REQUEST FOR BOARD ACTION

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

MEETING DATE: April 3, 2023

SUBJECT: Opioid Settlement Fund Update

PRESENTER: Katie Varnadoe, The REAL Academy

ATTACHMENTS: Yes

1. PowerPoint Presentation

SUMMARY OF REQUEST:

Katie Varnadoe, Director of Consulting Services with The REAL Academy, will provide the Board with an update on the Strategic Plan for the Use of Opioid Settlement Funds.

BOARD ACTION REQUESTED:

No Board Action is requested, this item is for information only.

Suggested Motion(s):

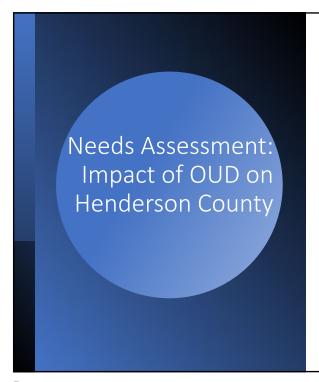
No motion suggested.



Overview	Methodology
	Needs Assessment: Root Cause Analysis and Gap Analysis
	Goals and Objectives
	Prioritized Strategies
	Recommended Interventions
	Evaluation
	Process for Reviews and Updates

Data Driven State and local opioid data Data from the community health assessment Guidelines and recommendations included in the NC MOA for the Use of Opioid Settlement Funds Locally Informed Substance Use Action Team Crisis Collaborative Community Health Assessment Committee

L 4



- · Opioid Overdoses and Overdose Deaths
 - 84% of overdose fatalities in Henderson County attributed to Opioids (state average is 75%) (Henderson County Health Assessment)
- · Capacity Issues for Crisis Services
 - For every 1 overdose death in NC, there are 5 emergency room visits (NC Opioid Dashboard)
- Economic and Socio-Economic Impacts
 - \$393,226,561 economic impact on Henderson County from loss of life due to overdose (Medication and Drug Overdose in Henderson County)
- · Arrests and Jail Recidivism
 - Point in time count May 11, 2020: 38.6% of incarcerated individuals charged with crimes directly related to illicit drug use
- · Children in Foster Care
 - Children in foster care in Henderson County due to parental substance use is 67.4%, state rate is 45.7% (NCDHHS)

• Genetic Predisposition • Chronic Pain • Chronic Stress • Co-occurring disorders Availability of Opioids • Early Childhood Exposure Isolation **Root Causes** • Poverty • Education level • Employment • Insurance Coverage • Housing • Stigma • Access to Treatment · Continuity of Care

Service Gaps

- Prevention and Early Intervention
- Inpatient and Residential Treatment
- Naloxone Distribution
- Diversion Programs
- Treatment Courts
- · Recovery Housing
- Workforce Development

7

Barriers to Accessing Care

Individual Barriers

- Cost
- Lack of Awareness
- Co-occurring disorders
- \bullet Transportation and/or other SDOH

Provider Barriers

- Staffing shortages
- Capacity issues
- Pay source issues

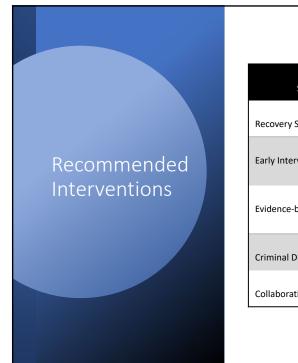
Systemic Barriers

- Stigma
- Medicaid/State Funding

Reduce Reduce Opioid-Related Deaths Reduce Reduce Rate of Overdoses Increase Increase Access to Treatment Improve Improve Coordination of Care Increase Increase Public Awareness Decrease Decrease Jail Recidivism Decrease Decrease Utilization of Crisis Services

9





Strategic Priority	Intervention(s)
Recovery Support Services	Detention Healthcare/Reentry Navigator
Early Intervention	Awareness Campaigns Community Training
Evidence-based Addiction Treatment	Address Barriers to Accessing Treatment & Bolster Existing Programs
Criminal Diversion Justice Programs	Recovery Court Coordinator
Collaborative Strategic Planning	Substance Use Grant and Contract Coordinator



Process for Reviews and Updates



Routine workgroup meetings



Routine outcome reporting



Annual evaluations

13

Next Steps



Implementation Plan

Hiring Launch of Recovery Court RFP's



Substance Use Strategy

