REQUEST FOR BOARD ACTION

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

MEETING DATE:

August 17, 2022

SUBJECT:

Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) – NC DHHS

PRESENTER:

Jerrie McFalls – DSS Director

ATTACHMENTS:

Yes

1. Letter from Department of Health and Human Services

2. Memorandum of Understanding

3. Performance Measures At-a-Glance Attachment 1

4. Performance Measures At-a-Glance Attachment 2

SUMMARY OF REQUEST:

Session Law 2017-41 requires all counties to enter into an annual written agreement with the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) for all social services programs excluding medical assistance (Medicaid).

DHHS has provided a Memorandum of Understanding between DHHS and Henderson County effective for FY 22-23 and FY 23-24 which is attached for the Board's consideration. DSS Staff will be present should the Board have any questions about the annual MOU.

BOARD ACTION REQUESTED:

The Board is requested to adopt the MOU as presented, and authorize the Chairman to sign the MOU on behalf of the Board.

Suggested Motion(s):

I move the Board adopt the MOU as presented, and authorize the Chairman to sign the MOU on behalf of the Board.



ROY COOPER • Governor

KODY H. KINSLEY • Secretary

SUSAN G. OSBORNE • Assistant Secretary for County Operations

May 20, 2022

Dear County Manager and County Director of Social Services:

As you know, Session Law 2017-41 requires all counties to enter into an annual written agreement, referred to as a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), with the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) for all social services programs excluding medical assistance (Medicaid). State Fiscal Year (SFY) 2018-2019 was the first year of these agreements.

As COVID-19 has impacted our daily business since March 2020, the leadership in NCDHHS made the decision to not issue formal corrective actions relating to MOU performance during SFY 2019-2020. We know that the focus of all our work has been providing services to the families of North Carolina and you continue to commit to meeting the needs in your communities, because of that the Department chose to not issue a new MOU for SFY 2020-2021 but continued to work with counties to meet or exceed these standards and then issued a new MOU for an effective date of January 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. NCDHHS again chose not to issue formal corrective actions relating to MOU performance for the period of January 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. The Department determined that the next MOU would be issued for two years with an effective date of July 1, 2022 to continue through June 30, 2024.

This letter provides an overview of the MOU process for SFY 2022-2023 and SFY 2023-2024.

The Department worked jointly with the NC Association of County Directors of Social Services to vet all measures prior to the finalization for the upcoming MOU, which remains the same from the most recent MOU.

The measures for the 2022-23 and 2023-24 MOU can be found in **Attachment I** of the new MOU and are titled Mandated Performance Requirements. **These are the only measures that will be evaluated as part of the MOU for SFY 2022-2023 and 2023-**

NC DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVSERVICES •VISION OF SOCIAL SERVICES

2024 and subject to performance improvement actions.

Attachment II includes information concerning the upcoming Child and Family Services Review Round IV and the measures that will be reviewed by the Administration for Children and Families (ACF) and will not be included in any corrective action. Ongoing monitoring and support activities will continue as they have in prior years for these measures. We will continue to develop reports and validate data for these remaining performance measures. As always, we will work with the NC Association of County Directors of Social Services and counties to assist with the data validation process.

The goal of this work is not intended in any way to be punitive. NCDHHS will work collaboratively with counties that are having difficulty consistently meeting the measures and provide support using a Continuous Quality Improvement framework.

COVID-19 has changed our world and has had a tremendous impact on the work of human services. We recognize that you are continuing to experience significant increases in requests for the safety net services you provide. We also recognize that during a declaration of emergency, there continues to be barriers that are difficult to overcome in meeting the performance measures outlined in the 2022-23 2022-24 MOU.

Last year the Division formalized ongoing criteria for when a pause of Corrective/Development Plans are implemented. At this time, we will not issue any corrective action or development plans based on the MOU while North Carolina remains under the Governor's COVID-19 State of Emergency. In the future the state will consider a pause on issuing a corrective action or development plan on a county by county basis if there is a state of emergency implemented and has an impact on the counties ability to meet their performance requirements (i.e.; a significant hurricane, tornado, etc.). While we will continue to monitor performance and share data with you and provide your team support, there will be no formal performance improvement or corrective actions taken related to MOU performance. We will also hold off publishing the Rylan's Law Dashboard to the public until the emergency declaration is lifted. We will be in discussion with you about developing a joint plan for reinstating these measures once the emergency declaration is lifted.

Several items are included with this letter for your review and information:

- Memorandum of Understanding for SFY 2022-2023 SFY 2023-2024
- Fact Sheets for each program area that provide information on the measures
- Attachment I New MOU Performance Measures At-A-Glance
- Attachment II Child Welfare Performance Measures At-A-Glance

Please take the steps below and return signed agreements to Carla West (<u>carla.west@dhhs.nc.gov</u>) and Melinda Remaley (<u>Melinda.remaley@dhhs.nc.gov</u>) no later than June 30, 2022.

- 1. On page 6 please add the name and contact person to whom information and notices regarding this agreement should be sent.
- On page 10 submit this document for signature to the person who the county
 designates as the signature authority. In case the county elects to have the document
 co-signed by county leadership and the Department of Social Services director, two
 spaces for signatures have been provided.
- 3. Once we receive your returned, signed copy of the MOU it will be submitted to Secretary Kody Kinsley for signature and a signed copy will be returned for your records.

Please note that any signing statement, resolution or other documentation that a County may return to DHHS along with a signed MOU will be deemed separate from the MOU and not incorporated as a part of the MOU. If any documentation is physically affixed to the signed MOU, DHHS may return the MOU to be signed without any affixed documentation. DHHS will review and retain any submissions received from a County and follow up with a County as needed.

Thank you for your ongoing partnership with us in serving North Carolina's citizens with critical services. Please feel free to contact me directly if you have any questions or need any additional information.

Sincerely, Swan D. Whome

Susan G. Osborne

Assistant Secretary for County Operations

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

(FISCAL YEAR 2022-23 and 2023-24)

BETWEEN

THE NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES AND HENDERSON COUNTY

A Written Agreement Pursuant to N.C. Gen. Stat. § 108A-74, an Act of the North Carolina General Assembly

This Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") is made by and between the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services, (hereinafter referred to as the "Department") and Henderson County a political subdivision of the State of North Carolina (hereinafter referred to as the "County") to comply with the requirements of law, N.C. Gen. Stat. § 108A-74. The Department and the County may be referred to herein individually as a "Party" and collectively as the "Parties."

TERMS OF UNDERSTANDING

In consideration of the mutual promises and agreements contained herein, as well as other good and valuable consideration, the sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged by the Parties, the Parties agree to this MOU, effective July 1, 2022, in compliance with the mandates of law enacted by the North Carolina General Assembly and in recognition of possible amendments by the General Assembly, the Parties further agree to conform to changes made to the law, notwithstanding a contractual term previously agreed upon.

1.0 Parties to the MOU

The only Parties to this MOU are the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services and Henderson County, a political subdivision of the State of North Carolina.

1.1 Relationships of the Parties

Nothing contained herein shall in any way alter or change the relationship of the parties Parties as defined under the laws of North Carolina. It is expressly understood and agreed that the enforcement of the terms and conditions of this MOU, and all rights of action relating to such enforcement, shall be strictly reserved to the Department and the County. Nothing contained in this document shall give or allow any claim or right of action whatsoever by any other third person. It is the express intention of the Department and County that any such person or entity, other than the Department or the County, receiving services or benefits under this MOU shall be deemed an incidental beneficiary only.

Subcontracting: The County shall be responsible for the performance of all of its subcontractors. The County shall disclose the names of its subcontractors to the Department within thirty (30) days of the execution thereof. The County shall also provide additional information concerning its subcontractors as may be requested by the Department within thirty (30) days of the request. The

County additionally agrees not to enter into any confidentiality agreement or provision with a subcontractor or other agent to provide services related to this MOU that would prevent or frustrate the disclosure of information to the Department. Subcontractors shall be defined under this MOU to mean any party the County enters into a contractual relationship with for the complete administration of one or more social services programs covered by this MOU. Temporary employees hired by the County shall not be considered subcontractors under this MOU.

Assignment: No assignment of the County's obligations or the County's right to receive any funding made in any way concerning the matters covered by this MOU hereunder shall be permitted.

2.0 Terms of the MOU

The term of this MOU shall be for a period of two years beginning July 1, 2022 and ending June 30, 2024.

2.1 Default and Modification

Default: In the event the County fails to satisfy the mandated performance requirements as set forth in **Attachment I** or fails to otherwise comply with the terms of this MOU, the Department may withhold State and/or federal funding. Any such withholding shall be in compliance with, and as allowed by, state and/or federal law.

Performance Improvement: Prior to the Department exercising its authority to withhold State and/or federal funding for a failure to satisfy the mandated performance requirements set forth in **Attachment I** or failure to meet the terms of this MOU, the process for performance improvement set forth in N.C. Gen. Stat. § 108A-74 will govern. Nothing contained in this MOU shall supersede or limit the Secretary's authority to take any action otherwise set forth in N.C. Gen. Stat. § 108A-74.

Waiver of Default: Waiver by the Department of any default or breach in compliance with the terms of this MOU by the County shall not be deemed a waiver of any subsequent default or breach and shall not be construed to be modification of the terms of this MOU unless stated to be such in writing, signed by an authorized representative of the Department and the County and attached to the MOU.

Force Majeure: Neither Party shall be deemed to be in default of its obligations hereunder if and so long as it is prevented from performing such obligations by any act of war, hostile foreign action, nuclear explosion, riot, strikes, civil insurrection, earthquake, hurricane, tornado, public health emergency or other catastrophic natural event or act of God.

Modification: The terms and conditions of this MOU may only be modified by written agreement of the Parties, signed by an authorized representative of the Parties.

3.0 MOU Documents

The Recitals and the following attachments are incorporated herein by reference and are part of this MOU:

- (1) The portions hereof preceding the Terms of Understanding, including but not limited to the introductory paragraph and the Recitals, which are contractual as well as explanatory
- (2) The Terms of Understanding
- (3) Attachment I Mandated Performance Requirements:
 - a. I-A: Energy Programs
 - b. I-B: Work First
 - c. I-C: Food and Nutrition Services
 - d. I-D: Child Welfare Foster Care
 - e. I-E: Adult Protective Services
 - f. I-F: Special Assistance
 - g. I-G: Child Support Services
- (4) Attachment II Child Welfare CFSR

4.0 Entire MOU

This MOU and any documents incorporated specifically by reference represent the entire agreement between the Parties and supersede all prior oral or written statements or agreements between the Parties.

5.0 Definitions

While "County" is used as an abbreviation above, the following definitions, some of which are contained in N.C. Gen. Stat. § 108A-74(a), also apply to this MOU:

- (1) "County department of social services" also means the consolidated human services agency, whichever applies.
- (2) "County director of social services" also means the human services director, whichever applies.
- (3) "County board of social services" also means the consolidated human services board, whichever applies.
- (4) "Child welfare services or program" means protective, foster care, and adoption services related to juveniles alleged to be abused, neglected, or dependent as required by Chapter 7B of the General Statutes.
- (5) "Social services programs" or "Social services programs other than medical assistance" means social services and public assistance programs established in Chapter 108A other than the medical assistance program (Part 6 of Article 2 of Chapter 108A). This includes, but is not limited to, child welfare programs, adult protective services, guardianship services for adults, and programs of public assistance established in Chapter 108A. It also includes the child support enforcement program, as established in Article 9 of Chapter 110 of the General Statutes, and the North Carolina Subsidized Child Care Program.

To the extent that any term used herein is defined by a statute or rule applicable to the subject matter of this MOU, the statutory or rule definition shall control. For all remaining terms, which are not defined by statute or rule, those terms shall have their ordinary meaning. Should any further Page 3 of 10

definition be needed, the Parties agree that the meanings shall be those contained in the current version (as of the time the dispute or question arises) of Black's Law Dictionary, and if not defined therein, then of a published unabridged modern American English Language Dictionary published since the year 2000.

6.0 Audit Requirements

The County shall furnish to the State Auditor, upon his/her request, all books, records, and other information that the State Auditor needs to fully account for the use and expenditure of state funds in accordance with N.C.G.S. § 147-64.7. Additionally, as the State funding authority, the Department of Health and Human Services shall have access to persons and records as a result of all contracts or grants entered into by State agencies or political subdivisions.

7.0 Record Retention

The County shall retain records at its own expense in accordance with applicable State and Federal laws, rules, and regulations. The County shall facilitate and monitor the compliance of its subcontractors with all applicable requirements of record retention and disposition.

In order to protect documents and public records that may be the subject of Department litigation, the Department shall notify the County of the need to place a litigation hold on those documents. The Department will also notify the County of the release of the litigation hold. If there is no litigation hold in place, the documents may be destroyed, disposed of, or otherwise purged through the biannual Records Retention and Disposition Memorandum from the Department's Controller's Office.

8.0 Liabilities and Legal Obligations

Each party hereto agrees to be responsible for its own liabilities and that of its officers, employees, agents or representatives arising out of this MOU. Nothing contained herein is intended to alter or change the relationship of the Parties as defined under the laws of the State of North Carolina.

9.0 Confidentiality

Any medical records, personnel information or other items exempt from the NC Public Records Act or otherwise protected by law from disclosure given to the Department or to the County under this MOU shall be kept confidential and not divulged or made available to any individual or organization except as otherwise provided by law. The Parties shall comply with all applicable confidentiality laws and regulations, including but not limited to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA), the administrative simplification rules codified at 45 Parts 160, 162, and 164, alcohol and drug abuse patient records laws codified at 42 U.S.C. §290dd-2 and 42 CFR Part 2, and the Health Information Technology for Economics and Clinical Health Act (HITECH Act) adopted as part of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Public Law 111-5).

10.0 Secretary's Authority Undiminished

Certain functions delegated to the County pursuant to this MOU are the duty and responsibility of the Department as the grantee of federal grant funds. The Parties understand and agree that nothing in this MOU shall be construed to diminish, lessen, limit, share, or divide the authority of the Secretary of the Department to perform any of the duties assigned to the Department or its Secretary by the North Carolina General Statutes, the terms and conditions of the federal funds and their applicable laws and regulations or other federal laws and regulations regarding any federal funding which is used by the Department to reimburse the County for any of its duties under this MOU.

11.0 MOU does not Diminish Other Legal Obligations

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein and to facilitate the mandated performance requirements of N.C. Gen. Stat. § 108A-74, the Parties acknowledge and agree that this MOU is not intended to supersede or limit, and shall not supersede or limit, the County's obligations to comply with all applicable: 1) federal and state laws; 2) federal and state rules; and 3) policies, standards, and directions of the Department, as all such currently exist and may be amended, enacted, or established hereafter.

12.0 Notice

The persons named below shall be the persons to whom notices provided for in this MOU shall be given. Either Party may change the person to whom notice shall be given upon written notice to the other Party. Any notice required under this MOU will only be effective if actually delivered to the Parties named below. Delivery by hand, by first class mail, or by email are authorized methods to send notices.

For the Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Social Services

IF DELIVERED BY US POSTAL SERVICE	IF DELIVERED BY ANY OTHER MEANS
Susan Osborne, Assistant Secretary NCDHHS 2417 Mail Services Center Raleigh, NC 27699-2001	Susan Osborne NCDHHS Doretha Dix Campus, McBryde Building Phone: 919-527-6338 E-mail: Susan.Osborne@dhhs.nc.gov

For County:

IF DELIVERED BY US POSTAL SERVICE	IF DELIVERED BY ANY OTHER MEANS
Jerrie McFalls, Director	Jerrie McFalls, Director
Henderson County Dept. of Social Services	Henderson County Dept. of Social Services
1200 Spartanburg Hwy., Suite 300	1200 Spartanburg Hwy., Suite 300
Hendersonville, NC 28792	Hendersonville, NC 28792
	mcfallsj@hendersoncountync.gov
	Phone: 828.694.6306

13.0 Responsibilities of the Department

The Department hereby agrees that its responsibilities under this MOU are as follows:

- (1) The Department shall develop performance requirements for each social services program based upon standardized metrics utilizing reliable data. The performance requirements are identified in Attachments I and II.
- (2) The Department shall provide supervision, program monitoring and technical assistance to the counties in the administration of social services programs.
- (3) The Department shall provide leadership and coordination for developing strategies that address system-level barriers to the effective delivery of social services programs, including but not limited to: the Administrative Office of Courts, the LME/MCO, Department of Public Instruction, and the Department of Public Safety.
- (4) The Department shall have the following administrative responsibilities:
 - a. Staff Training and Workforce Development:
 - i. Develop training requirements for county personnel and provide guidance for adequate staffing patterns related to the provision of social services programs. The Department will publish annually, a list of required and recommended trainings for county personnel directly involved in the administration of social services programs covered under this MOU.
 - ii. Develop training curricula and provide, timely, adequate access to statewide training opportunities for county personnel related to the provision of social services programs. Training opportunities may include in-person, selfguided, web-based and remotely facilitated programs.
 - iii. The Department will publish a training calendar, at least quarterly, notifying the counties of training opportunities.
 - iv. Provide timely written guidance related to new federal or state statutes or regulations. The Department will provide information in advance of the effective date of new policy to the extent possible, including interpretations and clarifications of existing policy.
 - v. Provide technical assistance and training in areas where quality control, monitoring or data indicates a lack of correct application of law, rule or policy.
 - b. Performance Monitoring:
 - i. Monitor and evaluate county compliance with applicable federal and state laws, rules and policies.
 - ii. Provide feedback to counties with recommended changes when necessary.

iii. Monitor that all financial resources related to the provision of social services programs covered by this MOU are utilized by the county in compliance with applicable federal and state laws.

c. Data Submission:

- i. Maintain and review data submitted by counties pursuant to the mandatory performance requirements.
- ii. Provide counties with reliable data related to their performance requirements as well as accuracy and timeliness of programs in accordance with state and federal program guidelines. This includes but is not limited to processing applications and recertification, quality control standards, program statistics and fiscal information.
- iii. The Department shall be responsible for the maintenance and functionality of its information systems utilized in the statewide administration of social services programs covered by this MOU.

d. Communication:

- i. Provide counties with clarification or explanation of law, rule or policy governing social services programs when necessary or as requested.
- ii. Disseminate policy on social services programs and provide counties with timely information on any updates to policy.
- iii. Provide timely information to counties on any changes to federal law or policy made known to the Department.
- iv. Provide counties with a timely response to requests for technical assistance or guidance.
- v. Maintain all policies covering social services programs in a central, accessible location. Policies will be updated, to the extent possible, in advance of the effective date of any new policies or policy changes.
- vi. Provide counties with an opportunity to submit questions, concerns and feedback related to the administration of social services programs to the Department and provide County a timely response to such communication.
- vii. Communicate proactively with the County Director of Social Services on matters that effect social services programs covered under this MOU.
- viii. Communicate directly with the County Manager, Governing Boards, and the County Director of Social Services on matters including but not limited to, corrective action, and significant changes to law, rule and policy that impact the administration of social services programs covered by this MOU.

e. Inter-agency Coordination:

- i. Provide guidance to counties in the event they are unable to reach a resolution on a conflict of interest that arises related to the provision of social services programs covered by this MOU.
- ii. Provide guidance for county DSS personnel on federal and state Emergency Management, mass shelter, Business Continuity Plan (BCP) and Continuity of Operations Plan (COOP) requirements.
- iii. Coordinate with and communicate to county DSS agencies regarding available and required training opportunities associated with DSS Mass Shelter, BCP and COOP responsibilities.

- iv. Assist and support counties as needed in implementation of operational functions of mass shelter operations and as needed during other emergencies as they arise.
- (5) The Department shall timely meet all of its responsibilities contained in this MOU. "Timely" shall be defined consistent with timeliness requirements set forth in relevant statute, regulation, and policy. Where timeliness is not otherwise defined, "timely" shall mean within a reasonable time under the circumstances.

14.0 Responsibilities of the County

The County hereby agrees that its responsibilities under this MOU are as follows:

- (1) The County shall adhere to the mandated performance requirements for each social services program as identified in Attachment I. The County will ultimately work toward achievement of the Standard Measure for all performance requirements set forth in Attachments I and II.
- (2) The County shall comply with the following administrative responsibilities
 - a. Staff Requirements and Workforce Development:
 - i. The personnel, including new hires and existing staff, involved in the County's provision of social services programs covered by this MOU shall complete all required and necessary training, which is documented as required by federal and state law and policy.

b. Compliance:

- i. Perform activities related to its social services programs in compliance with all applicable federal and State laws, rules, regulations and policies. Nothing contained herein is intended to, nor has the effect of superseding or replacing state law, rules or policy related to social services programs.
- ii. Develop and implement internal controls over financial resources related to the County's social services programs to ensure that all financial resources are used in compliance with applicable federal and state laws.
- iii. Provide and adhere to corrective action plans as required based on monitoring findings and the Single Audit.

c. Data Submission:

- i. Maintain accurate, thorough records of all social services programs covered by this MOU, in particular, records related to the mandated performance requirements that can be accessed for the purpose of data collection, service provision, monitoring or consultation
- ii. Ensure reliable data entry into state systems utilized for the administration of social services programs covered under this MOU.
- iii. Provide, upon request, data to the state for the purpose of, but not limited to, conducting monitoring, case file reviews, error analysis and quality control.
- iv. Utilize data to understand the performance of their county and to conduct analysis and implement changes where needed if performance measures are not being met.

d. Communication:

i. Respond and provide related action in a timely manner to all communications received from the Department.

- ii. Provide timely information on all matters that have a potential negative impact on the social services programs they administer, including but not limited to, litigation risks (not including child welfare cases governed by Chapter 7B or adult services cases governed by Chapter 35A or 108A), network and computer issues, or data breaches.
- iii. Provide timely information regarding temporary or permanent changes to the Social Services Governing Board. or the County Social Services Director, including retirements, separations, or any leaves of absence greater than two calendar weeks.
- e. Inter-agency Cooperation:
 - i. Ensure that county social services personnel complete required training and are prepared to engage in Disaster Management, mass shelter, BCP and COOP operations.
 - ii. Ensure that all plans and systems are in place to meet potential disaster (natural, technical, otherwise) response requirements.
 - iii. Engage with DHHS, state Emergency Management and local leadership in associated efforts.
 - iv. Assist or operate mass shelter operations or other required disaster management responsibilities.
- (3) The County shall timely meet all its responsibilities contained in this MOU. "Timely" shall be defined consistent with timeliness requirements set forth in relevant statute, regulation, policy or as otherwise required by the Department. If timeliness is not otherwise defined, "timely" shall mean within a reasonable time under the circumstances.

15.0 Data Security and Reporting

Data Security: The County shall adopt and apply data privacy and security requirements to comply with all applicable federal, state, department and local laws, regulations, and rules. To the extent that the Department and the County have already entered into one or more data privacy agreements covering all or any portion of the work to be performed under this MOU, the Parties hereby adopt and incorporate such agreements by reference into this MOU as if fully set forth herein.

Duty to Report: The County shall report all privacy and security incidents related to the provision of social services programs covered by the MOU to the Department and the Privacy and Security Office within twenty-four (24) hours after the privacy and security incident is first discovered, provided that the County shall report a breach involving Social Security Administration data or Internal Revenue Service data within one (1) hour after the incident is first discovered. During the performance of this MOU, the County is to notify the Department of any contact by the federal Office for Civil Rights (OCR) received by the County related to the provision of social services programs covered by the MOU. In case of a privacy and security incident, the County, including any subcontractors or agents it retains, shall fully cooperate with the Department.

16.0 Miscellaneous

Choice of Law: The validity of this MOU and any of its terms or provisions, as well as the rights and duties of the Parties to this MOU, are governed by the laws of North Carolina. The Parties, by signing this MOU, agree and submit, solely for matters concerning this MOU, to the exclusive

jurisdiction of the courts of North Carolina and agrees, solely for such purpose, that the exclusive venue for any legal proceedings shall be Wake County, North Carolina. The place of this MOU and all transactions and agreements relating to it, and their situs and forum, shall be Wake County, North Carolina, where all matters, whether sounding in contract or tort, relating to the validity, construction, interpretation, and enforcement shall be determined.

Amendment: This MOU may not be amended orally or by performance. Any amendment must be made in written form and executed by duly authorized representatives of the Department and the County. The Parties agree to obtain any necessary approvals, if any, for any amendment prior to such amendment becoming effective. Also, the Parties agree that legislative changes to state law shall amend this MOU by operation of law to the extent affected thereby.

Effective Date: This MOU shall become effective July 1, 2022 and shall continue in effect until June 30, 2024.

Signature Warranty: Each individual signing below warrants that he or she is duly authorized by the party to sign this MOU and to bind the party to the terms and conditions of this MOU.

BY:	BY:
Name	Name
TITLE: Director, Henderson County Depart. Of Social Services	TITLE: Chairman, Henderson County Board of County Commissioners
DATE:	DATE:
North Carolina Department of Health and Hu	uman Services
	uman Services

Adult Services Child Support Services

Child Welfard Services Energy Programs Food and Butfillion

Work First Services

WHAT ARE THE PERFORMANCE MEASURES?

In 2017, the North Carolina General Assembly passed the Family/Child Accountability and Protection Act/Rylan's Law - Session Law 2017-41. The law requires all counties to enter into an annual agreement with the NC Department of Health and Human Services (NCDHHS) for all social services programs excluding medical assistance (NC Medicaid). The goal of the annual agreements is to support the provision of consistent, quality child welfare and social services that ensure the safety, health and well-being of children, adults and families served across North Carolina.

The law requires the agreement to contain performance requirements and administrative responsibilities. This fact sheet is one of six fact sheets describing the 21 performance measures in the 2022-23 and 2023-24 Memorandum of Agreement. The six fact sheets address: 1) Adult Services, 2) Child Support Services, 3) Child Welfare Services, 4) Energy Programs, 5) Food and Nutrition Services, and 6) Work First Services.

Why Were These Adult Services Measures Selected?

The NCDHHS-County Memorandum of Agreement includes four Adult Services performance measures: two Adult Protective Services (APS) measures and two State-County Special Assistance measures. Together, these four measures address the immediate safety, ongoing protection from abuse and neglect, and long-term security and well-being of older adults and individuals with disabilities. The goal is to provide services and protections to individuals and families experiencing serious health and safety needs who are not, at least temporarily, able to assist themselves with the goal of helping them return to independent, community living.

BASIS

NC G.S 108A-103 Article 6 requires that an APS evaluation shall be completed within 30 days for allegations of abuse or neglect and within 45 days for allegations of exploitation. NC Administrative Rule: 10A NCAC 71P .0604 requires that applications be processed and a notice approving or denying the application stating the effective date be mailed within 45 calendar days from the date the application form is signed for individuals aged 65 and older, and within 60 calendar days for those younger than 65.

A Closer Look: Adult Protective Services Performance Measures

1. APS evaluations involving allegations of abuse or neglect will be completed within 30 days of the report for 85% of cases.

RATIONALE

Adult Protective Services are considered emergency services that involve cases of irreparable harm and potential for death. NC GS 108a, Article 6, requires that a prompt and thorough evaluation is made of all reports of adult maltreatment and does not allow for the provision of services until the evaluation is completed. Completing the prompt and thorough evaluation is essential to protecting the adult. While state statute does not specify a percentage, 85% was selected because counties encounter extenuating circumstances that preclude them from completing a timely evaluation. Timely completion of 85% of these reports indicates substantial compliance with the statute.

BASIS

State law requires that the director of social services receiving a report that an adult needs protective services make a prompt and thorough evaluation to determine whether the adult needs protective services and what services are needed. By statute, the evaluation shall be completed within 30 days for allegations of abuse or neglect.

• NC State Statute: NC G.S 108A-103

2. APS evaluations involving allegations of exploitation will be completed within 45 days of the report for 85% of cases.

RATIONALE

Protecting a disabled adult from exploitation is critical to ensuring the protection of the adult. The Statute covers exploitation of assets as well as the person. NC GS 108a, Article 6, requires that a prompt and thorough evaluation is made of all reports of adult maltreatment and does not allow for the provision of services until the evaluation is completed. Completing the prompt and thorough evaluation is essential to protecting the adult. The timeframe of 45 days is allowed to ensure collection of necessary financial information in cases of exploitation of assets which often involves court proceedings. Timely completion of 85% of these reports indicates substantial compliance with the statute.

BASIS

State law requires the director of social services to make a prompt and thorough evaluation of any report of potential adult abuse, neglect or exploitation and determine whether an adult needs protective services and what services are needed. The evaluation should be completed within 45 days for allegations of exploitation.

NC State Statute: NC G.S 108A-103

A Closer Look: State-County Special Assistance Performance Measures

The NCDHHS-County Memorandum of Agreement includes two State-County Special Assistance Measures. These measures address the timeliness in which the County DSS processes applications for State-County Special Assistance (SA), which pays for room and board for low-income individuals needing care in an assisted living facility. NC Administrative Code (10NCAC 71P.0604) sets the timeliness requirement for processing SA applications.

1. The County will process 85% of Special Assistance for the Aged (SAA) applications within 45 calendar days of the application date.

RATIONALE

Individuals in need of placement in an assisted living facility generally require prompt placement to avoid further decline in health or possible harm. State-County Special Assistance (SA) pays for room and board for eligible individuals in a licensed assisted living facility. Timely receipt of these benefits is essential to ensure proper care and treatment. While state rule does not specify a percentage rate, 85% was selected because counties may encounter extenuating circumstances that preclude them from completing a timely determination of eligibility. Timely determination for 85% of applications indicates substantial compliance with the state rule.

BASIS

State administrative rules require that applications be processed and a notice approving or denying the application stating the effective date be mailed within 45 calendar days from the date the application form is signed for individuals aged 65 and older.

NC Administrative Rule: 10A NCAC 71P .0604

2. The County will process 85% of Special Assistance for the Disabled (SAD) applications within 60 calendar days of the application date.

RATIONALE

Individuals in need of placement in an assisted living facility generally require prompt placement to avoid further decline in health or possible harm. State-County Special Assistance (SA) pays for room and board for eligible individuals in a licensed assisted living facility. Eligibility for SA also qualifies an individual to receives Medicaid benefits. Timely receipt of these benefits is essential to ensure proper care and treatment. DSS staff are required to verify several factors to determine eligibility related to income and assets.

While the state rule does not speak to a percentage rate, 85% was selected because counties may encounter extenuating circumstances that preclude them from completing a timely determination of eligibility. Timely determination for 85% of applications indicates substantial compliance with the Rule.

BASIS

State regulations require that applications be processed and a notice approving or denying the application stating the effective date of the payment be mailed within 60 calendar days from the date the application form is signed for individuals younger than 65.

NC Administrative Rule: 10A NCAC 71P .0604



ATTACHMENT I

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS:

The Standard Measure is the measure set forth in federal or state law, rule or policy that governs the particular program. This is the Measure that all counties are ultimately aiming to achieve.

The County Performance Measure is the measure that the County is required to achieve to be in compliance with this MOU. For some programs, the County's Performance Measure will be the same as the Standard Measure. For other programs, the County's Performance Measure may be greater or less than the Standard Measure, dependent upon previous year's performance.

The Report of Performance is the period of time in which a County's response to a particular performance requirement is measured and reported.

ENERGY PROGRAMS

	Standard Measure	County Performance Measure	Rationale and Authority	Report of Performance
1	The County will process 95% of Crisis Intervention Program (CIP) applications, with no heat or cooling source, within one (1) business day from the date of application or date all verification is received, whichever comes first.	The County will process 95% of Crisis Intervention Program (CIP) applications, with no heat or cooling source, within one (1) business day from the date of application or date all verification is received, whichever comes first.	Ensure that eligible individuals in a household without a heating or cooling source receive relief as soon as possible. 42 USC §\$ 8621-8630 10A NCAC 71V .0200	Monthly
2	The County will process 95% of Crisis Intervention Program (CIP) applications, that have heat or cooling source with a past due or final notice, within two (2) business days from the date of application or date all verification is received, whichever comes first.	The County will process 95% of Crisis Intervention Program (CIP) applications, that have heat or cooling source with a past due or final notice, within two (2) business days from the date of application or date all verification is received, whichever comes first.	Ensure that eligible households who are in danger of losing a heating or cooling source receive financial assistance to avert the crisis. 42 USC §\$ 8621-8630 10A NCAC 71V .0200	Monthly

WORK FIRST

	Standard Measure	County Performance Measure	Rationale and Authority	Report of Performance
1	The County will process 95%	The County will process 95% of Work	Ensure that eligible families receive Work First benefits in a timely manner.	Monthly
	of Work First applications within 45 days of receipt.	First applications within 45 days of receipt.	TANF State Plan FFY 2019-2022 NCGS 108A-31	
2	The County will process 95% of Work First recertifications	The County will process 95% of Work First recertifications	Ensure that Work First families continue to receive assistance and benefits without unnecessary interruption.	Monthly
	within 60 calendar days prior to the last day of the current certification period.	within 60 calendar days prior to the last day of the current certification period.	TANF State Plan FFY 2019-2022 NCGS 108A-31	

FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICES

	Standard Measure	County Performance Measure	Rationale and Authority	Report of Performance
1	The County will process 95% of expedited FNS applications within the timeframe that allows the household to have access to the FNS benefits on or before the 7th calendar day from the date of application.	The County will process 95% of expedited FNS applications within the timeframe that allows the household to have access to the FNS benefits on or before the 7th calendar day from the date of application.	Ensure all expedited FNS applications are processed within required timeframes. 7 CFR § 273.2 FNS Manual: Section 315 FNS Administrative Letter 1-2015	Monthly
2	The County will process 95% of regular FNS applications within the timeframe that allows the household to have access to the FNS benefits on or before the 30th calendar day from the date of application.	The County will process 95% of regular FNS applications within the timeframe that allows the household to have access to the FNS benefits on or before the 30th calendar day from the date of application.	Ensure all regular FNS applications are processed within required timeframes. 7 CFR § 273.2 FNS Manual: Section 315 FNS Administrative Letter1-2015	Monthly
3	The County will ensure that 95% of FNS recertifications are processed on time, each month.	The County will ensure that 95% of FNS recertifications are processed on time, each month.	Ensure that eligible families have their recertification benefits processed in a timely manner without interruption. 7 CFR § 273.14	Monthly

CHILD WELFARE - FOSTER CARE

	Standard Measure	County Performance Measure	Rationale and Authority	Report of Performance
1	ensure that 95% ensure that 95% the engagement and well-being of fam of all foster youth have a face-to-face visit with the social worker each month. ensure that 95% ensure that 95% the engagement and well-being of fam of 2006 (Public Law 109–288, section 7 amending Section 422(b) of the Social	Ensure the ongoing safety of children and the engagement and well-being of families.		
		have a face-to-face visit with the social	Child and Family Services Improvement Act of 2006 (Public Law 109-288, section 7) amending Section 422(b) of the Social Security Act (42 USC 622(b))	
		Virtual face-to-face visits are allowed during the current state of emergency in response to the pandemic.		

ADULT PROTECTIVE SERVICES (APS)

	Standard Measure	County Performance Measure	Rationale and Authority	Report of Performance
1	The County will complete 85% of APS evaluations involving allegations of abuse or neglect within 30 days of the report.	NCDHHS will work with the County to identify the County's performance measure for FY 22-23 and FY 23-24 based on the County's performance for the preceding state fiscal year	Responding quickly to allegations of adult maltreatment is essential to case decision-making to protect the adult. State law requires that a prompt and thorough evaluation is made of all reports of adult maltreatment. NCGS 108A-103	Monthly
2	The County will complete 85% of APS evaluations involving allegations of exploitation within 45 days of the report.	NCDHHS will work with the County to identify the County's performance measure for FY 22-23 and FY 23-24 based on the County's performance for the preceding state fiscal year	Protecting a disabled adult from exploitation is critical to ensuring their safety and well-being. State law requires a prompt and thorough evaluation is made of all reports of adult exploitation. NCGS 108A-103	Monthly

SPECIAL ASSISTANCE (SA)

	Standard Measure	County Performance Measure	Rationale and Authority	Report of Performance
1	The County will process 85% of Special Assistance for the Aged (SAA)	NCDHHS will work with the County to identify the County's performance measure for FY 22-23 and	Ensure eligible individuals receive supplemental payments to support stable living arrangements. Timely application processing of SAA	Monthly
	applications within 45 calendar days of the application date.	FY 23-24 based on the County's performance for the preceding state fiscal year	benefits is essential to an individual's proper care and treatment. 10A NCAC 71P .0604	
2	The County will process 85% of Special Assistance	NCDHHS will work with the County to identify the County's performance	Ensure eligible individuals receive supplemental payments to support stable living arrangements.	Monthly
	for the Disabled (SAD) applications within 60 calendar days of the	County's performance for the	Timely application processing of SAD benefits is essential to an individual's proper care and treatment.	
	application date.	preceding state fiscal year	10A NCAC 71P .0604	

CHILD SUPPORT SERVICES

	Standard Measure	County Performance Measure	Rationale and Authority	Report of Performance
1	Percentage of paternities established or acknowledged for	The County paternity establishment performance level must exceed 50% at	Paternity establishment is an essential component in obtaining and enforcing support orders for children.	Annual
	children born out of	the end of the State Fiscal	45 CFR § 305.33 (b)	
	wedlock.	Year (June 30).	NCGS 110-129.1	
2	support cases that order establishment have a court order performance level must	A court order creates a legal obligation for a noncustodial parent to provide financial support to their children.	Annual	
	obligations.	exceed 50% at the end of the State Fiscal Year (June 30).	45 CFR § 305.33 (d) NCGS 110-129.1	
3	Percentage of current child support paid.	The County current collections performance level must exceed 40% at	The current collections rate is an indicator for the regular and timely payment of child support obligations.	Annual
		the end of the State Fiscal Year (June 30).	45 CFR § 305.33 (e)	
		rear (June 30).	NCGS 110-129.1	
4	Percentage of cases received a payment toward arrears.	The County arrearage collections performance level must exceed 40% at	Collection of child support has been shown to reduce child poverty rates and improve child well-being	Annual
		the end of the State Fiscal Year (June 30).	45 CFR § 305.33 (h)	
		rear (durie 50).	NCGS 110-129.1	



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2022-23 & 2023-24 NCDHHS/COUNTY MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT

PERFORMANCE MEASURES AT-A-GLANCE

Note: These Performance Measures are not subject to corrective action under 108A-74 for MOU 2022-23 and 2023-24

ATTACHMENT II

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS:

The federal Children's Bureau (CB) is planning to conduct a fourth round of reviews under the Child and Family Services Reviews (CFSR) regulations, beginning in Federal Fiscal Year (FFY) 2022 (October 1, 2021). The purpose of these reviews is to determine compliance with Title IV-B and Title IV-E plan requirements, and in doing so, assess the extent to which federally funded child welfare programs function effectively to promote the safety, permanency, and well-being of children and families with whom they have contact.

The overall goals of the reviews are to:

- Ensure conformity with Title IV-B and Title IV-E child welfare requirements using a framework focused on safety, permanency and well-being through seven outcomes and seven systemic factors;
- Determine what is happening to children and families as they are engaged in child welfare services including the legal and judicial processes; and
- Assist state child welfare systems in helping children and families achieve positive outcomes.*

To this end, the NC Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Social Services is advising counties that since these measures will be included in the Data Review and performance for CFSR Round IV, counties need to continue monitoring and striving to achieve progress toward accomplishing these measures, to ensure that North Carolina can be determined to be in "substantial conformity." In an effort to assist counties in monitoring and achieving these progress measures, please find the following link to data provided by UNC-CH: https://ssw.unc.edu/ma.

*Child and Family Services Review Technical Bulletin #12 Announcement of the CFSR Round 4 reviews, August 2020, Section I. Context and Overview of Next Round of CFSR - Round 4, pp 1-3

	Standard Measure	County Performance Measure	Rationale and Authority	Report of Performance
initiate 95% of all with the County to screened-in reports identify the County's timeframe within required performance measure time frames for FY 22-23 and FY as, immed 23-24 based on the County's performance for the preceding state fiscal year	initiate 95% of all screened-in reports within required	with the County to identify the County's performance measure for FY 22-23 and FY 23-24 based on the County's performance	Ensure that allegations of abuse, neglect and dependency are initiated timely. The timeframes for initiating an investigation of child maltreatment are defined in state law as, immediately, within 24 hours, or within 72 hours depending on the nature and severity of the alleged maltreatment.	
	NC General Statutes § 7B-302;			
		state fiscal year	10A NCAC 70A .0105;	
			NCDHHS Family Services Manual: Vol. 1, Chapter VIII: Child Protective Services, Section 1408 - Investigative & Family Assessments	
2	For all children who were victims of maltreatment	NCDHHS will work with the County to identify the County's	Ensure that children who have been substantiated as abused, neglected or dependent are protected from further harm.	
	during a 12-month period, no more than 9.1% received a subsequent finding of maltreatment	performance measure for FY 22-23 and FY 23-24 based on the County's performance for the preceding state fiscal year	National Standards for State Performance on Statewide Data Indicators established by the Children's Bureau to determine conformity with Title IV-B and Title IV-E of the Social Security Act and the Child and Family Services Review.	

CHILD WELFARE - FOSTER CARE

	Standard Measure	County Performance Measure	Rationale and Authority	Report of Performance
3	The County will provide leadership for ensuring that 40.5% of children who enter foster care in a 12-month period are discharged to permanency within 12 months of entering foster care.	DHHS will work with the County to identify the County's performance measure for FY 22-23 and FY 23-24 based on the County's performance for the preceding state fiscal year	Ensure that children in out-of-home placements are able to obtain safe and permanent homes as soon as possible after removal from their home. National Standards for State Performance on Statewide Data Indicators established by the Children's Bureau to determine conformity with Title IV-B and Title IV-E of the Social Security Act and the Child and Family Services Review.	
4	The County will provide leadership for ensuring that, of children who enter foster care in a 12-month period who were discharged within 12 months to reunification, kinship care, or guardianship, no more than 8.3% re-enter foster care within 12 months of their discharge.	DHHS will work with the County to identify the County's performance measure for FY 22-23 and FY 23-24 based on the County's performance for the preceding state fiscal year	Ensure that children exiting foster care are in stable homes so that they do not re-enter foster care. CFSR: Safety Outcome 1: Children are, first and foremost, protected from abuse and neglect. National Standards for State Performance on Statewide Data Indicators established by the Children's Bureau to determine conformity with Title IV-B and Title IV-E of the Social Security Act and the Child and Family Services Review.	
5	The County will provide leadership for ensuring that, of all children who enter foster care in a 12-month period in the county, the rate of placement moves per 1,000 days of foster care will not exceed 4.1%.	DHHS will work with the County to identify the County's performance measure for FY 22-23 and FY 23-24 based on the County's performance for the preceding state fiscal year	Ensure that children who are removed from their homes experience stability while they are in foster care. CFSR: Permanency Outcome 1: Children have permanency and stability in their living situations. National Standards for State Performance on Statewide Data Indicators established by the Children's Bureau to determine conformity with Title IV-B and IV-E of the Social Security Act and the Child and Family Services Review.	



Adult Services Child Support Services Child Welfare Services

Energy Programs

Work First Services

WHAT ARE THE PERFORMANCE MEASURES?

In 2017, the North Carolina General Assembly passed the Family/Child Accountability and Protection Act/Rylan's Law - Session Law 2017-41. The law requires all counties to enter into an annual agreement with the NC Department of Health and Human Services (NCDHHS) for all social services programs excluding medical assistance (NC Medicaid). The goal of the annual agreements is to support the provision of consistent, quality child welfare and social services that ensure the safety, health and well-being of children, adults and families served across North Carolina.

The law requires the agreement to contain performance requirements and administrative responsibilities. This fact sheet is one of six fact sheets describing the 21 performance measures in the 2022-23 and 2023-24 Memorandum of Agreement. The six fact sheets address: 1) Adult Services, 2) Child Support Services, 3) Child Welfare Services, 4) Energy Programs, 5) Food and Nutrition Services, and 6) Work First Services.

Why Were These Child Support Measures Selected?

The NCDHHS-County Memorandum of Agreement includes four child support performance measures. The aim of the performance measures is to ensure that child support is a reliable, accessible source of income so that custodial families can become self-sufficient. Studies have shown that policies to collect child support not only increase financial resources to families, but their impact on payments increase visitation and contact between the children and their parents.

BASIS

The Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Acts (PRWORA) of 1996, Section 454 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 654), 42 U.S.C. 658a(b)(6), Public Law 105-200, Section 201, and N.C.G.S. 110-129.1(a)(9) establish guidelines for performance and an incentive system to provide additional payments to any State based on its performance under the program. The Child Support Performance and Incentive Act of 1998 (CSPIA) (Public Law 105-200, Section 201) provides the legal basis for the incentive award system. The purpose of Title IV-D incentives is to reward child support programs for good performance results, while holding these programs accountable for poor performance.

Eligibility for and the amount of incentive funding depends on all of the following:

- The total amount of federal funds that are available for a fiscal year.
- The state performance levels in five program service areas (paternity establishment, support establishment, current support payments, payments toward arrearages, and cost effectiveness). The federal Office of Child Support Enforcement (OCSE) distributes a shared pool of federal incentive funds to the states each year. To receive these funds, states must reach a specific level of performance for each of these program service areas.
- The reliability of the state's data as determined by OCSE's annual Data Reliability Audit (DRA). States must prove that their child support collection data in their computer systems is ninety-five percent (95%) reliable and accurate, based on the DRA (pursuant to 45 CFR 305).
- · The relative performance levels of other states.

Each federal fiscal year, 85% of the federal incentive funds is shared with the counties, based on their performance in the program service areas mentioned above. The North Carolina Child Support Services (NCCSS) Central Office retains the remaining 15% to enhance centralized child support services.

Federal Regulations <u>45 CFR 303.52</u> require state IV-D programs to develop a standard methodology for the disbursement of incentive funds to the county/local agencies that are designated as the administrators of their child support programs.

NOTE: For 2022-23 and 2023-24, the Child Support MOU measures will be separated from the goals designed to ensure continuous quality improvement of our child support program. All Child Support performance measures will be growth measures.

A Closer Look: Child Support Performance Measures

In accordance with Federal Regulations at <u>45 CFR 305.2</u>, the federal Office of Child Support Enforcement (OCSE) determines incentive funding for states by measuring performance levels in these four program areas identified below. County performance measures are established not only to ensure that the child support program meets the performance measures set by the federal government, but that the program remains focused on improving the economic self-sufficiency of families with children. Counties falling below the minimum federal performance measure are subject to a corrective action plan.

1. County paternity establishment performance level must exceed 50% at the end of the State Fiscal Year (June 30).

NOTE: For 2022-23 and 2023-24, all Child Support performance measures will be growth measures.

RATIONALE

Paternity establishment is an essential component in obtaining and enforcing support orders for children. The Paternity Establishment Percentage (PEP) is the percentage of children born out of wedlock for whom paternity has been established or acknowledged.

BASIS

Monthly performance is calculated for county/local agencies by determining the number of children in the IV-D caseload who have been born out-of-wedlock and for whom paternity has been established or acknowledged to the total number of children as of the end of the preceding state fiscal year who were born out-of-wedlock. Federal regulations require states to have a 90% minimum PEP rate to earn full incentives and avoid penalties to TANF block grant funding. To be eligible for any portion of the incentive dollars, the applicable percentage must be no lower than 50%.

- Federal Code: 42 U.S.C. 652(g)(1)(A)
- Federal Code: 42 U.S.C. 658a(b)(6)(A)
- North Carolina General Statute: 110-129.1(a)(9)

County support order establishment performance level must exceed 50% at the end of the State Fiscal Year (June 30).

NOTE: For 2022-23 and 2023-24, all Child Support performance measures will be growth measures.

RATIONALE

A child support order obligates noncustodial parents to provide financial support for their children and stipulates the amount of the obligation and how it is to be paid. Child support payments enable parents who do not live with their children to fulfill their financial responsibility to them by contributing to the payment of childrearing costs.

BASIS

Monthly performance is calculated for county/local agencies by determining the number of IV-D cases with child support orders as a percentage of their overall caseload. The average of these monthly percentages is

reported at the end of the federal fiscal year. Federal regulations require states to have an 80% minimum of cases under order rate to earn full incentives and avoid penalties to TANF block grant funding. To be eligible for any portion of the incentive dollars, the applicable percentage must be no lower than 50%.

Federal Code: 42 U.S.C. 652(g)(1)(A)
Federal Code: 42 U.S.C. 658a(b)(6)(B)

• North Carolina General Statute: N.C.G.S. 110-129.1(a)(9)

3. County current collections performance level must exceed 40% at the end of the State Fiscal Year (June 30).

NOTE: For 2022-23 and 2023-24, all Child Support performance measures will be growth measures.

RATIONALE

The current collection rate is an indicator for the regular and timely payment of child support. Higher rates mean better compliance with the support order and lower accumulation of arrears.

BASIS

"Current support" is the money that is applied to current support obligations and does not include payments toward arrearages. Monthly performance is calculated by determining the amount of current support that is collected as a percentage of the total amount of current support obligations due. The average of these monthly percentages is reported at the end of the federal fiscal year. Federal regulations require states to have an 80% minimum current support collections rate to earn full incentives and avoid penalties to TANF block grant funding. To be eligible for any portion of the incentive dollars, the applicable percentage must be no lower than 40%.

Federal Code: 42 U.S.C. 652(g)(1)(A)
Federal Code: 42 U.S.C. 658a(b)(6)(C)

• North Carolina General Statute: 110-129.1(a)(9)

4. County arrearage collections performance level must exceed 40% at the end of the State Fiscal year (June 30).

NOTE: For 2022-23 and 2023-24, all Child Support performance measures will be growth measures.

RATIONALE

Child support collections have been shown to reduce the child poverty rate and improve child well-being. Studies also show that receipt of child support has a positive effect on academic achievement and improves young children's cognitive development.

BASIS

Arrearage collections is the money that was applied to past-due support on cases that have a past-due child support obligation. Federal regulations require states to have an 80% minimum current support collections rate to earn full incentives. To be eligible for any portion of the incentive dollars, the applicable percentage must be no lower than 40%.

Federal Code: 42 U.S.C. 652(g)(1)(A)
Federal Code: 42 U.S.C. 658a(b)(6)(D)
NC General Statute: 110-129.1(a)(9)



Adult Services Child Support Services Child Welfare Services Energy Programs Food and Replace Services Work First Services

WHAT ARE THE PERFORMANCE MEASURES?

In 2017, the North Carolina General Assembly passed the Family/Child Accountability and Protection Act/Rylan's Law - Session Law 2017-41. The law requires all counties to enter into an annual agreement with the NC Department of Health and Human Services (NCDHHS) for all social services programs excluding medical assistance (NC Medicaid). The goal of the annual agreements is to support the provision of consistent, quality child welfare and social services that ensure the safety, health and well-being of children, adults and families served across North Carolina.

The law requires the agreement to contain performance requirements and administrative responsibilities. This fact sheet is one of six fact sheets describing the 21 performance measures in the 2022-23 and 2023-24 Memorandum of Agreement. The six fact sheets address: 1) Adult Services, 2) Child Support Services, 3) Child Welfare Services, 4) Energy Programs, 5) Food and Nutrition Services, and 6) Work First Services.

Why Were These Child Welfare Measures Selected?

The NCDHHS-County Memorandum of Agreement includes six child welfare performance measures. Together, the six measures address the immediate safety, ongoing protection from abuse and neglect, and long-term security and well-being for children entering the state's child welfare system.

BASIS

The federal Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act (CAPTA) of 1974 and subsequent amendments provide the foundational guidance for government's role in child protection. CAPTA requires states to identify a minimum set of acts or behaviors that define child abuse and neglect and establish timeframes for responding to reports of abuse and neglect. Other federal law, funding and regulations also govern components of child welfare — for example, both Titles IV-B and IV-E of the Social Security Act (SSA). Title IV-B addresses the provision of child welfare services that can be used for prevention of and response to child abuse and neglect. Title IV-E of the Social Security Act (SSA) focuses on providing safe and stable care for children who are in out-of-home care due to child maltreatment until they can achieve placement permanency by being safely returned home, placed permanently with adoptive families, or placed in other planned arrangements. The Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 45 1357.10 further defines requirements for child welfare services.

FEDERAL COMPLIANCE INSTRUMENTS

The federal Children's Bureau (CB) is planning to conduct a fourth round of reviews under the Child and Family Services Reviews (CFSR) regulations, beginning in Federal Fiscal Year (FFY) 2022 (October 1, 2021). The purpose of these reviews is to determine compliance with Title IV-B and Title IV-E plan requirements, and in doing so, assess the extent to which federally funded child welfare programs function effectively to promote the safety, permanency, and well-being of children and families with whom they have contact.

The overall goals of the reviews remain to:

- Ensure conformity with Title IV-B and Title IV-E child welfare requirements using a framework focused on safety, permanency and well-being through seven outcomes and seven systemic factors;
- Determine what is happening to children and families as they are engaged in child welfare services including the legal and judicial processes; and
- Assist state child welfare systems in helping children and families achieve positive outcomes.*

To this end, the NC Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Social Services is advising counties that since these measures will be included in the Data Review and performance for CFSR Round IV, counties need to continue monitoring and striving to achieve progress toward accomplishing these measures, to ensure that North Carolina can be determined to be in "substantial conformity." In an effort to assist counties in monitoring and achieving these progress measures, check the following link for data provided by UNC-CH: https://ssw.unc.edu/ma.

* Child and Family Services Review Technical Bulletin #12 Announcement of the CFSR Round 4 reviews, August 2020, Section I. Context and Overview of Next Round of CFSR - Round 4, pp 1-3

The federal Children's Bureau assesses states for "substantial conformity" with federal requirements for child welfare services through a periodic <u>Child and Family Services Review (CFSR)</u>. Federal guidelines define "substantial conformity" to mean the measure is achieved in 95% of cases reviewed. Two relevant tools are used to evaluate state compliance during the CFSR. They are:

- National Standards for State Performance on Statewide Data Indicators: The Data Indicators are
 aggregate measures, calculated using available administrative data. These measures look at outcomes
 for children, for example, whether a child is: a victim of child abuse or neglect while in foster care; a
 repeat victim of abuse or neglect; or able to achieve a permanent home in 12 months.
- The Onsite Review Instrument (OSRI) includes only a limited sample of case reviews, interviews with children and families engaged in services, and interviews with community stakeholders such as courts, community agencies, foster families, caseworkers, and service providers. The OSRI looks at outcomes for children and the type and quality of services children in child welfare services receive. The OSRI involves an intensive review of small samplings of family case records and looks not only at whether a particular service or action occurred, but whether it was performed in a quality manner. Therefore, the OSRI measures are NOT used as a basis for the NCDHHS County Performance Measures, because data for the Performance Measures must be available for all counties and all cases and recipients of services.

A Closer Look: Child Welfare Performance Measures

1. County will initiate 95% of all screened in reports within required timeframes.

NOTE: This measure is a growth measure. Performance over prior years will be compiled and shared with counties.

RATIONALE

The intent of this measure is to ensure allegations of child abuse, neglect and dependency are initiated within mandated timeframes. This measure addresses how quickly a "screened in" report of child maltreatment (physical, sexual or psychological abuse, neglect, dependency, or human trafficking) must be followed up on with a full investigation. A "screened in report" means that information gathered in the report of child maltreatment has been determined by a county child welfare intake caseworker and supervisors to meet the legal definition of child maltreatment. That same caseworker and their supervisor will determine the urgency of conducting the investigation depending on the nature and severity of the alleged abuse, neglect, exploitation, or dependency.

BASIS

In North Carolina, the timeframes for initiating an investigation of child maltreatment are defined in state law as, immediately, 24 or 72 hours, depending on the severity of the alleged abuse. NC Administrative Rule and the NCDHHS Family Services Manual further define the processes for adhering to the state law.

- NC State Statute: G.S. §7B-302
- NC Administrative Rule: 10A NCAC 70A.0105
- NCDHHS Family Services Manual: Vol 1, Chapter VIII, Section 1408 Investigative and Family Assessments

2. For children who were victims of maltreatment during a 12-month period, no more than 9.1% received a subsequent finding of maltreatment.

NOTE: This measure is a growth measure. Performance over prior years will be compiled and shared with counties.

RATIONALE

The intent of this measure is to ensure that children who have been substantiated as abused, neglected or dependent are protected from further harm. This measure assesses whether the child welfare agency was successful in preventing subsequent maltreatment of a child if the child was the subject of a substantiated or indicated report of maltreatment.

BASIS

This performance measure is one of the National Standards for State Performance on Statewide Data Indicators that the Children's Bureau uses to determine state's conformity with Titles IV-B and IV-E of the Social Security Act through the Child and Family Services Reviews (CFSRs). The National Standard is that the recurrence of substantiated or indicated maltreatment is 9.1% or less.

- · National Standards for State Performance on Statewide Data Indicators: pages 3, 4 and 6
- 3. The county will ensure that 95% of all foster youth have a face-to-face visit by the social worker each month.

NOTE: This is now a Performance Measure.

RATIONALE

The intent of this measure is to ensure the ongoing safety of children and the engagement and well-being of families. Caseworkers meet with children and families to monitor children's safety and well-being; assess the ongoing service needs of children, families and foster parents; engage biological and foster parents in developing case plans; assess permanency options for the child; monitor family progress toward established goals; and ensure that children and parents are receiving necessary services. Federal funding is contingent on the state ensuring that the safety and well-being of children in foster care is assured by a monthly face-to-face visit. Virtual face-to-face visits will count toward this measure as allowed, while this flexibility is allowed by the Administrative for Children and Families during the pandemic.

BASIS

The <u>Child and Family Services Improvement Act of 2006</u> amended Part B of Title IV of the Social Security Act to require that, "at a minimum ... children are visited on a monthly basis and that the caseworker visits are well-planned and focused on issues pertinent to case planning and service delivery to ensure the safety, permanency, and well-being of the children."

- <u>Child and Family Services Improvement Act of 2006</u> Section 7 Monthly Caseworker Standard; revises Section 422(b) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 622(b))
- 4. The county will provide leadership for ensuring that 40.5% of children who enter foster care in a 12-month period are discharged to permanency within 12 months of entering foster care.

NOTE: This measure is a growth measure. Performance over prior years will be compiled and shared with counties.

RATIONALE

The intent of this measure is to ensure that children in out-of-home placements are able to obtain safe and permanent homes as soon as possible after removal from their homes. Permanency includes discharges from foster care to reunification with a child's parents or primary caregivers, living with a relative, guardianship, or adoption.

BASIS

This performance measure is one of the National Standards for State Performance on Statewide Data Indicators that the Children's Bureau uses to determine state's conformity with Titles IV-B and IV-E of the Social Security Act through the Child and Family Services Reviews (CFSRs). The National Standard is that at least 40.5% of all children who enter foster care in a 12-month period are discharged to permanency within 12 months of entering foster care.

- · National Standards for State Performance on Statewide Data Indicators: pages 3, 4 and 6
- 5. The county will provide leadership to ensure that of children who enter foster care in a 12-month period and who were discharged within 12 months to reunification, kinship care, guardianship, or adoption, that no more than 8.3% re-enter foster care within 12 months of their discharge.

NOTE: This measure is a growth measure. Performance over prior years will be compiled and shared with counties.

RATIONALE

The intent of this measure is to ensure that children exiting foster care either through reunification guardianship, or adoption are in stable homes so that they do not re-enter foster care. The measure assesses whether the agency's programs and practice are effective in supporting reunification and other permanency goals so that children do not return to foster care.

BASIS

This performance measure is one of the National Standards for State Performance on Statewide Data Indicators that the Children's Bureau uses to determine state's conformity with Titles IV-B and IV-E of the Social Security Act through the Child and Family Services Reviews (CFSRs). The National Standard is that no more than 8.3% of all children who enter into and are discharged from foster care within a 12-month period re-enter foster care within 12 months of their discharge.

- National Standards for State Performance on Statewide Data Indicators: pages 5 and 6
- 6. The county will provide leadership to ensure that of all children who enter foster care in a 12-month period in the county, the rate of placement moves per 1,000 days of foster care will not exceed 4.1%.

NOTE: This measure is a growth measure. Performance over prior years will be compiled and shared with counties

RATIONALE

Research shows that children who experience fewer placement changes are more likely to experience fewer school changes, less trauma and distress, and fewer mental health and behavioral problems. Research also suggests that fewer placements therefore contribute to better academic achievement and lasting positive relationships with an adult. This measure assesses whether the agency ensures that children whom the agency removes from their homes experience stability while they are in foster care.

BASIS

This performance measure is one of the National Standards for State Performance on Statewide Data Indicators that the Children's Bureau uses to determine state's conformity with Titles IV-B and IV-E of the Social Security Act through the Child and Family Services Reviews (CFSRs). The National Standard is that of all children who enter foster care in a 12-month period, the average rate of placement moves per 1,000 days of foster care does not exceed 4.1%.

• National Standards for State Performance on Statewide Data Indicators: pages 5 and 6



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CHILD WELFARE AND SOCIAL SERVICES REFORM

LEGISLATIVE REPORT EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

NC Session Law 2017-41, Rylan's Law¹ requires the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) to submit "a plan [to the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Health and Human Services] that outlines regional supervision of and collaboration by local social services programs," and also requires DHHS to submit "preliminary recommendations to the Committee ... regarding legislative changes necessary to implement ... a plan to reform the State supervision and accountability for the social services system, including child welfare, adult protective services and guardianship, public assistance, and child support enforcement."

The recommendations presented by both the Social Services Working Group (SSWG) and the Center for Support of Families (CSF) were carefully analyzed by DHHS and have significantly informed DHHS' recommendations. SSWG and CSF included significant external stakeholder input gathered through surveys and focus groups held across the state in developing their reports. DHHS senior leadership actively participated as members of the SSWG. The Secretary's leadership team, as well as various DHHS division directors and section chiefs, helped to inform the CSF report.

DHHS also considered these goals in developing recommendations:

- · All North Carolina citizens should have equal access to whole person-centered, high-quality social services.
- North Carolina's social services system should produce better outcomes for the citizens it serves and deliver maximum value to its customers, communities and taxpayers.

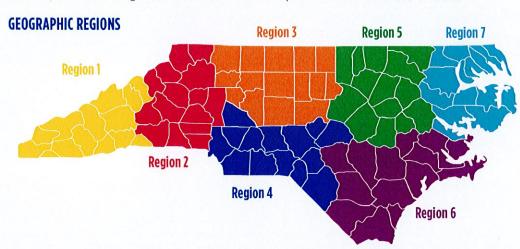
Detailed background and justifications for the 14 recommendations can be found in the full report.

A. Geographic Regions

The Department concurs with the recommendations from the SSWG to establish seven regions for regional supervision of county-administered child welfare and other social services. DHHS further recommends that legislation directing the establishment of regions allow for flexibility in determining county placement within regions. This will allow DHHS to make small adjustments as needed based on changes to judicial districts, new county level partnerships, significant population caseload changes, etc.

Among the considerations were ensuring that single counties are not divided by regions and that regions be contiguous. Also considered were total county population, geographic size and not disrupting judicial districts. DHHS supports the SSWG's recommendation for establishing physical offices for regional supervision of child welfare and social services. However, it will take significant time and cost to procure and renovate or build

offices. Therefore, DHHS recommends phasing in regional supervision by first establishing virtual regions and using existing community spaces for shared trainings and meetings while the procurement of physical office space is pursued.



1 NC Session Law 2017-41, Rylan's Law: https://www.ncleg.net/Sessions/2017/Bills/House/PDF/H630v6.pdf

B. Roles, Responsibilities and Staffing for Regional Supervision

Regional offices with be tasked with nine functions to strengthen support and supervision to counties:

- 1) best practice dissemination,
- 2) compliance monitoring,
- 3) fiscal monitoring,
- 4) integrated data systems and recordkeeping,
- 5) interagency coordination,
- 6) policy guidance and technical assistance,
- 7) quality improvement,
- 8) staffing standards and support, and
- 9) training.

Across these nine functions, a total of 40 duties are assigned to the central office in Raleigh and 45 are assigned to regional offices.

Both the CSF and SSWG Stage 1 reports recommended each region be staffed to cover all social services and child welfare areas: *Aging and Adult Services*, *Child Support Services*, *Child Welfare Services* and *Economic Services*. DHHS is proposing a staffing structure for regions based on caseloads, complexity of the program, and current staffing and performance.

TABLE 1. PROPOSED REGIONAL OFFICE STRUCTURE

ROLE		# OF POSITIONS
Leadership	Regional Director	1
	Administrative Assistant	1
Aging and Adult Services	Continuous Quality Improvement Specialist	3
Child Support	Continuous Quality Improvement Specialist/Trainer	2
Child Welfare	Continuous Quality Improvement Specialist	3
	Trainer	2
Economic Services	Continuous Quality Improvement Specialist	3
Fiscal Support	Local Business Liaison	2

In addition to the regionally-based positions, DHHS has sought to address the following resource deficiencies identified by CSF: "There are five primary resource issues that must be addressed in order to successfully reform the current social services system: inconsistent policy development and dissemination; deficiencies in workforce development in the form of staff training; a lack of high quality community resources; underserved populations in need of mental health services; and no easy access to reliable program and performance data ... The need for clear, consistent, accessible and timely policy and training was raised during focus groups, stakeholder interviews and calls, document reviews, and county and state-level conferences and meetings. The need for improved access to high-quality training cut across social services programs and was strongly voiced by counties of all sizes, types, and tier ranking."

Maximizing efficient use of existing personnel was a top priority in developing the reorganization plan. DHHS conducted extensive analyses which resulted in recommendations to repurpose/redeploy existing central and home-based staff and identify the number of new positions needed.

DHHS recommends repurposing/redeploying 104 existing positions to support regionalization, repurposing/redeploying all managerial staff needed to support regionalization in the central office, and phasing in funding and positions to support 43 new regional and central office staff. DHHS further recommends prioritizing staffing to improve the child welfare system and moving to full implementation of a regional model with offices.

C. Legislative Changes

The proposed legislative actions address preliminary key changes needed to transform our social services and child welfare systems and are responsive to the preliminary recommendations identified in the CSF report and Stage Two of the SSWG report. Examples include:

- Supporting the adoption of the child fatality review process recommendations made by the Child Fatality Review Taskforce.
- Protecting children by enhancing the scope and depth of background checks for employees of child caring institutions, pursuant to the Family First Prevention Services Act.
- Ensuring compliance with the Multi-Ethnic Placement Act to ensure placements for children are not denied or delayed due to race or ethnicity.
- Expanding scholarships for post-secondary education for youth who age out of foster care to include those exiting from the Guardianship Assistance Program.
- Including a statutory provision that offers increased training opportunities for Social Services Boards.
- Conducting a feasibility and cost study of a proposed child support tribunal with dedicated court officers to hear child support matters using quasi-judicial procedures.
- Amending state laws and delegating authority to DHHS and the Social Services Commission to better address
 conflicts of interest in casework related to services provided by county departments of social services.
- Undertaking a study to address the transferring of adult guardianship cases from DHHS to counties. The study
 and recommendations should address equitable distribution of slots and funds, capacity needs of counties to
 manage the cases, as well as any necessary legislative changes.

D. Other Key Enablers of Improved Child Welfare and Social Services

COUNTY STAFFING CAPACITY

Many county departments of social services have significant staff challenges that negatively impact the provision of quality, timely services to citizens. A feasibility and cost study is recommended to establish caseload range guidelines, pay scales, a funding equity formula and salary pool for county child welfare and social services staff.

WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT, RECRUITMENT AND RETENTION

A competent workforce is essential for improving outcomes for children and families. Counties face significant challenges with recruiting, training and retaining qualified employees at all levels.

To achieve a high-quality social services system with consistent practices across the state, counties need strong leaders committed to developing relationships across county lines, building and supporting excellent staff, and following law and policy closely.

It is recommended that DHHS, in collaboration with the Department of Commerce, the Office of State Human Resources, a state public university partner, and key stakeholder groups, study and recommend a workforce development model for key positions in county departments of social services, regional offices and central offices.



Adult Service Child Support Services Child Welfare Services Energy Programs

Work First Services

WHAT ARE THE PERFORMANCE MEASURES?

In 2017, the North Carolina General Assembly passed the Family/Child Accountability and Protection Act/Rylan's Law - Session Law 2017-41. The law requires all counties to enter into an annual agreement with the NC Department of Health and Human Services (NCDHHS) for all social services programs excluding medical assistance (NC Medicaid). The goal of the annual agreements is to support the provision of consistent, quality child welfare and social services that ensure the safety, health and well-being of children, adults and families served across North Carolina.

The law requires the agreement to contain performance requirements and administrative responsibilities. This fact sheet is one of six fact sheets describing the 21 performance measures in the 2022-23 and 2023-24 Memorandum of Agreement. The six fact sheets address: 1) Adult Services, 2) Child Support Services, 3) Child Welfare Services, 4) Energy Programs, 5) Food and Nutrition Services, and 6) Work First Services.

Why Were These Energy Programs Measures Selected?

The NCDHHS-County Memorandum of Agreement includes two Energy Performance measures. Energy programs help low-income families, seniors and adults with home heating and cooling to protect their health and well-being. These energy programs provide financial assistance so that vulnerable populations in our communities do not have to make difficult choices between heating and cooling their homes or affording other basic necessities such as food, medicine or shelter. Together the two measures address the federal requirements to assist households with the lowest incomes that pay a high proportion of household energy bills.

BASIS

The Federal Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) Statute and Regulations and subsequent amendments provide the foundational guidance for government's role in the administration of the Energy program. The LIHEAP statute was amended in 2005 by Subtitle B of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (Public Law 109-58) which reauthorized LIHEAP through FY 2007. The LIHEAP statute is codified in the United States Code at:

42 U.S.C. § 8621-8630 (2008).

The US HHS regulations for the LIHEAP block grant are found in <u>45 C.F.R. § 96. Subparts A-F, H</u>. The Administration for Children and Families (ACF) conducts compliance reviews. States determined to be in noncompliance face penalties of repayment of misspent funds and/or withholding of federal funds.

A Closer Look: Energy Programs Performance Measures

1. The County will process 95% of Crisis Intervention Program (CIP) applications, with no heat or cooling source, within one (1) business day from the date of application or date all verification is received, whichever comes first.

RATIONALE

The intent of this measure is to ensure that eligible individuals in a household without a heating or cooling source receive relief as soon as possible.

BASIS

Federal Code requires that within one business day after a household applies for crisis benefits, the State will provide assistance that will resolve the energy crisis if a household is eligible to receive benefits and is in a life-threatening situation. North Carolina Administrative Code provides regulations on eligibility criteria.

- Federal Regulation: 42 U.S.C. § 8621-8630 (2008).
- NC Administrative Code: 10A NCAC 71V
- 2. The County will process 95% of Crisis Intervention Program (CIP) applications that have a heat or cooling source disconnect notice within one (2) business days from the date of application or date all verification is received, whichever comes first.

RATIONALE

The intent of this measure is to ensure that eligible households who are in danger of losing a heating or cooling source receive financial assistance to avert the crisis.

BASIS

Federal Code requires that within 48 hours after a household applies for crisis benefits, the State will provide some form of assistance that will resolve the energy crisis if such household is eligible to receive such benefits and is in a life-threatening situation. North Carolina Administrative Code provides regulations on eligibility criteria.

- Federal Regulation: 42 U.S.C. § 8621-8630 (2008).
- NC Administrative Code: 10A NCAC 71V





2022-23 & 2023-24 NCDHHS/COUNTY MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT

FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICES PERFORMANCE MEASURES

Adult Services Child Support Services Child Welfare Services Energy Programs Food and Nutrition Services Work First Services

WHAT ARE THE PERFORMANCE MEASURES?

In 2017, the North Carolina General Assembly passed the Family/Child Accountability and Protection Act/Rylan's Law - Session Law 2017-41. The law requires all counties to enter into an annual agreement with the NC Department of Health and Human Services (NCDHHS) for all social services programs excluding medical assistance (NC Medicaid). The goal of the annual agreements is to support the provision of consistent, quality child welfare and social services that ensure the safety, health and well-being of children, adults and families served across North Carolina.

The law requires the agreement to contain performance requirements and administrative responsibilities. This fact sheet is one of six fact sheets describing the 21 performance measures in the 2022-23 and 2023-24 Memorandum of Agreement. The six fact sheets address: 1) Adult Services, 2) Child Support Services, 3) Child Welfare Services, 4) Energy Programs, 5) Food and Nutrition Services, and 6) Work First Services.

Why Were These Food and Nutrition Services Measures Selected?

The NCDHHS-County Memorandum of Agreement includes three Food and Nutrition Services (FNS) performance measures. Research shows that FNS Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits reduce poverty and food insecurity, and that this leads to improved health and economic outcomes over the long-term, especially for those who receive SNAP as children.

BASIS

The <u>Food and Nutrition Act of 2008</u> (as amended through P.L.113-79, Effective Feb. 7, 2014) provides the foundational guidance for administration of the FNS program.

FEDERAL COMPLIANCE AND STATE INSTRUMENTS

The USDA is mandated by federal regulations to monitor program administration and operation of the FNS program. Monitoring of the state's compliance is completed through the Management Evaluation process. The Management Evaluation addresses and assesses State agency achievement of program objectives and FNS' strategic performance objectives and priorities.

A Closer Look: Food and Nutrition Services Performance Measures

1. The County will process 95% of expedited FNS applications within the timeframe that allows the household to have access to the FNS benefits on or before the 7th calendar day from the date of application.

RATIONALE

The intent of this measure is to ensure all households which are considered expedited FNS applications are processed within the required timeframe. A food-secure household means that all members of the household receiving FNS benefits have access to healthy and nutritious food to support the health and well-being of the family including children, the elderly and people with disabilities.

BASIS

The State is required to ensure benefits are available to the household no later than thirty (30) calendar days following the date of application. To ensure households are provided with benefits in a timely manner, FNS applications and reapplications must be approved no later than the twenty-fifth (25th) calendar day from the date of the application for regular FNS application and no later than four (4) calendar days for households identified as expedited.

Federal Regulation: 7 CFR 274.2

• Federal Regulation: FNS 315 Application Time Frames

Federal Regulation: FNS 320 Expedited Service

Federal Program Policy: FNS Administrative Letter 1-2015

2. The County will process 95% of regular FNS applications within the timeframe that allows the household to have access to the FNS benefits on or before the 30th calendar day from the date of application.

RATIONALE

The intent of this measure is to ensure all regular FNS applications are processed within the required timeframe. A food-secure household means that all members of the household receiving FNS benefits have access to healthy and nutritious food to support the health and well-being of the family including children, the elderly and people with disabilities.

BASIS

The State is required to ensure benefits are available to the household no later than thirty (30) calendar days following the date of application. To ensure households are provided with benefits in a timely manner, FNS applications and reapplications must be approved no later than the twenty-fifth (25th) calendar day from the date of the application for regular FNS application and no later than four (4) calendar days for households identified as expedited.

Federal Regulation: 7 CFR 274.2

• Federal Regulation: FNS 315 Application Time Frames

Federal Regulation: FNS 320 Expedited Service

• Federal Program Policy: FNS Administrative Letter 1-2015

3. The County will ensure that 95% of FNS recertifications are processed within the required timeframes each month.

RATIONALE

The intent of this measure is to ensure that families that were previously determined eligible have their recertification for benefits processed in a timely manner to ensure uninterrupted access to healthy and nutritious food to support the health and well-being of families that continue to be eligible for FNS benefits.

BASIS

In accordance with federal regulation, the State is required to ensure that households who received a notice of expiration and reapplied, receive either a notice of eligibility or a notice of denial no later than thirty (30) days from the last allotment received.

Federal Regulation: 7 CFR 273.14 Recertification



Adult Services Child Support Services Child Welfare Services Energy Programs

Work First Services

WHAT ARE THE PERFORMANCE MEASURES?

In 2017, the North Carolina General Assembly passed the Family/Child Accountability and Protection Act/Rylan's Law - Session Law 2017-41. The law requires all counties to enter into an annual agreement with the NC Department of Health and Human Services (NCDHHS) for all social services programs excluding medical assistance (NC Medicaid). The goal of the annual agreements is to support the provision of consistent, quality child welfare and social services that ensure the safety, health and well-being of children, adults and families served across North Carolina.

The law requires the agreement to contain performance requirements and administrative responsibilities. This fact sheet is one of six fact sheets describing the 21 performance measures in the 2022-23 and 2023-24 Memorandum of Agreement. The six fact sheets address: 1) Adult Services, 2) Child Support Services, 3) Child Welfare Services, 4) Energy Programs, 5) Food and Nutrition Services, and 6) Work First Services.

Why Were These Work First Measures Selected?

The NCDHHS-County Memorandum of Agreement includes two Work First performance measures. Together, the two measures assist families in receiving timely benefits to help with reaching their goals of self-sufficiency and reducing the need for public assistance programs. Providing timely assistance to eligible county residents is a provision of the federal block grant funding.

BASIS

<u>Title IV-A of the Social Security Act (SSA)</u> and <u>The Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act (PRWORA)</u> provide the foundational guidance for the government's accountability in assisting needy families with children. Title IV-A addresses the required submission of a State Plan in which the State program defines timelines for the determination of assistance.

FEDERAL COMPLIANCE INSTRUMENT

The Administration for Children and Families (ACF) assesses states for compliance with federal. <u>Title IV-A of the SSA</u> requires that eligibility determination must be provided in a reasonable and prompt manner (timely). The <u>North Carolina TANF State Plan</u> defines reasonable and prompt manner or timeliness for applications as 45 calendar days from the application date. The timeliness for the recertification for a cash assistance is no later than the last day of the current certification period.

A Closer Look: Work First Services Performance Measures

1. The County will process 95% of Work First applications within 45 days of receipt.

RATIONALE

The intent of this measure is to ensure that families receive the Work First benefits for which they are eligible in a timely manner. Families that participate in the Work First Program rely on this service for cash assistance, job placement, training and education. Timely processing of applications ensures that applicants can access these services quickly and begin to receive services that lead to self-sufficiency.

BASIS

This performance measure determines the state's conformity with Title IV-A of the Social Security Act to provide eligibility determination in a reasonable and prompt manner. NC General Statute and the NC State Plan provide the basis for program policy.

- North Carolina General Statute: NC GS 108A-31
- State Plan: TANF State Plan FFY 2019-2022

2. The County will process 95% of Work First recertifications no later than the last day of the current certification period.

RATIONALE

The intent of this measure is to ensure that families who were previously determined eligible for the Work First program continue to receive assistance and benefits without an unnecessary interruption in their benefits and case work services.

BASIS

This performance measure determines the state's conformity with Title IV-A of the Social Security Act to provide eligibility determination in a reasonable and prompt manner. NC General Statute and the NC State Plan provide the basis for program policy.

- North Carolina General Statute: NC GS 108A-31
- State Plan: TANF State Plan FFY 2019-2022

