale Miscellaneous Transfers Total governmental activities:	\$ 67,886,712 16,463,074 1,884,433 821,618 - 198,359 87,254,196	\$ 68 889,187 17,504,095 1,761,555 761,199 	\$ 69,628,114 \$ 18,596,584 1,170,234 675,387 6,000,125 849,231 96,919,675	\$ 72,197,460 \$ 19,760,279 \$ 999,760 (170,434)	71,844,544 21,620,139 1,077,072 444,340 3,407,477 - (49,480) 98,344,092	\$ 77.117.336 \$ 23.366.239 1.180.218 674.764 - (54.000)	\$ 85.178.794 \$ 25.389,345 1.318.447 660,977 - (54.000)	87.077,402 \$ 27,475,944 1,330,639 1,005,343 (54,000)	89,476,936 29,331,611 3,927,027 1,637,047 - (54,000)	\$ 102,455,897 31,223,698 3,796,256 1,380,303 - (54,000)
Business-type activities: Investment eamings Transfers Total business-type activities	104,001 (198,359) (94,358)	98,272 (112,105) (13,833)	92,795 (849,231) (756,436)	53,943 54,000 107,943	45,849 49,481 95,330	57,550 54,000 111,550	37,959 54,000 91,959	48,049 54,000 102,049	89,091 54,000 143,091	78,423 54,000 132,423
Total primary government	\$ 87,159,838	\$ 88,814,308	\$ 96,163,239 \$	\$ 92,948,167 \$	98,439,422	\$ 102,396,107	\$ 112,585,522 \$	\$ 116,937,377 \$	\$ 124,461,712	\$ 138,934,577
Change in Net Position Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 1,292,073	\$ 9,323,208 679,922	\$ 15,986,093 \$ (602,874)	\$ 10,627,745 \$ (343,700)	17,508,744 711,671	\$ 7,955,928 \$ 2,002,968	\$ 1,886,945 \$	5,995,039 \$	3,037,383 751,039	\$ (7,339,659) (273,338)
Total primary government	\$ 1,399,425	\$ 10,003,130	\$ 15,383,219 \$	\$ 10,284,045 \$	18,220,415	\$ 968,836 \$	\$ 3,587,211 \$	7,117,178 \$	3,788,422	\$ (7,612,997)

Schedule 3
Henderson County
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

						-	Fiscal Year				
		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General Fund											
Non-spendable:											
Inventories	↔	46,785 \$	61,586 \$	58,923 \$	57,349 \$	\$ 666,05	54,995 \$	56,255 \$	51,217 \$	\$ 909'89	62,959
Prepaids		145,801	124,902	152,058	178,654	227,910	210,479	260,721	228,858	251,163	232,368
Restricted:											
Stabilization for State statute		6,367,890	6,749,449	6,726,943	8,032,109	8,327,441	9,406,310	9,556,154	10,622,402	11,333,471	11,815,576
Restricted, all other		258,575	161,443	199,106	177,966	210,668	181,130	208,471	107,884	2,520,979	5,721,901
Committed:											
Assigned for subsequent year's expenditures		3,194,191	5,617,206	6,730,029	8,729,065	9,467,043	7,267,852	11,927,320	14,792,344	13,458,280	13,627,844
Assigned all other		305,525	77,195	175,128	220,978	224,033	179,625	512,301	432,647	467,394	459,873
Unassigned:	ı	26,849,372	28,032,866	25,332,238	24,141,639	23,683,102	27,732,716	27,817,837	27,593,418	27,854,812	31,426,092
Total General Fund	₩	37,168,139 \$	40,824,647 \$	39,374,425 \$	41,537,760 \$	42,191,196 \$	45,033,107 \$	50,339,059 \$	53,828,770 \$	55,954,705 \$	63,349,613
All Other Governmental Funds											
Non-spendable:											
Prepaids	↔	\$	⊕ '	\$ '	€ '	\$ '	2,337 \$	28,365 \$	\$ '	€9 1	•
Restricted:											
Stabilization for State statute		962,962	608,963	284,997	619,125	351,130	662,353	498,849	1,233,222	362,117	425,693
Restricted, all other		3,413,004	3,476,356	3,662,858	3,993,721	1,457,705	8,493,457	6,742,264	6,146,804	20,351,211	59,152,246
Committed:											
Special revenue and debt service funds		1,115,294	1,319,314	1,510,873	552,441	3,714,300	3,564,211	3,932,534	7,229,944	8,368,261	9,441,744
Capital project funds		4,775,469	1,628,356	9,148,014	9,295,256	7,686,242	4,637,656	5,206,297	3,329,029	4,168,651	7,622,747
Assigned all other:		7,834	310,293	•	•	•	•			•	•
Unassigned:	Į	(19,551)	47,907	(71,825)	(196,705)	(51,791)	(250,075)	(70,469)	(1,013,595)	(1,790,610)	(5,137,132)
Total all other governmental funds	₩	10,255,012 \$	7,391,189 \$	14,534,917 \$	14,263,838 \$	13,157,586 \$	17,109,939 \$	16,337,840 \$	16,925,404 \$	31,459,630 \$	71,505,298



Schedule 4
Henderson County
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Year		
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Revenues					
Taxes:					
Property \$, , ,	68,869,266 \$	69,683,310 \$	72,442,683 \$	72,424,338
Sales	16,463,074	17,504,095	18,596,584	19,760,279	21,620,139
Other	1,839,151	1,647,165	1,020,464	931,782	1,029,292
Total taxes	85,942,781	88,020,526	89,300,358	93,134,744	95,073,769
Intergovernmental	23,955,738	20,506,382	20,714,436	20,706,830	25,071,921
Permits and Fees	1,259,908	1,570,092	1,638,646	1,619,034	1,826,678
Sales and Services	5,808,063	5,204,757	5,657,362	6,362,816	6,708,720
Investment Earnings	821,618	761,199	675,311	(170,434)	444,340
Capital Contribution from Hospital Corporation	4 000 000	- 0.450.440	-	-	740.007
Miscellaneous	1,289,906	2,158,119	1,112,638	836,742	742,227
Total Revenues	119,078,014	118,221,075	119,098,751	122,489,732	129,867,655
Expenditures					
General Government	17,181,746	11,345,895	13,818,252	12,558,117	13,889,012
Public Safety	31,113,589	30,683,571	30,360,366	31,855,136	32,437,433
Environmental Protection	645,457	579,882	770,928	353,846	349,239
Economic and Physical Development	3,414,401	3,333,698	2,778,708	2,573,661	3,729,355
Human Services	28,494,208	26,736,224	26,102,907	27,215,341	28,095,417
Culture and Recreation	4,462,354	3,829,304	4,087,986	4,343,834	4,510,926
Education	29,708,049	22,798,061	24,025,977	25,214,625	26,739,498
Capital Outlay	2,433,642	3,231,758	3,862,734	2,754,492	7,524,391
Debt Service:					
Principal	9,654,619	10,189,756	10,630,317	10,924,205	13,962,623
Interest	4,929,086	5,084,218	3,967,959	3,166,375	2,604,552
Advanced payment to escrow agent		<u> </u>	4,841,690	<u> </u>	-
Total Expenditures	132,037,151	117,812,367	125,247,824	120,959,632	133,842,446
Excess of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	(12,959,137)	408,708	(6,149,073)	1,530,100	(3,974,791)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	2,217,302	1,339,807	6,848,652	2,873,913	5,538,729
Transfers out	(2,018,943)	(1,205,208)	(5,999,421)	(2,927,913)	(5,588,209)
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	41,151,000	-	-
Payment to bond escrow agent	-	-	(36,110,000)	-	-
Bond premium	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance proceeds	-	-	6,000,125	107,159	-
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	3,407,477
Debt issued	7,744,460	249,378	413,539	308,997	163,978
Contribution to TDA	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(461,316)	<u> </u>	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	7,942,819	383,977	11,842,579	362,156	3,521,975
Net change in fund balances \$	(5,016,318) \$	792,685 \$	5,693,506 \$	1,892,256 \$	(452,816)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital					
expenditures	11.84%	13.35%	12.03%	12.13%	12.84%

isca		v-	_
ISC	41	T (4)	'nІ

_			. 100ai 10ai		
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
_					
\$	77,170,890 \$	85,314,390 \$	87,326,125 \$	89,571,316 \$	102,212,850
	23,366,239	25,389,345	27,475,944	29,331,611	31,223,698
	1,140,741	1,264,544	1,275,186	3,870,415	3,522,964
	101,677,870	111,968,279	116,077,255	122,773,342	136,959,512
	20,645,727	19,815,299	17,084,955	17,828,262	17,758,510
	1,733,166	1,982,065	2,257,302	2,037,070	2,434,227
	7,079,053	8,030,057	8,362,671	8,186,940	8,813,704
	674,764	660,977	1,005,343	1,637,047	1,380,303
	1,125,364	1,916,161	-	-	-
	1,066,521	2,845,046	1,948,467	2,718,028	3,250,733
_	134,002,465	147,217,884	146,735,993	155,180,689	170,596,989
	15,013,218	15,580,807	16,465,343	20,165,981	21,755,645
	35,111,117	37,219,677	39,235,486	41,749,275	45,769,058
	535,599	351,476	370,056	383,970	534,182
	3,434,656	2,918,600	3,553,267	3,130,268	3,366,655
	28,615,327	28,251,082	25,968,885	26,408,664	26,442,287
	4,472,608	4,623,841	4,662,296	5,055,989	5,050,703
	28,845,578	29,307,235	31,387,446	33,818,212	34,126,181
	26,458,990	30,153,759	18,877,839	16,941,011	29,524,764
	10,937,860	11,434,004	11,942,938	12,937,416	12,503,845
	3,191,203	3,397,491	3,981,832	4,679,878	4,470,655
_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		-
_	156,616,156	163,237,972	156,445,388	165,270,664	183,543,975
_	(22,613,691)	(16,020,088)	(9,709,395)	(10,089,975)	(12,946,986)
	1,603,723	4,847,926	5,416,049	4,064,289	19,724,151
	(1,657,723)	(4,901,926)	(5,470,049)	(4,118,289)	(19,778,151)
	-	-	-	-	-
	2,676,955	- 1,327,941	- 1,365,670	2,579,136	- 7,917,694
	_,0.0,000	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-
	26,785,000	19,280,000	12,475,000	24,225,000	52,525,000
_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-
	29,407,955	20,553,941	13,786,670	26,750,136	60,388,694
\$_	6,794,264 \$	4,533,853 \$	4,077,275 \$	16,660,161 \$	47,441,708
_	10.63%	9.89%	10.94%	11.09%	9.39%
	10.0070	3.0370	10.5470	11.0070	3.0370

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years **Henderson County** Schedule 5

Total Estimated	Direct Actual	Tax Taxable	Rate (3) Value (4)	0.4620 13,801,482,147	0.5136 12,599,412,233	0.5136 12,652,975,121	0.5136 12,234,028,012	0 5136 12 515 710 730					
	Total Taxable	Assessed	Value	13,191,456,636	12,053,856,537	12,203,794,504	12,610,836,075	12 590 835 183	2,000,000,7	13,523,170,115	13,523,170,115 13,448,015,370	13,523,170,115 13,448,015,370 13,682,468,565	13,523,170,115 13,448,015,370 13,682,468,565 14,206,704,269
		Public Service	Companies (2)	201,935,623	199,963,948	207,220,867	215,774,689	224,319,411		331,897,512	331,897,512 257,772,292	331,897,512 257,772,292 271,152,631	331,897,512 257,772,292 271,152,631 309,543,524
		Personal	Property	1,588,713,764	1,617,858,308	1,657,680,403	2,040,880,296	1,902,281,108		2,122,436,861	2,122,436,861 2,075,570,365	2,122,436,861 2,075,570,365 2,147,663,504	2,122,436,861 2,075,570,365 2,147,663,504 2,300,479,220
		Present-use	Value (1)	158,081,190	152,004,206	150,329,169	155,632,463	162,212,486		171,609,823	171,609,823 159,921,601	171,609,823 159,921,601 158,711,006	171,609,823 159,921,601 158,711,006 167,889,595
		Industrial	Property	222,759,000	195,764,850	421,967,800	418,162,600	425,506,400		465,591,800	465,591,800 489,145,200	465,591,800 489,145,200 315,281,700	465,591,800 489,145,200 315,281,700 325,226,500
	Real Property	Commercial	Property	1,799,570,575	1,411,863,040	1,718,687,844	1,746,583,200	1,764,809,652	010 010 0	1,6/1/,/18,039	1,466,201,559	1,877,718,039 1,466,201,559 2,021,385,100	1,877,718,659 1,466,201,559 2,021,385,100 2,058,175,000
		Residential	Property	9,220,396,484	8,476,402,185	8,047,908,421	8,033,802,827	8,111,706,126	007	6,553,915,400	8,999,404,353	6,553,915,460 8,999,404,353 8,768,274,624	6,553,915,460 8,999,404,353 8,768,274,624 9,045,390,430
		Fiscal	Year	2011	2012 (5)	2013	2014	2015	2016 (E)	(6) 01 07	2017	2017 2017 2018	2018 (5) 2017 2018 2019 (5)

Source: County Assessor's Annual County Report of Valuation and Property Tax Levies

Notes:

for the property to be taxed at its present use. The difference in taxes on the present use basis and the if the property ceases to qualify for present use value. The preceding three fiscal years taxes are then (1) Present use value property is agricultural, horticultural and forestland for which the owner has applied taxes that would have been payable is a lien on the property and is deferred. The taxes become due required to be paid.

Public service companies valuations are provided to the County by the North Carolina Department of Revenue. These amounts include both real and personal property. (5)

(3) Per \$100 of value.
(4) The estimated market value is calculated by dividing the assessed value by an assessment-to-sales which took place during the fiscal year. The ratio for the most recent fiscal year is not yet available. ratio determined by the N.C. Department of Revenue. The ratio is based on actual property sales

(5) Property in Henderson County is reassessed every four years. The last reassessment was on January 1, 2019 and was the basis for FY2020 taxes.

* Indicates valuation was included in Commercial Property Valuation

Schedule 6 Henderson County Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$100 of assessed value)

									Fiscal Year	l Year							
	Ī	2011	2012		2013	20	2014	2	2015	,4	2016		2017	12	2018	2019	2020
Henderson County	↔	0.4620 \$	0.5136	<i>\$</i>	0.5136	\$ 0.5	0.5136	\$ 0.5	0.5136	O	0.5136	o \$	0.5650	<i>S</i> •	0.5650 \$	0.5650 \$	0.5610
Municipality Rates:																	
Hendersonville		0.3800	0.4100	J	0.4100	4.0	400	7.0	4600	0.	4600	0	.4700	9.0	4700	0.4900	0.4900
Laurel Park		0.3100	0.3600	J	0.3600	0.3	006	0.7	4300	0.	4300	0	.4300	4.0	1300	0.4300	0.4350
Fletcher		0.3200	0.3250	J	0.3250	0.3	1250	0.:	3400	0.	3400	0	.3400	S.O	3400	0.3400	0.3400
Mills River		0.0750	0.0874	J	0.0974	0.0	0.0974	o.	1124	0.	0.1800	0	.1800	0.1	1800	0.1800	0.1900
Flat Rock		0.0750	0.0840	J	0.0840	0.0	1840	Ö	1100	0	1100	0	.1100	,. O	1100	0.1100	0.1300
Saluda		0.5150	0.6250	J	0.6050	9.0	020	0.6	3050	0.	6050	0	.6050	9.0	3050	0.6450	0.6650
Downtown - Main Street		0.2500	0.2800	J	0.2800	0.2	800	0.5	2800	0	2800	0	.2800	0.2	2800	0.2800	0.2600
Downtown - Seventh Ave.		0.0800	0.1200	J	0.1200	0.1	200	0	0.1200	0	1200	0	0.1200	0.1	0.1200	0.1200	0.1700
Fire Districts:																	
Bat Cave		0060 0	0.1000	_	1000	0	000	C	1200	C	1200	С	1200	0.1	1200	0.1200	0.1200
Blue Ridge		0.0850	0.0950		0.0950	0.0	0.0950	Ö	0.1200	o.	0.1200	0	0.1200	0.1	0.1200	0.1200	0.1300
Dana		0.1000	0.1100	J	0.1100	0.1	100	0	1300	0	1300	0	.1300	0.1	1300	0.1300	0.1400
Edneyville		0.0850	0.0950	J	0.0950	0.0	950	o.	1050	0.	1050	0	.1050	0.1	1050	0.1050	0.1150
Etowah-Horse Shoe		0.0850	0.0950	J	0.0950	0.0	950	Ö	1050	0.	1050	0	.1050	0.'	1050	0.1050	0.1150
Fletcher		0.0950	0.1000	J	0.1000	0.1	000	Ö	1150	0.	1150	0	.1150	0.,	1150	0.1150	0.1150
Gerton		0.1150	0.1250	J	0.1250	0.1	250	Ö	1250	0.	1250	0	.1250	0.,	1250	0.1250	0.1250
Green River		0.0600	0.0650	J	0.0650	0.0	1700	0.0	0080	0.	0800	0	.0800	0.0	0080	0.0800	0.0900
Mills River		0.0650	0.0750	J	0.0750	0.0	1750	0.0	0060	0.	0060	0	0060'	0.0	0060	0.0900	0.1100
Mountain Home		0.0950	0.1050	J	0.1050	0.1	020	Ö	1200	0.	1200	0	.1200	0.'	1200	0.1200	0.1200
Raven Rock		0.0750	0.0850	J	0.0850	0.0	920	Ö	1000	0	1000	0	.1000	,. O	1000	0.1000	0.1150
Valley Hill		0.0700	0.0800	J	0.080.0	0.0	920	0.0	0360	0.	0960	0	.0950	0.0	0920	0.0950	0.1000
Valley Hill II		0.0700	A/N		A/N	Z	≰	_	۲/۶	•	V/N		A/N	_	4/ 2	A/N	N/A

Source: Henderson County Tax Collector

N/A - information no longer available for this fire district

Schedule 7 Henderson County Principal Property Tax Payers, Current Year and Ten Years Ago

		Fisca	Fiscal Year 2020		Fisca	Fiscal Year 2010	0
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Duke Energy Carolinas LLC	Public Service	183,248,562	~	1.12%	117,649,427	_	0.90%
Meritor Heavy Vehicle Systems	Manufacturing	139,877,121	2	0.85%	68,145,828	2	0.52%
Continental Teves Inc.	Manufacturing	132,967,522	က	0.81%	59,280,738	က	0.45%
Kimberly Clark	Manufacturing	103,470,012	4	0.63%	51,419,653	2	0.39%
Sierra Nevada Brewing Co	Manufacturing	91,167,553	2	0.56%	N/A	N/A	V/Α
Public Service Co of NC	Public Service	90,618,527	9	%69.0	23,651,796	7	0.18%
GF Linamar	Manufacturing	76,890,454	7	0.59%	A/N	A/N	Ψ/N
Ingles Markets	Retail - Grocery	67,998,591	∞	0.42%	A/N	N/A	A/N
Wilsonart	Manufacturing	55,103,806	6	0.34%	30,973,653	œ	0.24%
UPM Raflatac Inc	Manufacturing	43,932,507	10	0.27%	54,518,925	4	0.42%
Totals		\$ 985,274,655			\$ 405,640,020		

N/A - information not available

Source: Henderson County Assessor

Schedule 8 Henderson County Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Uncollected	100.353	97,536	108,540	88,067	48,345	52,311	59,380	95,839	213,806	1,007,310
	Total Collections to Date	Percentage of	Adjusted Levy	%8'66	99.84%	99.82%	%98.66	%6'66	99.92%	99.91%	%02'66	%60'66	%06:86
	Total Colle		Amount	60.469.306	60,930,485	61,490,281	62,224,086	64,915,787	64,721,451	67,749,443	76,507,644	79,825,336	91,093,081
	Collections	in Subsequent	Years	1.466.273	2,844,861	1,561,459	1,688,795	1,664,400	984,904	940,620	1,363,463	516,162	•
Collected within the	Fiscal Year of the Levy	Percentage of	Original Levy	97.41%	95.18%	97.29%	97.17%	97.04%	97.88%	98.62%	%68'86	99.74%	97.82%
Collected	Fiscal Year		Amount	59.003.033	58,085,624	59,928,822	60,535,291	63,251,387	63,736,547	66,808,823	75,144,181	79,825,336	91,093,081
		Total	Adjusted Levy	60.569.659	61,028,021	61,598,821	62,312,153	64,964,132	64,773,762	67,808,823	76,603,483	80,555,304	92,100,391
			Adjustments	(276.429)	(268,085)	(215,538)	(155,714)	(228,522)	(341,011)	(404,105)	(614,822)	523,222	(1,016,113)
Taxes Levied	for the	Fiscal Year	(Original Levy)	60.846.087	61,296,106	61,814,359	62,467,870	64,735,610	65,114,773	68,212,928	75,988,661	80,032,082	92,450,097
		Fiscal	Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020

Source: Henderson County Tax Collector

\$ 1,980,090

Henderson County Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type, Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 9

	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	3.44%	3.06%	2.88%	2.44%	1.99%	2.30%	2.37%	2.26%	*	*
	Per Capita (1)	1,178	1,107	1,038	926	783	934	993	991	1,098	1,506
	Total Primary Government	125,906,022	118,766,940	111,797,930	100,731,837	86,482,304	104,414,621	112,956,739	114,242,706	128,134,877	176,847,272
pe Activities	Installment Purchases	1	2,000,000	1,866,667	1,733,334	1,600,000	1,466,667	1,333,334	1,200,000	1,831,858	3,511,334
Business - Type Activities	Limited Obligation Bonds	1,784,074	1,548,921	1,315,723	1,083,014	850,303	617,593	411,239	293,224	176,190	70,674
	Other	220,566									
vities	Installment Purchases	54,653,290	43,416,940	39,377,603	35,644,329	28,810,887	24,852,515	20,985,654	17,125,879	13,353,505	10,057,144
Governmental Activit	Installment Contracts	52,755,000	56,140,000	16,328,539	12,112,073	7,894,338	5,105,319	4,500,000	4,000,000	3,500,000	3,000,000
Gov	Limited Obligation Bonds	16,493,092	14,319,221	52,909,398	50,159,087	47,326,776	72,372,527	85,726,512	91,623,603	109,273,324	160,208,120
	General Obligation Bonds	1									
	Fiscal Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020

Note: Details regarding the county's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) See Schedule 13 for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year. Personal income data is not yet available for FY2019 or FY2020.

^{* -} Information not yet available.

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding, Last Ten Fiscal Years **Henderson County** Schedule 10

	Per Capita(1)	149	127	476	444	396	589	694	731	863	1,271
C	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property(2)	0.12%	0.11%	0.42%	0.38%	0.35%	0.49%	0.59%	0.62%	0.71%	0.91%
	Percentage of Personal Income(1)	0.44%	0.35%	1.32%	1.17%	1.00%	1.45%	1.66%	1.67%	*	*
tstanding	Total	15,962,166	13,573,142	51,336,121	48,271,101	43,763,083	65,831,120	79,005,751	84,233,827	100,636,514	149,232,698
Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding	Less: Amounts Restricted to Repaying Principal (3)	2,315,000	2,295,000	2,889,000	2,971,000	4,413,996	7,159,000	7,132,000	7,683,000	8,813,000	11,046,096
	Limited Obligation Bonds	18,277,166	15,868,142	54,225,121	51,242,101	48,177,079	72,990,120	86,137,751	91,916,827	109,449,514	160,278,794
General/Limited	General Obligation Bonds		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	ı
	Fiscal Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020

Notes: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the Financial Statements.

* - Information not yet available.

⁽¹⁾ See Schedule 13 for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year. Personal income data is not yet available for 2018. (2) See Schedule 5 for assessed property tax valuation data. (3) Includes annual debt service requirements for limited obligation indebtedness for the next fiscal year.

Schedule 11
Henderson County
Legal Debt Margin Information,
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(dollars in thousands)

					Fiscal Year					
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Assessed Value of Property	\$ 13,191,457 \$	12,053,856 \$	94 \$	12,610,836 \$	12,523,976 \$	13,182,825 \$	13,423,998 \$	13,682,469 \$	14,206,704 \$	16,367,352
Debt Limit, 8% of Assessed Value (Statutory Limitation)	1,055,316	964,308	976,304	1,008,867	1,001,918	1,054,626	1,073,920	1,094,597	1,136,536	1,309,388
Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit. Less: Gross debt	125,154	114,767	111,798	100,732	86,482	104,414	112,957	114,243	128,135	176,847
Less: Debt outstanding for water and sewer purposes	1,711	1,485	3,182	2,816	2,450	617	411	293	941	2,649
Total net debt applicable to limit	123,443	113,282	108,616	97,916	84,032	103,797	112,546	113,950	127,194	174,198
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 931,873 \$	851,026 \$	\$ 889,798	910,951 \$	917,886 \$	950,829 \$	961,374 \$	980,647 \$	1,009,342 \$	1,135,190
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	11.70%	11.75%	11.13%	9.71%	8.39%	9.84%	10.48%	10.41%	11.19%	13.30%

Note: N.C. Statute G.S. 159-55 limits the county's outstanding debt to 8% of the appraised value of property subject to taxation. The following deductions are made from gross debt to arrive at net debt applicable to the limit: debt incurred for water, sewer, gas or electric power purposes; uncollected special assessments, refunding bonds not not yet issued; and revenue bonds. The legal debt margin is the difference between the debt limit and the county's net debt outstanding applicable to the limit, and represents the county's legal borrowing authority.

Schedule 12 Henderson County Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2020

Governmental Unit	Net General Bonded Debt	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Total County direct debt	\$ 173,265,264	100.00%	\$ 173,265,264
Overlapping: City of Hendersonville (1) Town of Fletcher Total overlapping debt	1,013,000 7,966,255	100.00% 100.00%	1,013,000 7,966,255 8,979,255
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$_182,244,519

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the city or town reported. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

Schedule 13 Henderson County Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Year	Population(1)	Personal Income (2) (thousands of dollars)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Public School Enrollment(3)	Unemployment Rate(4)	Number of Building Inspections Performed(5)
2011	106,891	3,660,446	34,078	13,177	7.90%	15,799
2012	107,250	3,879,445	35,975	13,197	8.20%	16,114
2013	107,740	3,879,409	35,600	13,316	6.60%	18,918
2014	108,745	4,125,012	37,376	13,446	4.90%	19,742
2015	110,472	4,356,310	38,904	13,537	5.10%	21,437
2016	111,803	4,544,609	39,950	13,506	4.30%	24,420
2017	113,799	4,764,710	41,179	13,320	3.60%	25,161
2018	115,225	5,052,354	43,276	13,536	3.60%	27,397
2019	116,680	*	*	13,387	3.60%	31,153
2020	117,425	*	*	13,231	7.50%	29,565

Notes:

- (1) N.C. State Data Center. Estimates are as of the beginning of the fiscal year
- (2) Bureau of Economic Analysis, U. S. Department of Commerce. Figures are for the prior calendar year
- (3) N.C. Department of Public Instruction, Final Average Daily Membership for fiscal year
- (4) N. C. Employment Security Commission, Unemployment Rate at end of fiscal year
- (5) Total number of inspections performed by Henderson County Inspections Department. Does not include inspections by municipalities

^{*} Information not yet available.

Schedule 14 Henderson County Principal Employers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

		2020			2010	
			Percentage of Total County			Percentage of Total County
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Henderson County Public Schools (1)	1889	_	3.94%	1852	_	4.26%
Margaret R. Pardee Hospital	1500	2	3.13%	1253	7	2.88%
Ingles Markets, Inc. (1)	1344	က	2.81%	750	4	1.72%
Advent Health	1300	4	2.71%	1125	က	2.59%
Henderson County	852	2	1.78%	738	2	1.70%
Meritor Heavy Vehicle Systems LLC	220	9	1.15%	220	7	1.26%
Continental Teves, Inc.	029	7	1.36%	*	*	*
Wilsonart International Inc.	604	œ	1.26%	089	9	1.56%
Manual Wood Workers, Inc.	200	6	1.04%	*	*	*
Current, by GE	350	10	0.73%	395	10	0.91%

^{*} Information not available

Countywide Total Employment June 2020: 47,897

(1) Information provided for 2019. Current year data unavailable.

Schedule 15 Henderson County Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fis	Fiscal Year				
Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
-	i	!								
General government	95	76	100	100	104	105	103	109	112	118
Public safety	274	261	269	277	281	299	302	310	330	332
Environmental protection	20	22	22	22	20	19	19	21	22	22
Economic and physical development	23	22	22	23	24	24	25	25	26	26
Human Services	288	272	267	269	268	281	284	286	291	293
Cultural and recreation	51	49	20	49	51	51	51	52	22	28
Total	751	723	730	740	748	779	784	803	836	852

Source: Human Resources Department

Note: This schedule represents number of persons employed as of June 30 of each year. Full-time personnel work from 1950 to 2080 base hours per year (less vacation and sick leave).

Schedule 16
Henderson County
Operating Indicators by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Ŧ	Fiscal Year				
		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Function		·									
General Government # of Registered Voters		75,821	78,326	76,224	77,321	76,099	79,621	81,736	84,393	80,364	81,959
Public Safety # of building permits issued		4,735	5,077	6,025	6,430	6,542	6,430	6,771	9,598	9,398	9,120
# of calls processed		131,706	133,353	140,288	146,494	152,408	177,818	181,115	187,067	184,837	188,878
Human Services											
# of food & lodging sites inspected		1,546	1,479	1,545	1,497	1,595	1,563	1,256	1,600	1,718	1,291
# of Health clients served		12,494	12,090	11,344	12,447	13,152	14,693	15,428	15,781	15,979	14,990
Economic and Physical Development											
Number of major subdivision plan reviews		2	ო	2	4	9	4	Ω	13	13	6
Cultural and Recreation Library book circulation		987,905	947,866	981,738	951,697	910,636	927,596	1,056,328	1,031,647	1,006,065	851,571
Education											
Total \$ spent per ADM	\$	2,319 \$	2,162 \$	2,226 \$	2,306 \$	2,346 \$	2,366 \$	2,480	2,615	2,984	3,113
Enterprise Fund - Landfill Solid waste generated # tons/day		203	218	240	249	258	294	318	343	371	363

Source: Fiscal year data for various governmental and business-type functions.

Note: Health client totals do not include Foreign Travel services. The decline in the # of food & lodging site inspections for 2008 is due to a new State requirement that inspections can occur 2-4 times instead of 4 annually based on the site's food process. The number of calls dispatched is up considerably in 2016 and 2017 from calls dispatched to the Sheriff's Dept. The decline in major subdivision plan reviews is related to the downturn in the economy that began in late 2008. The increase in building permits issued from 2012 through 2017 for new residential and commercial construction is due to a continually improving local economy. The amount of solid waste tonnage generated per day is up considerably in FY2016 due to an increased flow of waste into the County's transfer station from residential and commercial activity.

Schedule 17 Henderson County Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	/ear				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Function										
Public Safety										
Sheriff's Department:										
Stations	_	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	-
Vehides	163	176	168	158	180	184	176	185	192	208
Cultural and Recreation										
Park Acreage	320	323	349	331	332	332	332	332	409	409
Parks	80	80	10	1	12	12	12	12	14	14
Ballfields and courts	31	36	35	37	37	37	37	37	43	43
Libraries	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9

Source: Various County Departments